NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION

THE NRA HANDBOOK

Including the NRA RULES OF SHOOTING and the Programme of
THE IMPERIAL MEETING
FRIDAY 16 JUNE TO SATURDAY 22 JULY 2017

This Handbook is issued by, and the Rules, Regulations and Conditions are made by order of, the Council in accordance with paragraph 6c of the Second Schedule to the Charter of the National Rifle Association, approved by Council on 17 February 2017.

This document is effective from 27 March 2017.

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Bisley Camp, Brookwood, Woking, Surrey, GU24 0PB
Tel: 01483 797777 Fax: 01483 797285

£9.00
**THE HANDBOOK OF THE NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION**

This book contains three Volumes, each containing Parts, Sections and Paragraphs. Appendices appear at the end of each Volume. Parts, Sections, Paragraphs and Appendices are all numbered consecutively through the entire book. To avoid repeating pronouns, the masculine form only is used throughout. Thus ‘he’ should be read as ‘he/she’, ‘him’ as ‘him/her’, and ‘his’ as ‘his/her(s)’. The 24 hour clock is used throughout.

Volumes 4 to 6, the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook, the NRA Target Shotgun Handbook and the NRA Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle Handbook, are published separately, but derive authority from the Council’s authorisation of this Handbook.

This book is available in large print on A4 paper by application to Shooting Division or as an A4 pdf download on the NRA website.

Information contained in this Handbook is valid as at 1 March 2017. Changes will be notified via the NRA website, the NRA Journal and, if necessary, by e-mail and/or post.

All errors in this Handbook should be notified to Iain Robertson by e-mail at iain.robertson@nra.org.uk or in writing via the NRA.

**FOREWORD**

The 2017 NRA Handbook is published in six Volumes. Volumes 1-3 are contained in this book. Volume 4, the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook, is a stand-alone A5 book which contains all the Rules for GR&P events, together with the Regulations and Conditions for the Phoenix Meeting. These four Volumes also appear online, accessible through the NRA website, along with Volume 5 Section A-C, the NRA Target Shotgun Handbook, Volume 5 Section D-G, the NRA Target Shotgun Training and Reference Manual, and Volume 6, the NRA Civilian Service Rifle & Practical Rifle Handbook, which are currently released online only. Volumes covering Historic & Classic events are in preparation.

As usual, changes from the 2016 version affecting the content or applicability of rules are sidelined. Indexing changes and changes to correct typographical, grammatical and layout errors are not marked.

The biggest set of changes in the 2017 Handbook is the publication of Volume 6 and the consequential amendments. Section 65 has been reduced to a short statement referencing Vol 6, and the CSR&PR competition Conditions have been reduced to a statement for each of the date and prizes. The courses of fire and other details have been moved to Vol 6.
There is one administratively necessary policy change. At Para 20b, the role of the Chief Executive NRA is defined. References to the Chief Executive and Secretary General change in numerous places as a result. Policy changes with greater immediate effect include:

New Para 72, making members responsible for their guests’ conduct at Bisley

Additional controls on filming, photography and use of drones published in Appendix I, Camp Standing Orders.

There is intent during 2017 to reissue orders for each range at Bisley in a consistent structure. An enabling step is that Appendix II is renamed Bisley Ranges Regulations, with a safety regulations element embedded in it. It is likely that Bisley Ranges Regulations will change during the year; members are reminded to check the latest version displayed in the Range Office and posted online. Appendix II is included in the Handbook for ready reference, but is NOT definitive. Significant changes already incorporated include:

Clarification, at Para 4b, of who may use Bisley ranges
At Para 4h, additional restrictions on firing
Restrictions on shooters acting as their own RO, at Para 5a
Greater detail on the duties of an RO, at Para 5c

Appendix III has been amended to mandate the wearing of eye protection when shooting at hard targets at close range.

Following a policy agreement with MoD, the terms Occurrence, Accident and Incident are defined at Para 109.

In the NRA Safety Rules (Section 52):

Restrictions on safety arcs, at Para 118, have been tightened
The Unload procedure at Para 122a has been modified, with Enfield rifles in mind, to take account of the design intent in deciding the actions required
The duties of an RO, at Para 126b, have been expanded to include the process to follow in dealing with occurrences, accidents and incidents.

Rules on Cadet dress, at Para 202x, have been amended to take account of MTP uniform.

The notice period for a change in target sizes, at Para 221, has been redefined. There are changes at Para 301 and in the Conditions to the procedures for blow-off shots.

Notice is given at Appendix V of an intended change in target dimensions.

In Vol 3, the Imperial Meeting regulations, there are changes consequent on MoD policy changes in the definitions of present member of HM Forces and
Volunteer at Para 714, and in the recognized Services and Units at Appendix XI.
There is a change to the eligibility and procedure for Overseas badges at Appendix XVI.
In part P, Competition Conditions:

There is a change to the events making up the first stage of the F Class St George’s.

In P&GR events, there are changes to some conditions for MLP, MLR and LBR. There are detail changes to some prizes in team competitions.

In MR, there is a detail change to the squadding for the Albert 1200 yard element.

There are procedural changes in the Cadet GP Rifle Match.

The Cadet Imperial, shot with the Cadet Target Rifle alongside the TR events, appears as a formal series of competitions.

There are changes to both the conditions and the procedure in the Marling.

There are changes to the conditions in the Schools’ Aggregate.

The Topham Quaich, for the highest individual in or alongside the Schools’ Aggregate, is introduced as a separate competition.

In the Service Rifle events, there are numerous changes to prizes.

The conditions of the Burdwan have changed in consequence of changes in MoD policy.

The Conditions of the Inter-Universities’ Service Weapons match have changed.

Teams eligible for the United Service, and other Service Weapons team matches with the same eligibility conditions, have changed as a consequence of MoD policy changes.

In HM The Queen’s Prize, a tie for second place (the Silver Badge and the right to the post-nominal SB) will be shot off.

Squadding at 1000 yards in the Mackinnon will be based on placings after 900 yards.

In Vol 5, new classes for shotguns, dependent on sighting system, are established.

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PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION

Offices: Bisley Camp, Brookwood, Surrey, GU24 0PB
Telephone: 01483 797777 Facsimile: 01483 797285
e-mail: info@nra.org.uk or membership@nra.org.uk or shooting@nra.org.uk

Founded 1860

To promote and encourage Marksmanship throughout the Queen’s Dominions, in the interests of Defence and the Permanence of the Volunteer and Auxiliary Forces, Naval, Military and Air.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1890

Patron: Her Majesty the Queen

President: HRH The Prince of Wales KG KT GCB AK QSO CD PC ADC(P)
Deputy President: Vacant

Vice-Presidents

Lieutenant Colonel HV Donald DSO MC (NZ)
Sir Roger Bannister CH CBE
General Sir Hugh Beach GBE KCB MC DL
BT Ford DL
JS Richardson (AUS)
AR Macpherson OAM (AUS)
Brigadier Saeed Malik (KEN)
NEC Molyneux (SB)
General Sir Roger Wheeler GCB CBE ADC
GW Berman (SC) (AUS)
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RG Chombart (FRA)
P Ginestet (FRA)
ND Gomez (WI)
JF Hallam
AE Le Page (GUE)
Colonel RH MacKeith OBE
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CC Mallett (Jnr) (JER)
Lieutenant General LG O’Donnell AC (AUS)
AG Peden CD (CAN)
MW Tompkins (USA)
GENERAL INFORMATION

Colonel CA Ewing OBE
SE Frost (CAN)
CN McEachran (SC)
Wing Commander CJ Hockley OBE
TJ Elliott TD
JM Kynoch
I Shirra-Gibb
HJ Malins CBE
RJ van Lingen (RSA)
Dr JC Thompson (CAN)
JB de Beer (RSA)
D Flaherty (USA)
J Fitzgerald (AUS)
Maj SB Fraser MBE (appointed June 2016, died January 2017)
EPJ Harrison
PH Hobson

Ex-Officio Vice-Presidents
Mr Michael More-Molyneux, HM Lord Lieutenant of Surrey.
Lieutenant General Sir Nicholas Parker KCB CBE, President ARA & CinC Reserve Forces
Deputy Peter Sirett, President of the Guernsey Rifle Club
Ally TH Ong, President of the National Rifle Association of Malaysia
Errol Lee, President of the Jamaica Rifle Association
The Rt Hon Donald Wilson, Lord Provost of Edinburgh
Dr Andrew Parmley, Lord Mayor of London
Colonel Alvin Quintyne, Chief of Staff of the Barbados Defence Force
Major General John Hartley, President of the NRA of Australia
Col Sir Trevor Thomas CMG MBE, Chief of Defence Staff Antigua and Barbuda
Brig Gen Mark Phillips MSS, President Guyana National Rifle Association

The Council (Board of Trustees)
JGM Webster (Chairman)
DGF Evans (Vice-Chairman) (Chairman of the Disciplinary Committee)
D Lowe (Treasurer)
JS Harris (Chairman of the Shooting Committee)
M Maksimovic (Chairman of the Membership Committee)
GK Alexander
HRM Bailie
RM Roberts
Mrs AN Gran (Co-opted)
D Lacey (Co-opted)
B Morgan (Co-opted)

Honorary Medical Advisor Dr NG Jeffs MB BS FFARCS
**Members of the General Council for 2016/2017**

*Chairman:* JGM Webster  
*Vice-Chairman:* Dr JD Warburton (*GM GC SB3*)  
*Treasurer:* D Lowe

*Elected Members of the General Council with year of retirement*

**2017**  
**Ordinary**  
JPS Bloomfield (*GM2 SC*)  
Wg Cdr (Retd) DP Calvert MBE (*GM3 SB3 SC2*)  
DC Crispin  
GMLN Gilpin  
TS McDowell  

**Regional**  
HRM Bailie – Northern Ireland  
GV Barnard – East Midlands  
TLW Kidner – Scotland  
DG Young – North Western  

**Discipline**  
Dr AMW Cargill Thompson – Match Rifle  
NJ Francis – Gallery Rifle and Pistol  
I Shirra-Gibb – 300 Metres  
PN Ryder – Historic and Classic Arms

**2018**  
**Ordinary**  
GK Alexander  
CM Brooks  
MJJ Charlton  
JM Kynoch  
PDC Turner  

**Regional**  
Mrs ID Bennett – West Midlands  
PR Coley – South Western  
GAE Larcombe – Southern  
JF Miller – Greater London and South East  
MP Watkins – Wales  

**Discipline**  
JS Harris – Target Shotgun  
Lt Cdr J Morgan-Hosey RN – Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle  
A Bullen – Sporting Rifle

**2019**  
**Ordinary**  
M Maksimovic  
RM Roberts  
Mrs KD Robertson  
I Thomson  
*Vacant*  

**Regional**  
G Trembath – Northern  
Dr JD Warburton (*GM GC SB3*) – Yorkshire and Humberside  
HF Dunton – Eastern  

**Discipline**  
CES Dickenson – Target Rifle  
DN Kent – F Class  
Dr AP Wolpe – Muzzle Loading
Co-opted Members of the General Council for 2016/2017
PAE Charlton          AJCB de Launay
NCM Fyfe (SC)         AD Hunter
Lt Col CST Lehman     MJ Wood

Ex-Officio Members of the General Council
The Chairman of the Royal Navy/Royal Marines Rifle Association, as representing the Royal Navy, Royal Marines and Royal Marines Reserve.
The Deputy President and Chairman of the Army Rifle Association, as representing the Regular Army and the Army Reserve.
The Chief of Staff, HQ Land, as representing the Ministry of Defence.
The Chairman of the Royal Air Force Small Arms Association, as representing the Royal Air Force.
The President of the Royal Naval Reserve Rifle Association, as representing the Royal Naval Reserve.
The Chairman of the Royal Auxiliary Air Force Target Shooting Committee, as representing the Royal Auxiliary Air Force and the branches of the Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve.
The Chairman of the Council for Cadet Rifle Shooting
The Chairman of the National Small-bore Rifle Association.
The Chairman of the National Board of the Clay Pigeon Shooting Association.
The Chairman of the Muzzle Loaders Association of Great Britain.
The Chairman of the Historical Breechloading Smallarms Association.
The Chairman of the British Sporting Rifle Club.
The Chairman of the English Target Shooting Federation.
The Chairman of Scottish Target Shooting.
The Chairman of the Welsh Target Shooting Federation.
The Chairman of the Shooting Federation of Northern Ireland.
The Chairman of the Guernsey Rifle Club.
The Chairman of the Jersey Rifle Association.

Directors of the National Shooting Centre Ltd
Director – A Mercer
Company Secretary – R Hutchings

Principal Committees
The Principal Committees of the NRA General Council are:
  Shooting Committee
  Membership Committee
The General Council also appoints the Disciplinary Body.
The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of General Council and the Treasurer are ex-officio members of both Principal Committees and are not listed overleaf.
GENERAL INFORMATION

Shooting Committee
JS Harris (Target Shotgun) (Chairman)
GV Barnard
JPS Bloomfield (GM2 SC)
A Bullen (Sporting Rifle)
Wg Cdr (Retd) DP Calvert MBE (GM3 SB3 SC2)
Dr AMW Cargill Thompson (MR)
DC Crispin
CES Dickenson (TR)
NJ Francis (GR&P)
DN Kent (F Class)
GAE Larcombe
JF Miller
Lt Cdr J Morgan-Hosey RN (Civilian Service Rifle & Practical Rifle)
PN Ryder (Historic and Classic Firearms)
I Shirra-Gibb (300 Metres)
Dr AP Wolpe (Muzzle Loading)
Lt Col R Bruce (representing Chairman CCRS – co-opted)
Sqn Ldr AM Fox (representing Chairman JSSC – co-opted)
TG Rylands (Chairman CCRS Schools Committee – co-opted)
JA Watson (Chairman TFC – co-opted)

In attendance
IW Robertson MBE (SM SB) (Secretary)

Membership Committee
M Maksimovic (Chairman)
GK Alexander (Vice-Chairman)
GAE Larcombe
TS McDowell
JF Miller
Miss S Lohmann (co-opted)
Lt Cdr J Morgan-Hosey RN (co-opted)
S Wallis (co-opted)
WDC Willcox (co-opted)

In attendance
A Mercer

Disciplinary Body
DGF Evans (Chairman)
CM Brooks
LJ Christy
Ms GMP Jarvis
WRD Mott
R Sayer
PAE Charlton
AJCB de Launay
NCM Fyfe (SC)
AD Hunter
Lt Col CST Lehman
MJ Wood

In attendance
IW Robertson MBE (SM SB) (Secretary)
CONDITIONS OF NRA MEMBERSHIP

The Council requires certain criteria to be met before membership is permitted and reserves the right to refuse the renewal of an annual subscription or to expel any member at any time.

Registered (Full) Membership

**Annual Standard Rate**
(but see Introductory Membership below)
Open to all who are qualified for full membership £75.70

**Annual Discounted Rates**
Open to anyone qualifying as below:
(a) under 25 years of age, or £43.25
(b) over 65 years of age, or £70.55
(c) resident overseas £70.55
(d) under 21 years of age Free*
*One off fee of £25.00

Associated Membership

**Friends of the NRA**
Open to supporters of the NRA £43.25

**Probationary Member**
If wishing to qualify for full membership £80.80

Direct Debit Payments: Payments made by Direct Debit for Full or Associated Membership (above) benefit from a discount of £2.50.

Introductory Membership

Special introductory first year membership offer £50.00
Special introductory first year membership offer (Under 25) £25.00

All annual subscriptions are due on 1 January and run until 31 December in the same year.

Meeting Membership

Valid for the duration of the NRA Imperial Meeting only £58.00
Membership of the NRA, whether Full or Meeting only, is a compulsory qualification for competing in any event during the Imperial Meeting

Junior Meeting Membership
(a) Under 21, or under 25 and in full-time education £23.00
or (b) Under 21, or under 25 and in full-time education, and making a first entry to any event excluding Schools competitions during the NRA Imperial Meeting Free
Service Membership
(a) Present member of HM Forces competing in NRA Service Weapon and/or Service Representative events only Free
or (b) If entering any other events in the Imperial Meeting £47.00

Imperial Meeting Limited Discipline Membership
If entering Gallery Rifle or Pistol events only £12.00
If entering Sporting Rifle events only £12.00
If entering Historic events only £12.00
If entering McQueen events only £12.00

LIFE MEMBERSHIP

Life Membership Table

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<td>40 or under</td>
<td>£5,000.00</td>
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<td>41 to 50</td>
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<td>Over 70</td>
<td>£750.00</td>
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Life Membership subscriptions may be paid either as a lump sum or, for UK residents, over a seven year period by Standing Order and, if possible, under Gift Aid. This benefits the NRA at no expense to the member concerned and may also benefit a higher rate tax payer personally. Full details may be obtained from the Membership Department.
PRIVILEGES OF NRA MEMBERSHIP

1 The support of the NRA in all matters connected with target shooting.
2 To stand for General Council and to vote at General Meetings and Elections.
3 To receive a copy of the Annual Report.
4 To receive the NRA Journal.
5 To hire firearms from the NRA within the provisions of the Firearms Acts.
6 To buy NRA ammunition, within the provisions of the Firearms Acts.
7 To hire targets on Bisley Ranges.
8 To wear the NRA colours.
9 To shoot in the Imperial Meeting.
10 Admission to the Members’ enclosures on the ranges and at the Presentation of Prizes (on production of membership badge or card).
11 To be covered under the Members’ Insurance Policy including Public Liability.
12 To be eligible for selection for GB and NRA representative teams.
13 To be eligible to register for the NRA Shooting Club.

Items 9 and 11 are the only privileges that apply to any category of Meeting Membership.

Items 2, 5, 7, 10 and 12 are applicable only to Full Members.

A permanent pass will be issued to all Life and Junior Life Members.

Sections 2-9 Reserved
Paras 2-19 Reserved
The Policy of the National Rifle Association derives from its Royal Charter. The text of the original Charter and associated and subsequent fundamental documents are published on the Association’s website, and can be obtained by members on application. The structure of the Association’s policy document set is complex, and much content is not immediately applicable to day-to-day operations. Elements of NRA policy of particular note to members are published below. Sections 10 – 12, 16 and 22 below are authoritative. Other sections in this part are summaries or extracts from larger policy documents which may be viewed on the website or on application.

The NRA is directed by its Council, advised by the General Council and its Committees. The Secretary General acts as Secretary to the Council and is responsible for giving effect to policy set by the Council. The Secretary General also has the role of Chief Executive NRA (the executive officer of the NRA and its subsidiaries as a trading entity).

SECTION 10 – INTERNATIONAL TEAMS

Teams from England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, the NRA and Great Britain (see Para 107)

No person may apply to or be selected to join an NRA or Great Britain touring team or to represent the NRA or Great Britain in an international match unless he is a full member of the NRA.

A person will only be eligible to represent Great Britain if he satisfies the test of nationality. The test shall be either:

i country of birth, or

ii legal citizenship, or

iii country of residence for a continuous period of not less than five years preceding the date of a match

iv descent from a parent qualified by country of birth or legal citizenship

A person who has been a member of a team competing against Great Britain shall not be allowed to represent Great Britain for the next 2½ years.
d Sub-Para c does not apply to a person who is representing England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales against Great Britain in a match outwith the Imperial Meeting. Sub-Para c does not apply when two or more teams representing Great Britain compete in the same match.

A member of the NRA who is a citizen of the Isle of Man or one of the Channel Isles and who is not eligible to represent any country outside the Isle of Man or the Channel Isles may, with the approval of their home Governing Body, apply to be a member of a GB team. Paragraph 21c above shall apply to such a person.

22 A person who has been a member of, or a reserve for, a team representing England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales in a discipline recognised by the NRA of Great Britain, shall never be allowed to represent another of these countries in that discipline. As an exception, a person who while under the age of 19 years has represented one of England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales, may on one occasion only and before first representing England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales when aged 19 or over, change their representative allegiance to any other one of England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales that they are eligible to represent.

23 A person who finds that, as a consequence of the interaction of eligibility rules, he is denied any way to participate in an event under the control of the NRA, may apply to the Shooting Committee for a dispensation from such parts of Paras 21-22 as are necessary to enable him to participate.

24 Representative Great Britain or NRA teams may only travel overseas following receipt of an official invitation from the Governing Body, recognised by the NRA of Great Britain, of the country or countries concerned.

25 Reserved

Recognition of National Shooting Organisations

26 For the purposes of competition at home and abroad the NRA of Great Britain will recognise only one national shooting organisation in each country unless different disciplines are administered by different organisations. In that event the appropriate organisation for each discipline will be recognised.

If there are two or more organisations in a country the NRA of Great Britain will recognise either:

a the organisation that all other organisations in that country agree shall be the representative body,

or, in the absence of such agreement,

b the organisation that

i promotes the greatest number of shooting disciplines comparable with disciplines within the NRA of Great Britain, or
States, Provinces or other sub-divisions

27 The NRA of Great Britain will recognise the governing organisation of any state, province or other sub-division using the same criteria as for national organisations provided that the organisation itself is recognised by its own national organisation.

28 A state, province or other sub-division may not compete in any competition in which a team from its own national organisation is also competing unless permission from that national organisation has been given and the match conditions allow.

29 A state, province or sub-division, or groups of individuals from the same overseas country may not become a national team for the purposes of competition unless authority to do so has been given to them by their own national organisation. This authority must be in writing and must be received by the NRA of Great Britain before any entry can be accepted.

Groups of National Organisations

30 The NRA of Great Britain will recognise an organisation which represents a group of national organisations providing that all constituent national organisations (and which must themselves be recognised by the NRA of Great Britain) agree that the said organisation should represent them. A title implying a geographic region or continent will not be accepted unless the shooting organisations within that region, continent or area implied by the title agree that the said organisation should represent them.

31 A team representing a group of national organisations may not compete in a competition under a name which suggests that it includes a nation which is also competing as a national team. In that event the title of the team must be changed to indicate the difference.

Groups of States, Provinces or other sub-divisions

32 Groups of states, provinces or other sub-divisions may compete in a competition only if the respective national organisations governing each of the states, provinces or other sub-divisions have agreed.
SECTION 11 – CODE OF OPERATION OF DISCIPLINARY MATTERS

33 Disciplinary Body
In accordance with summary powers granted by the Council all matters of discipline shall be dealt with by the Disciplinary Body which shall consist of six persons with legal training and six lay persons.

33.1 Eligibility for the Disciplinary Body
a) Lay members of the Disciplinary Body shall be elected from members of the General Council. They shall be elected for a period of three years and shall remain a member whether or not they cease to be a member of General Council during that period.

b) Persons with legal training shall be elected by the General Council for a period of three years.

c) Every member of the Disciplinary Body shall be eligible for re-election at the end of such period of three years provided that lay members who have completed two three year terms shall not be eligible for re-election.

d) No serving member of the Council, other than the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body, may be or become a member of the Disciplinary Body.

33.2 Chairman of the Disciplinary Body
The members of the Disciplinary Body shall elect one of their number being a person having legal training, to act as Chairman, who shall ex officio be a member of Council.

33.3 Disciplinary Committee
In relation to any matter required to be referred for a hearing by the Disciplinary Body a Disciplinary Committee shall be appointed consisting of not less than four nor more than six members of whom there shall be an equal number of legal and lay persons. The Disciplinary Committee for any hearing shall be selected by the Secretary General, who shall consult with the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body. In making such selection the Secretary General shall give precedence to persons who have previously sat on the Disciplinary Committee the fewest number of times, except that the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body shall when available always sit as Chairman of the Disciplinary Committee.

33.4 Appeal Committee
Appeals from a decision of the Disciplinary Committee shall be referred to an Appeal Committee which shall consisting of not less than four nor more than six members of whom there shall be an equal number of legal and lay persons.
No person who has sat as a member of the Disciplinary Committee in relation to that matter shall be eligible to sit as a member of the Appeal Committee. The members of the Appeal Committee shall be selected by the Secretary General in the same manner as for the Disciplinary Committee. The Chairman of the Disciplinary Body shall be the Chairman of the relevant Appeal Committee unless he has already sat on the Disciplinary Committee in relation to the same matter, in which event the members of the Appeal Committee shall elect one of their number to be Chairman.

33.5 Powers and responsibilities of the Disciplinary Committee

The powers and responsibilities of the Disciplinary Committee appointed to hear any particular matter shall be:

a  i to have full authority for the determination of all disciplinary matters concerning members of the NRA, whether or not Registered Members or members of NRA affiliated clubs, and including (for the avoidance of doubt) Associated Members and Affiliated Bodies, and concerning matters occurring on the Bisley ranges and within the camp, or during all meetings held at Bisley or elsewhere under auspices and rules of the NRA, and/or relating to the conduct of any NRA member, member of an affiliated club, or Affiliated Body wherever occurring and relating to the conduct of any person (whether or not within the categories set out above in this paragraph) which occurs on any land or premises of the NRA;

ii to have powers for the imposition, mitigation, increase, remission and variation of penalties;

iii to advise the Council in relation to the drafting, implementation and operation of disciplinary affairs, including the fixing of tariffs of penalties and fines, and related matters.

iv to hold meetings and make decisions by email correspondence and/or by conference telephone call between all of the members of the Disciplinary Committee hearing the relevant case provided that each member of such Committee is able to hear and participate in any discussions. Any decision taken shall be circulated to and agreed by each member of such Committee, and following such agreement shall have the same effect as if taken by the members of such Committee being present together in person.

b The decision of the Disciplinary Committee shall be final in relation to findings of fact except in the case of obvious error.
33.6 Appeals
The Appeal Committee shall hear such appeals from a decision of the Disciplinary Committee as are put to it, and shall have power to review, confirm, impose, mitigate, increase or vary the decision of and any penalty imposed by the Disciplinary Committee. Its decision shall be final and binding in all respects. In the event of a successful appeal the Secretary General shall cause the result of such appeal to be published in the same manner and to the same extent as particulars of the decision of the Disciplinary Committee have been published.

33.7 Miscellaneous
a Captains of Overseas Teams will be entitled to attend and speak (but not vote) at meetings of the Disciplinary Committee and of the Appeal Committee only when a member of their particular team is involved.

b From time to time, the Council may without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers of the Disciplinary Committee and of the Appeal Committee allot to such Committees specific roles and responsibilities. The Council may also vary them as it may decide.

c The Council may appoint either the Secretary General or some other suitable person to act as Secretary to the Disciplinary Committee and to the Appeal Committee.

d A meeting of the Disciplinary Committee or of the Appeal Committee may be called by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body, the Secretary General or the Council.

e The Secretary General shall maintain a register with details of offences and of penalties and fines awarded.

34 Procedure
a The Secretary General shall be responsible for co-ordinating all disciplinary matters. The power to fix penalties and fines for any particular offence shall be reserved to the Council, and shall be listed in Rules and Regulations of the NRA as published in the NRA Handbook.

b Where a disciplinary offence has been alleged, whether of any Rules and Regulations of the NRA, of the Bisley Range Regulations or those relating to conduct, safety and security, or otherwise, particulars of the offence and all supporting facts, information and materials shall be immediately given or otherwise made
available to the Secretary General, the Secretary to the Disciplinary Committee and the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body.

c The Secretary General shall investigate or cause to be investigated the alleged offence. He shall have power to appoint any person to provide expert assistance where required and any person so appointed shall act as agent for the NRA and within the scope of the authority given to him.

d If the Secretary General reasonably considers that an offence has been committed, he shall give notice thereof in writing to the offender as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

e Except where sub-para f below applies, the Secretary General shall, or at his direction the Secretary to the Disciplinary Committee, having collated all the relevant documentation, arrange to summon a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee as soon as conveniently possible.

f Where an offence has been committed, the Secretary General shall consult with the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body and if the Chairman agrees that the matter is not sufficiently serious to require the summoning of a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee, may deal in consultation with the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body with the matter summarily under this paragraph, subject to the offender accepting liability for the offence and agreeing to the proposed penalty and/or fine. The Secretary General shall have regard to the levels of fines and other penalties levied in relation to similar previous incidents and shall have power to levy such fine up to £500 as he may determine and as may be agreed by the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body. The Secretary General shall cause to be published particulars of the offence and of the penalties imposed in the NRA Journal, on the NRA website and on the Secretary General’s notice board but shall have discretion whether or not also to publish the name of the offender.

g Where sub-para f applies, if the offender does not so accept liability for the alleged offence and proposed outcome, or if the alleged offence is such that it requires to be dealt with by the Disciplinary Committee, then the Secretary General shall arrange to summon a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee as soon as conveniently possible, given all the circumstances. Sub-para f shall not apply to offences which might involve expulsion from or suspension of membership of the NRA, exclusion from Bisley or similar penalties, and such cases must be tried by the Disciplinary
Committee, as must any second or more recurrences of the same offence within a period of three years.

h The Secretary to the Disciplinary Committee (or the Secretary General if no appointment is made under Para 33.7c) shall be responsible for establishing evidence and preparing the case for the Disciplinary Committee and (as the case may be) the Appeal Committee. He may be assisted in this regard by other members or advisers as he deems necessary.

i The Disciplinary Committee shall act in accordance with its powers as set out in Para 33 (By-Law 8). Any appeal from the Disciplinary Committee shall be made in writing to the Secretary General within two weeks of notification of its outcome who shall refer the same to an Appeal Committee. The Appeal Committee shall act in accordance with its powers as set out in Para 33 (By-Law 8).

j The Secretary General and the person designated as having overall responsibility for range safety at Bisley shall have the power to order suspension of membership of the NRA and/or exclusion from Bisley pending the decision of the Disciplinary Committee and/or the Appeal Committee. Any such suspension or exclusion may be rescinded by the Secretary General (or in his absence such designated person) at any time.

k The Council, following consultation with the Chairman of the Disciplinary Body may at any time amend or add to this Code of Operation.

35 Reserved
SECTION 12 – MISUSE OF DRUGS

36 General

a Drug misuse is the use or distribution by a competitor of banned substances (defined as being in contravention of these rules) or the use of various prohibited methods of administration of drugs.

b Any competitor must, if requested by an official designated by the NRA for the purpose of drug control, submit to a drug control test. Failure to do so will be taken as if a positive result had been obtained and dealt with accordingly.

c The identification of a banned substance or one of its metabolites, or the presence of specified amounts of endogenous substances subject to quantitative analysis, in a body fluid will constitute an offence and the offender may be penalised (see Para 544).

d Any person assisting or inciting others in the contravention of these rules shall be considered as having committed an offence against these rules, and may be subject to disciplinary action.

Exceptions

e Except where other Federation or Union rules disallow it, competitors and shooters who have valid medical reasons for taking banned drugs will, subject to certain provisions being met, be permitted to enter for or be eligible for selection for individual and team competitions respectively at national and international level. No inhibition will be placed upon their ability to win a prize. A competitor falling within this category must provide to the NRA, prior to an event in which drug testing may take place, a certificate to that effect signed by his doctor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the NRA reserves the right, with the competitor’s permission, to request its Medical Adviser to verify the details of the case with the doctor.

f Warning – it could be highly dangerous for a competitor to give up or reduce a drug regularly taken. No such competitor should take this course of action without medical advice.

37 Banned Substances

The banned substances and prohibited methods are those listed at the World Anti-Doping Agency’s 2017 Prohibited List which can be downloaded from their website. Shooting Division can provide a copy to competitors who have no internet access. The NRA, noting the wide age and health range of participants in shooting and wishing to minimise cost and administrative effort, will accept a doctor’s certificate as at sub-para e above in all circumstances where a Therapeutic Use Exemption would be required under WADA rules.
UK Anti-Doping  http://www.ukad.org.uk/
WADA  http://www.wada-ama.org/

38-40  Reserved
SECTION 13 – PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE ADULTS

a **NRA Policy**

The NRA believes that child protection is everyone’s responsibility. We all have a moral and legal obligation to look after children with whom we may be working. The same consideration applies equally to shooters that may be ‘vulnerable adults’.

b **Guidance**

To help affiliated Associations and Clubs the NRA has produced a guide containing practical advice, based on work done by British Shooting. The NRA’s full policy statement can be found on its website in a downloadable pdf format.

c **Effective Implementation**

For the policy to be effective will depend upon a reporting system using Child Protection Officers (CPOs) at all levels. CPOs will be 100% reliable in terms of discretion and will understand the importance of confidentiality in the handling of child protection issues. The NRA has appointed a national CPO: associations and clubs will need to consider their own appointments.

d **Good Practice**

The guide contains advice and gives examples of good practice for everyone involved in shooting. It deals with

i The types of abuse, bullying and harassment that may occur.  

ii Coaches or officials working with children in an open environment.  

iii The need for keeping physical contact to a minimum when coaching children, seeking agreement from the child before adjusting a shooting position or helping with shooting equipment, and making parents aware of these issues.  

iv Consent issues if officials/coaches are required to transport young people in their cars.  

v Avoiding children staying at a coach’s home unsupervised.  

vi Coaches/club officials working in pairs and/or as mixed male/female teams if classes or groups of children have to be supervised in a changing room or overnight.  

vii Dealing with emergencies.  

viii The need to make a detailed note of what they have seen or heard if a child or any other person mentions concerns or suspicions
ix To listen carefully if a child tells a coach that he or she is being abused, and take it seriously.

x Reassuring a child but without promising confidentiality.

xi The need to make a detailed note of what the child has said and to pass on the information immediately.

e **Reporting and Disciplinary Issues**

The guide deals with reporting and disciplinary issues. It advises that all concerns and allegations of abuse must be reported immediately to a club official, ideally the Association or Club CPO. It may require referral to Social Services and to the Police. It stresses that it is not the responsibility of club officials to decide whether or not child abuse is taking place but it is their responsibility to report the concerns or suspicions. It covers the priority actions when dealing with concerns about behaviour or the welfare of a child including dealing with any medical emergencies, reporting the incident to the Club CPO, completing the reporting forms, and reporting the incident to the Police or Social Services who will then investigate. Thereafter the guide notes that the relevant shooting bodies will need to consider what action to take against any individual through their disciplinary procedures.

f **Photography**

Photographing children or vulnerable adults at sporting events, ranging from school sports days to major events has given rise to much comment. The term “photograph” applies to any photographic image:

i whether it is recorded on film or digitally, or for immediate transmission/broadcast and

ii consisting of still or moving/video images and

iii taken with any sort or camera, webcam, mobile phone or even a satellite.

The guidance deals with this in detail.

g **Conclusion**

We all hope that we never have to become involved in any incident of the sort for which the law has been enacted or the NRA guide prepared. The guidance is both common-sense and a practical approach to our obligations. Use it and safeguard vulnerable groups and protect all those that participate.
SECTION 14 – EQUITY IN SPORT

Objective

a  The National Governing Bodies that form British Shooting (formerly the Great Britain Target Shooting Federation) have joined together under that banner to produce a statement of their commitment to provide equal opportunities for all, in the shooting disciplines under their jurisdiction. It is hoped that in doing so it will make access to the shooting sports even easier, and provide opportunities for all members of the community to become involved in shooting.

b  The NRA wants to help all who become involved in their activities to realise their potential, whether as shooters, officials, coaches or administrators.

c  It is already known that shooting is truly a sport for all but, to further its development as such, the NRA reiterates its commitment to the following policies:

Policy Statement 1
The NRA will endeavour to increase the number of participants of both sexes taking part in shooting, and to make it easier for them to gain access to all disciplines of the sport.

Policy Statement 2
The NRA will endeavour to increase the number of participants in the shooting sports from all ethnic groups, without distinction.

Policy Statement 3
The NRA will endeavour to help more disabled people become actively involved in shooting, and to increase the opportunities for their participation.

Policy Statement 4
The NRA will endeavour to ensure that all people involved in shooting may do so without discrimination from any quarter, the only restrictions on their participation being that the people concerned should act lawfully, safely and with due respect for others.

Policy Statement 5
The NRA will endeavour to ensure that age will not be a barrier to participation in shooting, and that people will be encouraged to take part throughout their life while ever it is safe for them to do so.

Policy Statement 6
The NRA will endeavour to ensure that all member organisations of British Shooting adopt equal opportunity policies wherever possible.
SECTION 15 – THE NRA SAFE SHOOTING SYSTEM

The MoD requires all civilian organisations using military ranges to have an auditable system of training based on a specific risk assessment. In response, the NRA has developed a Safe Shooting System (SSS), which has been approved by the MoD. All clubs affiliated to the NRA who use military ranges must adopt the NRA SSS and each civilian shooter, other than those under one-to-one supervision, must have a Shooter’s Certification Card signed by their Club Chairman.

Organisations affiliated to NGBs with existing MoD-approved Codes of Practice (BDS, CPSA, MLAGB, NSRA) are not required to follow the NRA SSS when using MoD ranges to engage in practices falling within the limits of the Code of Practice agreed by the relevant NGB. Other groups, however, will need to adopt the NRA system or have their system approved by the NRA.

The NRA SSS is based on four elements: safe shooter, safe equipment, safe practice and safe place.

Safe Shooter

a The safe shooter has the capability to use firearms and ammunition safely, and demonstrates that capability at all times on the range. The NRA probationary course, live firing elements of which are carried out under the one-to-one supervision of safe shooters, provides training that imparts the knowledge and skills on which such capability is based. The Shooter’s Certification Card provides an auditable record that the responsible officer of the club, normally the Chairman, has satisfied himself at the time of certification as to the shooter’s ability to use firearms (identified by their suitability for an NRA Shooting Discipline or combination of NRA Shooting Disciplines) and ammunition (suitable for the identified firearms and within range limits) safely.

Safe Equipment

b The individual shooter is responsible to his Club Chairman for ensuring that his firearm is serviceable and properly maintained, that the ammunition used results in performance within the range parameters for muzzle velocity (MV) and muzzle energy (ME), and that the combination of firearm and ammunition is safe and suitable for the circumstances in which it is being used. The NRA Rules of Shooting set out the limiting parameters for firearms to be used in each NRA Shooting Discipline.
Safe Practice

c The NRA Rules of Shooting contain detailed regulations concerning the conduct of shooting for all its Shooting Disciplines. Qualified NRA RCOs are responsible for the safe running of MoD ranges for civilian shooters. Additional RCO qualifications are required if pistols, moving targets (sporting rifle discipline), CSR events, target shotguns, muzzle loading firearms, firearm/ammunition combinations developing a ME greater than 4500 Joules or event-specific courses of fire are being used on MoD ranges.

d A specific zeroing practice will also be required for practices where the firearm/ammunition combination develops ME greater than 4500J.

e In the event of an incident on military ranges involving a civilian shooter a joint MoD/NRA inquiry will take place and the club will be required to assist with the investigation. The NRA has agreed a *Procedure for the Investigation of Range Occurrences, Accidents and Incidents* with the MoD.

f The NRA RCO running the range for a civilian club must sign for the range on the MoD Form 906, thus certifying that he is qualified to conduct the shooting practice(s) and that he has read and will comply with the range standing orders. An RCO (HME) must annotate the MoD 906 if firearm/ammunition combinations generating ME greater than 4500 Joules will be used.

Safe Place

g A safe place is one in which the controls which are necessary to enable shooting to be conducted safely have been identified by a site specific risk assessment and directed through the Range Standing Orders. All MoD ranges have site specific Range Standing Orders which must be complied with at all times. It is one of the responsibilities of the NRA RCO to ensure such compliance by shooters under his command. MoD ranges are maintained by the range administering authority and are subject to regular inspections.
SECTION 16 – SHOOTING DISCIPLINES

46 The NRA recognises and welcomes non-competitive shooting such as introductory opportunities for non-shooters, individual training, target practice by game shooters, firearm testing, ammunition development and equipment development. However, the NRA uses competitive shooting as a major element in fulfilling its Charter objective of the encouragement of marksmanship. For competition to be a viable activity, the conditions must be compatible with the firearms being used and the firearms and equipment used by each competitor must be sufficiently similar to create an environment where the competitor’s skill is a significant factor in determining the outcome. Thus competitive shooting takes place in a number of separate groups known as shooting disciplines.

47 Definitions

A shooting discipline is a competitive target shooting activity explicitly limited by parameters set out by a governing body. These parameters may include, for example, limitations of calibre, type of firearm, course of fire, permitted participants and range operating procedure. As many parameters as are necessary may be used.

a Shooting disciplines **Controlled** by the NRA are those for which the NRA claims to be the primary national rule-making body and where relevant claims control of representative GB teams.

b Shooting disciplines **Recognised** by the NRA are those for which the NRA claims control of representative GB teams, but for which the NRA does not claim to be the primary national rule-making body. Generally, recognised disciplines will be those run by overseas or international bodies and which bear a very close but not identical resemblance to an NRA-controlled discipline. Also, 300m, Muzzle-Loading, Schools and Cadets, Service Weapons and Sporting are Recognised, because the defining rules are set by ISSF, MLAGB, CCRS, JSSC and BSRC respectively, but the NRA awards GB status.

c Shooting disciplines **Acknowledged** by the NRA are those for which there exists a recognised national or international governing body and for which the NRA makes no claim to set rules or control representative teams.

48 Administration

a Formal advice on matters concerning a Controlled Discipline comes from a Discipline Representative, who is elected to General Council by those Members nominating that Discipline as one of
those they participate in, and who sits on Shooting Committee ex officio. Discipline Representatives may appoint a sub-committee to assist or advise them. Every Controlled Discipline has a Representative, although some Representatives cover more than one Discipline.

b Formal advice on matters concerning a Recognised Discipline comes from a Discipline Representative, who sits on Shooting Committee ex officio. Discipline Representatives may appoint a sub-committee to assist or advise them. Every Recognised Discipline has a Representative, who, if not elected as for a representative of a Controlled discipline, is either appointed by Shooting Committee to represent the Discipline through representing the related Controlled Discipline, or is appointed to Shooting Committee ex officio with responsibilities in an external organisation for the relevant rules.

c Formal advice on matters concerning an Acknowledged Discipline may come from a Discipline Representative assigned the Acknowledged Discipline as an additional responsibility by the Shooting Committee. If no such assignment has been made, advice comes from the Association’s professional staff who will regard the Discipline in the same light as any other commercial activity.

49 List of Disciplines
a The Disciplines Controlled by the NRA, and their defining parameters, are:

**Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle**
Firearms, ammunition and equipment in accordance with Para A2 of the Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle Handbook; event conditions in accordance with Section C of the Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle Handbook; deliberate, rapid, fire with movement and snapshooting competitions.

**F Class**
Firearm equipment and position in accordance with Para 164; deliberate competition in which each shot is signalled separately.

**Gallery Rifle and Pistol**
Firearms in accordance with Para A2 of the GR&P Handbook; equipment in accordance with Para A3.2 of the GR&P Handbook; event conditions in accordance with Section C of the GR&P Handbook.
Historic Arms
Competition “in the spirit of the original” with firearms grouped by date of origin of the original as set out in the NRA Imperial Historic Arms Meeting element of Part N of this Handbook.

Match Rifle including Any Rifle
Firearm equipment and position in accordance with Para 156 or 157; deliberate competition in which each shot is signalled separately.

Sniping
Precision snapshooting competition with centrefire rifles.

Target Rifle
Firearm and equipment in accordance with Para 150; position in accordance with Para 203ai; deliberate competition in which each shot is signalled separately.

Target Shotgun
Firearms and ammunition in accordance with Para 160. Event conditions in accordance with the TS Handbook.

b Disciplines Recognised by the NRA include

300m Rifle controlled by the International Sports Shooting Federation

ICFRA Rules Target Rifle controlled by the International Confederation of Full-bore Rifle Associations

Muzzle-Loading controlled by the Muzzle-Loaders’ Association of Great Britain

Palma Rifle controlled by the National Rifle Association of America

Schools and Cadets controlled by the Council for Cadet Rifle Shooting

Service Weapons controlled by the Joint Services Shooting Committee

Sporting Rifle Events under the control of the British Sporting Rifle Club, generally using rifles in accordance with Para 158 and comprising both Moving and Static Target events. The Moving Target events are generally under ISSF rules for 10m and 50m events, and under Nordic Shooting Union rules for 100m events. Static events are under BSRC originated rules.
Disciplines Acknowledged by the NRA include:

- **Air rifle and pistol** controlled by the National Small-bore Rifle Association
- **Benchrest** controlled by the UK Benchrest Association
- **Commonwealth Games Target Rifle** controlled by the Commonwealth Shooting Federation on behalf of the Commonwealth Games Commission
- **Lightweight Sport Rifle** controlled by the National Small-bore Rifle Association
- **IPSC Shotgun** controlled by the International Practical Shooting Confederation
- **Shotgun (moving clay targets)** controlled by the Clay Pigeon Shooting Association
- **Small-bore Rifle** controlled by the National Small-bore Rifle Association

The NRA controls, recognises or acknowledges more than twenty Shooting Disciplines. For the purposes of certifying shooters and RCOs for military ranges, these are grouped as follows:

- **Supported deliberate disciplines:** Target Rifle, F Class Rifle, Match Rifle, Long Range Pistol, benchrest
- **Static rifle disciplines:** Gallery rifle, sniping, historic arms, 300m rifle, smallbore rifle and target air rifle, lightweight sport rifle and field target air rifle
- **Competitive Pistol disciplines:** Long barreled revolver & long barreled pistol used within GR&P discipline, Olympic Free Pistol and Rapid-Fire Pistol, target air pistol
- **Sporting rifle moving target** (targets that traverse across the line of fire)
- **Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle**
- **Target Shotgun standard certification** for practices fully detailed in the Target Shotgun Handbook
- **Muzzle Loading / Black Powder** (including Muzzle Loading Pistol)
- **Airguns including those listed above**
- **Modern and Heritage pistol:** All handgun types except muzzle loading pistols

The above grouping does not invalidate Shooter Certification Cards or RCO qualifications issued under the grouping schemes used previously. Note that a qualification in a particular discipline is not of itself an authority to engage in or supervise such a discipline on any MoD range. The limitations of the specific range are overriding.
51 **Discipline Representatives**
Discipline Representatives and their corresponding responsibilities are as in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Discipline Rep</th>
<th>Disciplines represented</th>
<th>Controlled</th>
<th>Recognised</th>
<th>Acknowledged</th>
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<tr>
<td>300m Rifle</td>
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<td>CSR &amp; PR</td>
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<td>Sniping</td>
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<td>Gallery Rifle &amp; Pistol</td>
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<td>Palma Rifle</td>
<td>CG TR</td>
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<tr>
<td>Target Shotgun</td>
<td>Target Shotgun</td>
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<td>IPSC Shotgun</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Within the NRA, policy on shooting in acknowledged disciplines, where the discipline does not appear against a Discipline Representative in the table above, is the responsibility of professional staff and is conducted as a commercial activity.

Sections 17-21 *Reserved*
Paras 52-70 *Reserved*
SECTION 22 – MISCELLANEOUS POLICY

71  Debtors
In any NRA competition, notwithstanding that an entry has been correctly made and acknowledged, the NRA reserves the right to withhold squadding cards (or team register cards) from a competitor who has (or from a team whose underlying organisation has) debts to the NRA outstanding beyond agreed dates for payment.

72  Guests
An NRA member bringing guests to Bisley Camp or other NRA location or event is responsible for the guests’ behaviour and may be held accountable for any breaches of rules or regulations by the guests.

Paras 73-80  Reserved
Although the National Rifle Association actively promotes shooting throughout the United Kingdom, a large proportion of shooting under the direction or control of the NRA takes place at the National Shooting Centre, Bisley. Sections 23-24 and Appendices I to III below are provided for the convenient reference of users of Bisley Camp and Ranges. These Sections are correct at time of publication, but are subject to amendment. The definitive versions are displayed in the Range Office. All users of Bisley must, in particular, check Bisley Ranges Regulations before firing.

SECTION 23 – COMMENCEMENT AND CESSATION OF FIRING

82 Commencement of firing
One blast will be sounded on the sirens by the Range Office, unless otherwise ordered eg during the Imperial Meeting, as a signal to ROs that firing may commence.

83 Signal to cease fire
a Normal operation: Cheylesmore, Sporting, Melville, Stickledown, Winans, Zero, Century and Siberia Ranges
Unless prior permission has been requested and granted, the conclusion of shooting periods will be indicated by siren and must be strictly observed. A cease fire at the end of a shooting period will be notified by two blasts on the siren at an interval of about 15 seconds. All shooters must cease fire, unload and remove firearms from the firing point.

b Emergencies: All ranges except NSRA ranges
Should an immediate cease fire be required at any other time this will be indicated by four (or more) blasts of the siren: all shooters must cease fire at once. All ROs and radio users must select the Control channel on their radios and await instructions. If general permission to continue firing is granted, it will be indicated to ROs by one long blast on the siren. Specific permission to continue may be granted range by range by telephone or radio.
Legend to Plan of Camp and Ranges

1. NRA Offices (FW)
2. Exhibition Hut (EW)
3. ARA Officers Mess (DW)
4. ATSC Caretaker (DW)
5. Surrey RA (EW)
6. English XX (EW)
7. Richardson Lodge (EW)
8. North London RC (EW)
9. Ibis RC (FW)
10. City RC (FV)
11. Jenny’s Snack Bar (FV)
12. London & Middlesex RA (FW)
13. The Cottage (GW)
14. Bunhill Lodge (GW)
15. Artists RC (GW)
16. British Commonwealth RC (GW)
17. Anderby Lodge (GX)
18. Broome Lodge (GX)
19. Woffington Lodge (GX)
20. Fulton’s / Welsh RA / SLRC / Ten Ring / Old Guildfordians (GX)
21. Lloyds Bank RC (FX)
22. Bullet Lodge (GX)
23. Erin (GX)
24. NRA Workshops (GW)
25. The Barn (GX)
26. Queen’s Lodge (GX)
27. Macdonald Stewart Pavilion (GX)
28. Camp Cottage (HY)
29. Hogleas Hall RC (HY)
30. Old Sergeants Mess RC (HZ)
31. CPSA (GZ)
32. St George’s Lodge (LMRA) (FY)
33. Royal Marines RA (FY)
34. Dolphin Lodge (FY)
35. Royal Air Force SAA (EZ)
36. RAF Dormitory (DY)
37. Dormitory 2 (DY)
38. The Menagerie (DY)
39. Atholl Row (DY)
40. Hythe Lodge (HQ ARA) (DY)
41. Inns of Court (DY)
42. HAC (CX)
43. Trethewey Lodge (CX)
44. The Spot (BDMP) (CX)
45. The Hut (CX)
46. Poppy Lodge (BX)
47. Hedgehog Hut (BX)
48. Kangaroo Corner (BX)
49. Mallabar (BFTO) (AX)
50. Imperial Lodge (AX)
51. Running Deer Hut (Central Bankers) (AX)
52. Elcho Lodge (BW)
53. Stickedown Lodge (BW)
54. Cottesloe Lodge (BW)
55. Clock Tower Lodge (CW)
56. Ranfurly Lodge (CW)
57. William Evans Gunmakers (CW)
58. Bisley Shooting Ground (DW)
59. National Clay Shooting Centre (DW)
60. English VIII (BW)
61. Wimbledon House (BX)
62. Greshams School (DX)
63. Sit Perpetuum RC (DX)
64. Marylebone R & PC (DX)
65. Old Bisley Gun Club (EV)
66. Victorian Row (DY)
67. Bisley Gun Club (EV)
68. A, B, C, Lines (GX)
69. D Lines (BW)
70. F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M Lines (DX)
71. RO Lines (EX)
72. Site 1 (CX)
73. Site 2 (BX)
74. Site 3 (EX)
75. Spencer Site (HY)
76. Site 5 (EZ)
77. Site 6 (HX)
78. Site 7 (CY)
79. Site 8 (HX)
80. Site BCH (HY)

Huts

Caravan Sites

Tent Sites
SECTION 24 – PLAN OF BISLEY CAMP AND RANGES
APPENDIX I – BISLEY CAMP STANDING ORDERS

Note: Applicable throughout the year unless stated to the contrary. Throughout these Regulations, unless the context explicitly makes clear otherwise, the expression “CE” means the Chief Executive of the NRA or his authorised officers.

1 General
The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for the NRA estate and ranges. The Range Office controls all shooting activities. Members of Service Police and Traffic Wardens on duty act with the approval of the NRA.

2 National Shooting Centre
The CE may require anyone to leave the NRA’s estate that disregards or breaches the Regulations or the Bisley Camp Standing Orders or behaves in any manner, which, in his view, may be dangerous, subversive or detrimental to good order. Any person required to leave the estate as above shall not be admitted to the estate or ranges again for such period as determined by the CE of the NRA or the Disciplinary Committee.

3 Firearms/Shooting
All information pertaining to firearms and shooting on Bisley ranges is covered separately in the Bisley Ranges Regulations. Current versions of this are available from the NRA offices and the websites.

4 Exhibitions/Events
The NRA reserves the right to require exhibitors or event attendees to remove or withdraw any articles, displays or material which is deemed inappropriate or offensive.

5 Fire
Anyone discovering a fire should:
   i Raise the alarm – Shout “FIRE FIRE FIRE” and/or use the alarm bells in campsites. Unless obviously unnecessary, call the Fire Brigade 999 or 112. Postcode is GU24 0PA for most of the Camp.
   ii Inform the Range Office.
   iii Without risking the safety of any person, try to put the fire out.

6 Accommodation
   a Various accommodation is available on the estate: huts, caravan and tent sites, or with many of the resident clubs. Full details are available on the website. Full payment is to be made in advance at the time of booking.
b Huts are let under the following conditions:
   i Huts may not be sub-let, shared or loaned without permission obtained through the Accommodation Office.
   ii Huts may not be used for the purposes of trade or exhibition.
   iii Damages and deficiencies must be paid for before leaving the estate or on receipt of the bill.
   iv Cooking is not allowed in the huts.
   v The NRA reserves the right to resume possession in the event of any infringement of the Regulations or the Camp Standing Orders. In such case no repayment will be made for the unoccupied period.

c Power sockets in ablutions/laundry rooms are only for hairdryers, shavers and irons used within that building. No batteries may be charged.

7 Caravans and Camper Vans
   a Members visiting the NRA estate for the purpose of shooting may hire a site in the special area reserved for caravans and camper vans. Caravans and camper vans may not be parked anywhere else nor may they be used for purposes of trade or exhibition without the prior approval of the CE.
   b Tents may not be pitched on caravan sites. The NRA reserves the right to remove any tents or caravans that have been incorrectly sited.

8 Car and Motor Vehicles
   This includes, but is not restricted to, light motorised vehicles akin to golf buggies.
   a Within the NRA estate and ranges the provisions of the Road Traffic Act and all regulations made thereunder are to be observed at all times. In particular driving under the influence of alcohol is forbidden and any suspected instances will be reported at once to the civilian police.
   b The speed limit in the estate or on the ranges is 15 mph unless marked otherwise.
   c All vehicles entering the estate must be insured for a minimum of third party liability.
   d No tracked vehicle may enter the estate or ranges except as directed by the CE.
   e Vehicles larger than motor cars, including but not limited to campervans, lorries and buses, must park as directed by NRA staff.
f  Vehicles are to park in the authorised places and may not be parked on roads or within tented lines.

g  Private vehicles may be subject to a daily charge for entering the estate. In this event car passes will be obtainable at the gate.

h  Members of the NRA should carry their Life or Annual membership cards with them at all times. This will allow unhindered entrance to the estate and ranges on occasions when a daily car pass system is in operation.

j  Private vehicles may not at any time:
   i  Go forward of the 1,000 yards firing point on Stickledown unless going to the butts for marking duty or to the Butt Zero parking area.
   ii Go behind the firing points on Century, other than at 600 yards, where vehicles must remain behind the line of trees, and in the gravelled parking areas behind 300 yards and at 150 yards on Butt 19.

Exceptions to sub-paras i and ii:
•  Motor vehicles carrying a disabled person displaying a valid Disabled Range Access Pass, issued from the Range Office.
•  Light motorised vehicles, eg golf buggies. These vehicles may approach all firing points no closer than 20 metres but must not hinder or restrict any access by pedestrians.
•  NRA staff on duty.
•  At the discretion of the CRO, in formal competition teams may be permitted to use one vehicle to move team kit to and from the forward firing points.

k  Fees may be waived and rules relaxed for disabled competitors and for officials. All efforts will be made to accommodate disabled drivers’ requests through the Range Office. Early applications may assist in range plans to accommodate these requests.

l  Any person driving a vehicle off the roadways is responsible for ensuring it is safe to do so. Claims for damage caused to vehicles by obstruction, ditches, etc, will not be entertained. A charge may be levied if any vehicle has to be recovered by the NRA staff.

9  Dogs

Owners are responsible for the behaviour of their dogs which must be kept on a leash at all times in the domestic area of the estate and on the ranges when shooting is taking place. It is the dog owner’s responsibility to clean up after their dog.
10 **Fireworks**
   a  May only be let off on the estate with prior notification to the NRA (Range Office) and authorised by them.
   b  Are not permitted after 21:00 unless the CE has given explicit permission.

11 **Chinese Lanterns**
The release of airborne paper lanterns, also know as Sky and Kongming lanterns, is prohibited on the NRA estate.

12 **Notices**
No notice may be placed on any NRA notice board nor may one be marked or altered without the permission of the CE.

13 **Filming (moving images) and photography (still images) on Camp**
Filming and photography on camp is permitted for personal use only.
Filming and photography for commercial reasons (included but not limited to vloggers and professional photographers/videographers) is subject to licence and may be charged at a daily rate.
By entering Bisley Camp you give permission to be photographed and/or filmed by NRA appointed officials.

14 **Unmanned aerial devices**
The operation of unmanned aerial devices (drones) from or over Bisley Camp and ranges is strictly prohibited without the prior permission of the Chief Executive. Reproduction in any public or social medium of images of Bisley Camp and ranges, which are private property, obtained by use of such a vehicle as a platform is similarly prohibited without such permission.
APPENDIX II – BISLEY RANGES REGULATIONS

Significant changes in the structure of ranges regulations are intended in 2017. It is essential that Range Officers ensure that they and their firers are familiar with the latest version as published in the Range Office.

1 General

These Regulations govern the safe conduct of shooting on the NRA ranges at Bisley. All users of the ranges are bound by the Regulations, other than HM Forces and Government agencies operating under their own procedures with the prior approval of the NRA. The Regulations are augmented by, and should be read in conjunction with, the Rules of Shooting published annually by the NRA, the Instructions for Butt Markers and the regulations governing the administration of the ranges, which can be seen in the Range Office. In the interests of safety, any breach of these Regulations is to be reported immediately to an official of the NRA.

The NRA disclaims responsibility for any accident, injury, loss or damage arising from non-compliance with these Regulations.

Throughout these Regulations, unless the context explicitly makes clear otherwise, the expression “CE” means the Chief Executive or his authorised officers.

2 Firearms and Ammunition

a All shooters are responsible for ensuring that their firearms and ammunition are safe to use. All firearms and ammunition must be made available for inspection and testing whenever required. The regulations concerning dangerous ammunition are laid out in Appendix VI of the NRA Handbook, Rules of Shooting (the Bisley Bible), which is available on request.

b Unless the CE has given prior permission in writing, use of the following on Bisley ranges is prohibited:

i Tracer; incendiary; armour piercing; armour piercing incendiary (API); depleted uranium; ammunition containing any igniferous or explosive substance.

ii Projectiles of any construction other than lead core with gilding metal or soft iron jacket, including specifically mono-metallic bullets (ie made from a single metal); except solid lead bullets.

c Cartridges which, when normally loaded, would exceed the ME/MV limits of any specific range, may not be used on that range even if downloaded.
d **Limits as to Calibre, Muzzle Velocity and Muzzle Energy**

No firearm and ammunition combination which develops a muzzle energy exceeding 7000 J (5160 ft lb) may be used on any of the Bisley ranges without the specific permission of the CE which must be sought in writing well in advance of the planned use. The following limits apply:

i for Rifle ranges, no specific calibre limitation but:
   a maximum muzzle velocity of 1000 m/s (3280 ft/s) and
   a maximum muzzle energy of 4500 J (3319 ft lb);

ii for Gallery Rifle and Pistol ranges, no specific calibre limitation but:
   a maximum muzzle velocity of 655 m/s (2150 ft/s) and
   a maximum muzzle energy of 2030 J (1496 ft lb).

iii for High Muzzle Energy (HME) firearms (see sub-para g below) the limits are:
   a maximum muzzle velocity of 1000 m/s (3280 ft/s) and
   a maximum muzzle energy of 7000 J (5160 ft lb);

In this case, special zeroing procedures are required as explained in regulation 2gi below.

e **Additional Limits on Antique and Muzzle Loading Rifles, Muskets and Pistols**

i None of the above firearms may be discharged on any electronic targetry, Running Boar, Running Target or any of the Clay, Small-bore or Air Gun ranges;

ii Permission for Muzzle Loading Rifles/Muskets to be discharged on any of the pistol ranges must be obtained from the CE in advance.

iii Permission to fire firearms of large calibre whose ammunition is initiated by a black powder or equivalent charge, eg cannons, must be obtained from the CE in advance.

f **Additional Limits on High Muzzle Energy (HME) Firearms**

i A High Muzzle Energy (HME) Firearm is defined as any firearm which, using a particular round, develops a muzzle energy (ME) in excess of 4500 J (3319 ft lb). A special zeroing procedure is required with these firearms before they may be shot at any distance on any range at Bisley. The firearm may be zeroed on the NRA Zero Range using a special target supplied by the Range Office, under observation at the start of the practice for shooting at less than 200 metres or, prior
to shooting at greater distances, at a distance of 200 yards on a special target under the direction of a RCO qualified to conduct HME zeroing (see regulation 5 below).

ii The muzzle energy of a firearm may be calculated from the bullet mass and the muzzle velocity. The attached graph may be used to determine whether a particular firearm/ammunition combination is HME or not. If the ME exceeds 4500 J then the advice of the Range Template Controller should be sought.

iii .338” calibre HME rifles may not be used on any of the ranges due to Range Danger Area and Air Danger Height requirements, which exceed the available range safety template and air danger height.

g Additional Limits on Section 5 Firearms

The use of Section 5 firearms is only permitted with prior permission in writing from the CE personally. Such permission will rarely be given. The request to fire Section 5 firearms must be in writing and must detail the type of firearms and the personnel attending.

h Additional Limits on Shotguns

i Shotguns may be used on Clay Target ranges. Solid shot or slug is not permitted on Clay Target ranges. Restrictions on the size of lead shot which may be used on Clay Target ranges may have to be applied from time to time.

ii Shotguns may be used on Winans Range with prior permission and within the limits for the range.

iii Shotguns may be used on Time Limit range with the prior permission of the Chairman BSRC.

iv Shotguns may be used on Stickledown, Century, or Short Siberia ranges provided that the intention to do so is notified to and approved by the Range Office in advance. On these ranges, projectiles other than solid shot or slug may generally only be used on Butt Zero (between the 800 and 900 yard firing points on Stickledown) unless the match conditions of an event authorised by the NRA requires their use elsewhere. All such use must conform to range safety parameters.

v Shotguns may be used elsewhere on Bisley (eg for vermin control) only with the prior permission of the CE.
vi Plastic wad ammunition may be used on the NCSC layout. Plastic wads designed to remain attached to the projectile may be used when firing slug. Plastic wads are otherwise prohibited.

i **Additional Limits on Black Powder Firearms, Muzzle Brakes and Tables/Benches**

Firers who wish to use Black Powder firearms or muzzle brakes or who wish to shoot from a table or bench should inform the Range Office at the time of booking so that appropriate separation on the firing point can be planned. Any firer who does not give advance notice of such requirement may find that proximity of other firers prevents their desired activity.

3 **Ranges and permitted Firearms**

Ranges and the firearms permitted on them are as follows:

**Rifle Ranges**

i **Stickledown** (Gallery, 800 – 1200 yards). Rifles; gallery rifles, shotguns and pistols by special arrangement only.

Note: All firearms within range limits may be fired on Butt Zero (left hand side of Stickledown, using the prepared face of the 800 yards firing point as the bullet catcher, 5 – 75 metres, turning targets and moving target). Firearms and courses of fire must be specified at time of booking; unusual combinations may be subject to additional constraints.

ii **Century** (Gallery, 100 – 600 yards). Rifles; gallery rifles, shotguns and pistols by special arrangement only.

iii **300m** (Butt 10) (Gallery, 100 yards – 300 metres). Rifles; gallery rifles, shotguns and pistols by special arrangement only.

iv **300 metres** (electronic) (Gallery, 300 metres only). Target rifles and rifles conforming to ISSF Regulations not exceeding 8mm, limited availability.

v **Short Siberia** (Gallery, 100 and 200 yards only). Rifles; gallery rifles, shotguns and pistols by special arrangement only.

vi **Zero** (No Danger Area Range, 71’ 7”). Fullbore rifles only. The prone or supine (back) positions only may be used.

vii **Winans** (No Danger Area Range, up to 25 metres). All firearms within range limits. Range-specific orders apply.
**Gallery Rifle and Pistol Ranges** (unless excepted max MV 655 m/s, max ME 2030 J)

Fullbore centre fire rifles other than gallery rifles may never be used on pistol ranges unless approved in advance by the CE. Small-bore target rifles used for prone or 3-position shooting to NSRA or ISSF rules may be used on Melville and Cheylesmore but only by prior arrangement with the Range Office.

viii **Melville** (Gallery Rifle and Pistol, turning targets up to 50 metres). Gallery rifles and pistols; muzzle loading rifles and .22” target rifles for prone or 3-position shooting by special arrangement only. Firearms exceeding the GR MV and ME limits only in exceptional circumstances with prior written permission of the CE.

ix **Cheylesmore** (No Danger Area Range). (Gallery Rifle and Pistol, turning targets at 25 metres only). Rifles within GR ME and MV limits. Pistols other than air pistols.

x **Time Limit** (Gallery Rifle, 10, 25 and 50 metres). Gallery rifles, shotgun within GR MV and ME limits, air rifles and air pistols only. Administered by the British Sporting Rifle Club.

**Moving Target Ranges**

xi **Running Deer** (Running and Static Targets). Administered by the British Sporting Rifle Club.

xii **Running Boar** (Running and Static Targets at 50 metres only). GRCF, GRSB and small-bore rifles only. Administered by the British Sporting Rifle Club.

xiii **Running Target** (Running Target at 10 metres only). Air rifles only (in the Clubhouse). Administered by the British Sporting Rifle Club.

**Clay Target Ranges**

xiv **Cottesloe Heath** Sporting Clay Target and FITASC Sporting and FITASC layouts. Shotgun only. Administered by Bisley Shooting Ground.

xv **Long Siberia** Sporting Clay Target and FITASC Sporting and FITASC layouts. Shotgun only. Administered by Bisley Shooting Ground.

xvi **Shorts** Clay Target Ranges. Skeet, Olympic Trap, ABT, DTL and Practice. Shotgun only. Administered by National Clay Shooting Centre.
Small-bore and Air Gun Ranges

xvii **NSRA International Range** (No Danger Area Range, 25 and 50 metres). Small-bore rifle and pistol only. Administered by the National Small-bore Rifle Association.

xviii **NSRA International Range** (Air Gun, 10m only). Air rifle and air pistol only. Administered by the National Small-bore Rifle Association.

xix **Field Target** Air rifles only. Administered by the Bisley Field Target Organisation.

4 **Range Use**

a No rifle or pistol ranges may be used without the prior permission of the NRA. For routine use, not requiring the prior permission of the CE, the allocation of range space by the range office constitutes permission.

b The ranges are reserved for the use of NRA members and members of Associations and Clubs affiliated to the NRA. Other persons or bodies may only use the ranges with the prior permission of the CE. Individual members of the NRA may, subject to booking or arrangement with the entity who has booked and subject to holding the relevant Shooter’s Certification Card, use any approved target on any range directly controlled by the NRA. Members of affiliated organisations may only use targets when use has been arranged by their organisation except that such members may, as individuals, use the Zero Range on any day when their organisation has a booking on Stickledown, Century or Siberia ranges.

c All users of NRA ranges (other than those using clay target ranges or airguns or engaged in single shot .22” rimfire shooting in practices governed by the rules of the NSRA) must be in possession of a current Shooter’s Certification Card, or be supervised on a one-to-one basis by the holder of such a card. Such a card is only valid if it bears the signature of the individual’s Club Chairman or the Secretary General of the NRA. The card must be valid for all the firearms that the user intends to fire on Bisley ranges. The card must be produced to the Range Office staff when signing-in as an individual shooter. ROs must certify (see regulation 5) that all members of their group will comply with the above.

d No shooting is permitted other than on approved ranges, except with the permission of the NRA.

i On the NRA ranges firers must use only the targets and the distances allocated to them by the Range Office.
Any concerns or queries in connection with the targets provided must be reported to the Range Office before firing commences.

ii On the NCSC Clay Target ranges the layouts to be used will be as allocated by the National Clay Shooting Centre. Only shooters and supporting personnel authorised by the National Clay Shooting Centre are permitted on to the firing point/line.

e Dates and times of shooting
The rifle and pistol ranges are normally closed to non-commercial users on Mondays (except Bank Holidays), Good Friday and between Christmas Eve and New Years Day inclusive. The Clay ranges may be open during the Christmas holiday period and at times other than those stated for the rifle and pistol ranges. Other closure periods will be notified at the gate or in the Range Office.

i All ranges except Cottesloe Heath, Field Target, Long Siberia, NSRA Ranges, NCSC Clay Ranges, Cheylesmore, Winans and Zero Range:
Low Season
Weekdays: 08:30 to 12:30 and 13:30 to 16:00
Weekends: 08:30 to 12:30 and 13:30 to 16:00 (16:30 March)

High Season
Weekdays: 08:30 to 12:30 and 13:30 to 16:30
Weekends: 08:30 to 12:30 and 13:30 to 17:30

ii Cheylesmore, Winans and Zero Range:
As authorised by the Range Office.

iii NCSC Clay Target Ranges:
The NCSC staff in consultation with the Range Office will arrange shooting times.

iv Cottesloe Heath, Long Siberia, Field Target and NSRA Ranges:
As published by the range operators.

f Signals Indicating Commencement and Cessation of Firing
i Normal operation: Cheylesmore, Sporting, Melville, Stickledown, Winans, Zero, Century and Siberia Ranges
Unless prior permission has been requested and granted, the start and conclusion of shooting periods will be indicated by siren and must be strictly observed. One blast on the siren is the signal to ROs that they may permit shooting to
commence. A cease fire at the end of a shooting period will be notified by two blasts on the siren at an interval of about 15 seconds. All shooters must cease fire and unload.

ii **Emergencies: All ranges except NSRA ranges**
Should an immediate cease fire be required at any other time this will be indicated by four (or more) blasts of the siren: all shooters must cease fire at once. All ROs and radio users must select the Control channel on their radios and await instructions. If general permission to continue firing is granted, it will be indicated to ROs by one long blast on the siren. Specific permission to continue may be granted range by range by telephone or radio.

g **Restrictions on Targets**
Unless prior permission has been obtained from the CE only targets from the NRA approved set may be used. The more commonly used targets are detailed in the NRA Handbook Appendix IV, and the full target set may be consulted on application to the Shooting Division NRA. Targets are to be used in the frames or holders provided and are to be engaged only from the recognised firing points and appropriate shooting station or peg. Snap targets are to be exposed in or in front of target frames. No laterally-moving target may be used on gallery ranges without the permission of the CE. Skittles, falling plates or other hard targets may not be engaged at a distance of less than 25 yards (22 metres) without the permission of the CE.

h **Restrictions on Firing**
i Indiscriminate firing is forbidden. Regardless of the time constraints of any particular practice, firers must prioritise the requirement to hit the target over the need to meet any time limit.

ii On Stickledown, Century and Short Siberia, firing is to be carried out from the prone or back position or from a bench except where expressly provided by the conditions of a particular discipline or approved competition rules. The intention to fire from any other position must be notified to the Range Office at the time of booking to allow suitable target allocation on the range.

iii The use of non-standard or improvised firing points is forbidden except with the prior authority of the CE.
iv Courses of fire that involve movement (other than changing firing position eg from standing to kneeling) with a loaded firearm are forbidden except with the prior authority of the CE.

5 **Range Officer (RO) – appointment and duties**

a An Association, Club or group of persons intending to shoot on any range must appoint a Range Officer (RO) who will be present on the range while shooting is in progress and whose responsibility it is to ensure that range activity is conducted in a safe manner and in accordance with these Regulations. An individual shooter may act as his own RO if no other RO is formally appointed and if the following conditions are met:

On the Zero Range, or;

If aged 18 or over and an individual member of the NRA, when shooting a deliberate supported or static discipline on a range other than Cheylesmore or Winans.

A shooter acting as his own RO may not, during his practice, supervise another shooter.

b Before commencement of shooting the RO must sign the register in the NRA Range Office, thereby accepting responsibility to ensure that range activity under his supervision is conducted in accordance with these Regulations. He must also sign off when shooting is completed, thus certifying that he has completed all actions required by these Regulations. Having signed the register, the RO acts as an official under orders of the CRO within the meaning of NRA rule 113.

c An RO is to carry out his duties and exercise authority in accordance with NRA Handbook para 126. In particular, and mindful that the senior member of the NRA Range Services staff acts as CRO if one is not formally appointed, an RO is to:

Report all breaches of Regulations and all Range Occurrences as defined at NRA Handbook para 109 to the CRO as soon as practicable and no later than the end of his duty on the day.

If a Range Occurrence constitutes a Range Incident: stop all firing under his control, ensure the situation is safe, isolate the persons and equipment involved, inform the CRO and carry out any direction from the CRO before permitting firing under his control to recommence.
If a Range Occurrence constitutes a Range Accident: stop all firing under his control, ensure the situation is safe (which may involve calling an emergency stop), give immediate first aid, summon assistance through the CRO and carry out any direction given, do not handle or permit to be handled any items involved other than the minimum essential to make the situation safe and to give first aid.

Note that a firearm or ammunition malfunction of itself does not necessarily constitute a Range Occurrence.

d The ROs responsibility and authority extend to the safety and supervision of any person assisting in the shooting activity, such as instructors, register keepers and range rigging crew. In particular, on a Gallery Range (Stickledown, Century or Short Siberia), the RO is also responsible for the butts party. The NRA will train and supervise its own staff and accepts the associated responsibilities, and the RO should exercise his authority over NRA staff through the Range Office and Butts supervisor as appropriate. The RO is responsible both personally and as representative of his Association Club or group for the training, competence and supervision of any person other than NRA staff employed (whether for payment or otherwise) to work in the butts on target lanes under his control. The NRA Bisley Target Markers Training Syllabus is available on request from the Range Office.

e The RO must ensure that persons under his control are fully covered by insurance, including third party public liability cover. Individual NRA members are so insured. Members of affiliated clubs who are not individual NRA members may only shoot when their club has booked the range space, either directly or through another club by mutual arrangement on an official club day.

f If the RO intends to conduct zeroing practices with an HME firearm (see regulation 2g i above) he must hold the RCO (HME) qualification. Once the HME firearm has been correctly zeroed, firing at any other distance or on any other range may be conducted by any RO, who need not hold the RCO (HME) qualification.

6 Safety Regulations

a Unless prior permission has been obtained from NRA, no firearm may be loaded or fired before the siren has indicated the commencement of a shooting period. No firearm shall be loaded or fired until the (C)RO has given the order to do so. Firearms may not be placed on the firing point except under the direction
of the RO; see also d(i) below. Equipment, including ammunition, may be placed on the firing point at the (C)RO’s discretion once all movement of personnel forward of the firing point has ceased in preparation for firing.

b Aiming or “snapping” an unloaded firearm is NOT allowed in any public place except as part of a properly organised course of instruction, or when in the firing position on a firing point with the permission of the RO, and then only if it would, in all respects, be safe to fire a live round.

c At no time may any part of the body be placed in front of the muzzle of a loaded firearm.

d Except when otherwise prescribed in the conditions of a discipline or competition:

i Firearms may not be placed on the firing point except under the direction of the RO and where it is safe in all respects to fire.

ii No firearm is to be loaded until the shooter is in the firing position on a recognised firing point.

iii A loaded firearm must at all times point towards the butts observing NRA Handbook Para 118.

iv When loading, unloading or checking a firearm, the barrel must at all times be pointed in a safe direction observing NRA Handbook Paras 117 and 118.

e Individual firers are responsible for ensuring that their firearm is safe at all times. On the conclusion of a shoot or stage, or on the order of the RO, all firers must:

i unload their firearm and inspect the chamber, action, boltface and magazine (if one is fitted) to ensure that the firearm is clear,

ii if requesting inspection by a person other than the CRO or a range official, dismantle their firearm to the extent necessary to permit a clear view through the chamber and barrel,

iii present their firearm to the designated person on the firing point and have them inspect and confirm that the firearm is clear,

iv for a Service Weapon complete the unload in accordance with the current Service procedure,

v either keep the bolt removed or insert a breech flag (or both) for any bolt-action rifle, or carry out the equivalent procedure
for other firearms (which may include casing in accordance with GR&P procedure) before leaving the firing point and before anyone goes forward of the firing point. Where applicable the firer must also ensure that the coach, register keeper, RO or RCO signs their squadding card as having inspected and cleared the firearm.

f  A firer using a bolt-action rifle must carry it either with the breech open and a breech flag, which must protrude into the chamber, clearly inserted, or with the bolt removed from the rifle, except when on the firing point.

As an exception to the above civilian service rifles or practical rifles which are able to utilise a magazine fitted loading block which locks the working parts to the rear may do so. Unless GR&P rules apply, a firer using a self-loading rifle must carry it unloaded, ie no magazine on it, no round in the chamber, working parts forward, not cocked and safety catch at ‘safe’.

Firearms specified in the NRA GR&P, TS or CSR/PR Handbooks (published separately) must be carried in accordance with specified rules.

All other firearms must be carried in a manner such that they are as clearly unloaded as is possible for that type of firearm.

g  A competitor acting in a dangerous manner will forthwith be forbidden to fire again or take further part in any shoot at Bisley until a report has been made to the CRO and the circumstances have been fully investigated. Where considered appropriate the matter will be reported to the NRA for possible disciplinary action.

h  Care must be taken when changing distance or crossing a range. Any person must immediately call an emergency cease fire (“Stop, Stop, Stop”) if it appears that a person is likely to enter the danger area. Particular care must be taken on days when reverse echelon firing (500/600 yards on the left hand side and 200/300 yards on the right hand side of Century Range, or 1000 yards on the left hand side and 900 yards on the right hand side of Stickledown Range) is operating.

7 Safe Custody

Firearms and live ammunition, when not in the personal care of the person responsible, must be kept in an armoury, under lock and key in secure accommodation or otherwise in accordance with Home Office guidance. Responsibility for the safe custody of firearms or ammunition lies with the
individual owner. In particular firearms are not to be left unattended on the ranges.

8 Butts
a See para 5d above regarding responsibilities of an RO for a butts party.
b Markers are to enter and leave the butts by the covered and recognised safe approaches provided and within the markers gallery; on no account are markers to use the roads in the butts while firing is in progress. Markers and all others in the butts must remain within the protection of their gallery and under the mantlet while shooting is in progress. All who are working or marking in the butts must wear hearing protection.
c No object may be thrown or placed upon the face of the butt or mantlet.
d Butts must be tidied before the marker leaves his position.

9 Minors
Minors under the age of 14 must remain under the supervision of a parent or guardian or other competent adult at all times during shooting periods. Their hearing must be fully protected. They are not allowed as markers in the butts. There is no minimum age limit for minors to shoot on Bisley ranges. However, for minors under the age of 14 an application for permission to shoot must be made to the NRA well in advance of the planned visit. This does not affect any cadet or other recognised youth organisations whilst shooting at an official event.

10 Spectators
Spectators are to remain behind the firing point at all times and are to comply strictly with the instructions given by the RO or any NRA official. Adequate precautions must be taken by spectators to protect their hearing and eyesight.

11 Use of Radios and Emergency Procedures
Communications between users and ROs on the ranges and the Range Control are normally by radio. The control channel on NRA radios is on the furthest clockwise stud on the frequency knob. In the event of an emergency ROs should switch to the control channel and pass the message “Emergency, Emergency, Emergency, Hello Control this is (eg) Range 13 at 300 yards, firer injured and requires . . .”. In this case, all other radio users are to remain off the air until the emergency has been dealt with. First Aid equipment is available in the Range Office and the NRA vehicles. Trained First Aiders are on duty in the Range Office. All injuries are to be reported immediately to a member of the
Range Office staff who will, if necessary, call an ambulance (and post a guide at the entrance to Camp) and enter full details of the occurrence in both the Accident and Incident Books. The control channel is monitored continuously when the ranges are open, and is the simplest and fastest method of contacting the NRA staff and of obtaining help in an emergency.

12 Health

In view of the potential permanent damage which can be caused to hearing, all persons involved in a shoot, or in close proximity when shooting is taking place, must wear hearing protection. The wearing of hearing protection is mandatory when in the butts. The wearing of eye protection by all shotgun, pistol and gallery rifle shooters and by spectators on such ranges, is highly recommended at all times and is mandated in several circumstances. See the NRA Eye Protection Policy at Appendix III to the NRA Handbook.

13 Clothing and Equipment

In accordance with Rule 201, a firer whose equipment (including firearms) or dress are thought inappropriate or likely to bring the Association into disrepute may be challenged by the RO or other member of NRA staff and may be required to withdraw.
Allowable limits for muzzle velocity and bullet weight

- **ME < 4500J**: Permitted with no restrictions
- **4500J < ME < 7000J**: HME zeroing procedures required
- **ME > 7000J** or **MV > 3281ft/sec**: Not permitted

**Graph Details**:
- ME Graph (see Appendix II Para 2g)
APPENDIX III – EYE PROTECTION

It is the norm in a great many shooting activities that participants wear eye protection. The NRA does not wish to be overly prescriptive on this issue and after consideration has reached the following position.

1. Eye protection is not considered necessary when using rifles that operate with a locked bolt or falling block because such firearms:
   a. Do not eject small metallic parts or powder residue at the breech end except in instances of catastrophic failure
   b. Are designed to fail in such a way that the user is not exposed to debris
   c. Are designed to fail in such a way that any debris travels only a short distance and should not present a hazard to others at the typical spacing of competitors on the firing point.

2. Because of the hazard from escaping debris, ejected components, splashback of fragments and combustion residue that arises in normal use, eye protection should be recommended whenever the following are in use:
   a. Muzzle-loading pistols
   b. Muzzle-loading rifles/muskets with exposed ignition mechanism (e.g., flintlock / exposed percussion cap)
   c. Revolvers
   d. Firearms with a blowback action, including both lever-release and semi-automatic mechanisms
   e. Magazine-load firearms using pistol calibre ammunition where the small case may present a hazard on ejection.

3. Eye protection should, with some limited exceptions, be mandated for participants, officials and spectators in NRA events (whether competitive or not) involving the firearms listed at 2 above because:
   a. The risk is largely to persons in the immediate vicinity of the firearm rather than the user
   b. This type of event tends to have a wide variety of firearm types in use in close proximity at the same time on the same firing point
   c. Some competitors perceive a competitive disadvantage in wearing eye protection, thus the requirement must apply to all
   d. Enforcement is easier if everyone in a defined vicinity of the firing point is required to wear eye protection.
Consequently, part of the competition conditions of events involving the firearms listed at 2 above will be that participants wear eye protection. Match directors will have discretion to exempt specific practices within the event where the practice conditions are such that the hazards envisaged do not actually arise.

4 The wearing of eye protection is mandatory when shooting hard targets at distances of 25m or less.

Parts D-E
Sections 25-50
Paras 85-100

Reserved
Reserved
Reserved
THE NRA RULES OF SHOOTING

F – GENERAL RULES

SECTION 51 – EXPLANATORY AND DEFINITIONS

101 The NRA Rules of Shooting (including Appendices) are “Rules” and are of general application. The Imperial Meeting volume contains “Regulations” (including Appendices) for the administration of an event and “Conditions” for specific competitions, which unless stated otherwise are applicable only during the Imperial Meeting. Discipline-specific rules, such as the Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately) may include any or all of Rules, Regulations and Conditions. If compliance with one rule necessitates breaking another, the order of precedence is:

a Range Safety Regulations
b Discipline-specific Safety Rules
c The generic Safety Rules at Section 52
d Conditions
e Discipline-specific Regulations
f Generic Regulations
g Discipline-specific Rules other than Safety Rules
h Generic Rules other than Safety Rules

102 a In these Rules the word “Meeting” means the Imperial Prize Meeting of the NRA at Bisley.
b In the case of other meetings conducted “under the NRA Rules of Shooting” these Rules shall apply except where otherwise stated.
c A match organiser conducting an event “under the NRA Rules of Shooting” but with exceptions, who attempts to exempt or circumvent any of the Safety Rules (Section 52) may be liable to penalties under rule 545.
d Where these Rules apply and any offence of the nature described in Paras 544 to 546 is committed the circumstances should be reported to the NRA as soon as possible.
e These Rules, and the Bisley Ranges Regulations, must be read and complied with by all firers at Bisley. Both have general application throughout the year.

103 Subject to adherence to the policy of the Council, the Shooting Committee is empowered to vary or add to these Rules, Regulations and Conditions, including the cancellation in whole or in part of any competition, whether commenced or not, upon such conditions (if any) as the Committee
may determine, if in its opinion such variation or addition is necessary. In cases of emergency or urgency the Chairman of the Shooting Committee or his authorised representative is empowered to make decisions on its behalf. Any such variation or addition will be published on the notice boards during the Imperial Meeting or on the NRA website or in the NRA Journal.

The Shooting Committee is granted numerous discretionary powers under these Rules and Regulations. The Shooting Committee may delegate such powers to sub-committees or individuals for the duration of any specific event. The Shooting Committee may appoint Scrutineers and Ammunition Officers to inspect firearms, equipment, scorecards and ammunition in the course of any competition organised by the NRA. The Shooting Committee shall publish the procedures to be followed by Scrutineers and Ammunition Officers before commencement of the relevant competition.

104 The Council has granted summary powers to deal with matters of conduct and discipline by way of a separate code, operated by the Disciplinary Body, which shall be appointed by the General Council. The Code of Operation for the handling of Disciplinary Matters is shown in Section 11.

105 Members must read and comply with all Rules and any notices placed on the notice boards or in the NRA Journal by the authority of the Shooting Committee. Ignorance will not be accepted as an excuse.

106 Complaints must be made in writing and delivered to the appropriate NRA department which will do its best to rectify the problem as quickly as possible.

Countries – Definitions

107 Throughout this document, unless the context explicitly makes clear otherwise:

“Great Britain”, and the abbreviation “GB”, means the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
“Northern Ireland” means the island of Ireland, including its islands and seas.
“NI” means Northern Ireland.
“RoI” means the Republic of Ireland.
“British Isles” is a geographic area comprising the territories of GB, RoI, the Channel Isles and the Isle of Man.

A “country” is any one of: a sovereign nation; a self-governing colony of any sovereign nation; a Crown Dependency; a UK Dependency; England; Ireland; Scotland; Wales. Other entities may be designated a “country” on a case-by-case basis.

An “overseas country” is any country wholly outside the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
“State” refers to a subdivision of a country eg a State of the USA, and not to a Nation State.

**Responsible persons supervising live firing – definitions**

108 a Whenever live firing takes place, one individual is allocated the responsibility of supervising the activity to ensure that it is conducted safely and in accordance with applicable rules and indicates acceptance of this responsibility by signing an agreement to do so. That individual is conventionally known as the Range Officer (RO), or if responsible for such a large or varied activity that assistance is required, the Chief Range Officer (CRO), with a number of ROs under his command. A Safety Supervisor (SS) assists an RO by close supervision of one or two shooters during a specific practice. A Range Conducting Officer (RCO) is a person who holds a formal qualification from a recognised authority to supervise live firing within limits specified. The RCO is the responsible person holding such a qualification who is supervising live firing on a range where such a qualification is required to do so.

b A Range Operating Authority (ROA) is the person or organisation responsible for ensuring that a range is constructed and maintained to recognised safety and legal standards and for providing a physical and regulatory environment within which an RO can run that range in safety and within the law.

c A Range Template Controller (RTC) is the person appointed by the Range Operating Authority to co-ordinate multiple user groups operating simultaneously on a range or range complex. The instructions of the RTC to effect co-ordination are binding on all range users, including any CRO, RO, RCO or SS on the range.

109 **Occurrences, Accidents and Incidents - definitions**

- **Range Occurrence**: An unexpected or unplanned event occurring within the physical dimensions of a firing range, arising from activity directly associated with live firing and having actual or potential adverse consequences.

- **Range Accident**: An unintended range occurrence leading to personal injury or damage to property.

- **Range Incident**: An unintended range occurrence that could in different circumstances have resulted in personal injury or damage to property.
SECTION 52 – SAFETY RULES
110 Throughout this section the expression “CRO” includes the Head of Range Services or his appointee at Bisley whenever a Chief Range Officer is not formally appointed.

111 If any person on the range considers that there is a potential or actual breach of safety which urgently requires all firers to stop firing he will immediately give the order “Stop, Stop, Stop”. All firers must immediately stop firing, take their finger off the trigger, keep their firearms pointing at the target and await further instructions. No-one may unload or move off the firing point. The person ordering the stop, if not himself the RO, must immediately explain his action to the RO so that the RO may take effective control of the situation.

112 It is the responsibility of the firer to ensure that he is fit, competent, safe, legal and authorised to participate in range activity with firearms. The (C)RO or any official acting with the authority of the CRO may prohibit any person from such participation if in that official’s opinion a person is not fit, competent, safe, legal or authorised. If the opinion giving rise to a prohibition stems from a perceived deliberate act by the person prohibited, including intoxication or misuse of drugs, the official shall report the matter to the Secretary General for consideration of disciplinary action.

113 When at the firing point a firer must comply with all orders for the due carrying out of the NRA Rules and Regulations given by the CRO or any official acting under orders of the CRO. Without prejudice to the authority of the CRO or RTC, all persons on or in the immediate vicinity of a range element under the control of an RO are to obey the instructions of the RO.

114 No firer may move himself or his equipment forward onto the firing point until authorised to do so by the (C)RO.

115 No round may be placed on the loading platform or in the firearm, nor may it be fired, until the RO has given the order to do so (see Para 546c).

116 A firer is responsible for ensuring that his firearm and his ammunition (if provided by himself) is safe to use. He must submit his firearm and ammunition for inspection and testing whenever required.

No ammunition of a dangerous character may be used. For definition of dangerous ammunition and instructions for ROs see Appendix VI and Paras 288 and 544.

117 The bolt (or equivalent working part in other types of firearm) must not be closed (or opened after being closed) on a live round if the barrel is elevated at more than 70 mils (approximately 4°) above the horizontal. In practice this means that when closing or opening the bolt with a live round in the chamber the barrel should be horizontal and laterally aligned within the target lane.
118 Except only where otherwise prescribed in the conditions of an NRA event or other rules of specific and limited application, a loaded firearm must at all times point no further left or right of the direct line to the assigned target than the standard safety angle of 200 mil (11.25 degrees – approximately six targets width per hundred yards distance). A firer who consistently points a loaded firearm outside these limits may be considered to be acting in a dangerous manner (Para 125).

119 Neither aiming nor snapping an unloaded firearm is allowed except when in the firing position on the firing point, and then only if it would be in all respects safe actually to fire and provided it causes no delay. Firers shooting muzzle loading firearms may, after the order has been given by the RO, “cap off” to clear nipple vents prior to loading for fouling shots. During capping off the firearms must be pointed down range or into the ground immediately in front of the firing point. When firers have completed capping off they must retire from the firing point to their designated loading location behind the firing point.

120 A firer who neither observes nor receives any indication of the impact of his first shot, or in a practice where shots are not signalled individually of at least one shot in the first string, may only continue if one of the following applies:

a The firer identifies and rectifies a fault or error (eg mis-set sight) that would reasonably account for the miss.

b There is reasonable evidence (eg an unexplained shot on the next target) that the firer has crossfired.

c There is reasonable evidence (eg based on the advice of other competitors, which advice shall not be considered to be in the nature of coaching) that the wind allowance applied was such as to account for the miss.

d With the permission of the RO (eg as in Para 301).

121 **Misfire Procedures**

a Bolt-action centrefire rifles. If a misfire occurs the firer must remain on aim for at least 30 seconds (in case of a hangfire) and inform the RO. Under the supervision of the RO the firer should tilt the rifle to the side and open the bolt, ensuring that his hand is not behind the bolt and that no one is standing behind the rifle. He must ensure that the cartridge comes out complete with the bullet.

b Gallery Rifle. In accordance with the procedures in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

c Other types of firearm. As specified in the procedures for the relevant discipline.
122 Inspection of Firearms and Magazines

a  Firer’s responsibilities
The firer is responsible for ensuring both that his firearm is clear and that it is independently inspected in accordance with this rule before it is removed from the firing point. The action of “unloading” in this rule requires that, before inspection, such of the following actions as are possible and within the designers intent for the firearm type have been carried out:

i  Safety catch applied.
ii  Magazine removed.
iii  Integral magazine / cylinder emptied.
iv  Chamber and action cleared of rounds, misfires and empty cases.
v  Working parts fully open and locked.

The formal unload procedure for a Service Weapon may require additional steps after the inspection. Any firer who fails to present his firearm for inspection whether called to do so or not, or who presents his firearm for inspection in an unsafe condition, may be considered as “acting in a way that might prove dangerous” and be dealt with as in Para 546.

b  Person Designated to inspect
The responsibility to carry out inspections falls to a specific individual. By default, the inspection should be carried out by the CRO or a member of the range staff to whom the CRO delegates the responsibility. The following concessions are permitted, subject to any overriding instruction by the CRO or range staff:

i  In a team event where a coach is present on the firing point, the coach may carry out the inspection.
ii  In individual competition, or in team competition if no coach is present, the register keeper may carry out the inspection.
iii  Individuals outside competition may have their firearm inspected by any person sharing range space with them.

In all cases where a concession is invoked, the person inspecting must look down the barrel from the breech end and observe that the action and chamber are clear, and the firer must dismantle the firearm to the extent necessary to permit such observation. It remains the firer’s responsibility to ensure that the person inspecting does so.

c  Procedure
On the conclusion of a shoot or stage, or on the order of the (C)RO, all firers must:
i unload their firearm and inspect the chamber, action, boltface and magazine (if one is fitted) to ensure that the firearm is clear,

ii if requesting inspection by a person other than the CRO or a range official, dismantle their firearm to the extent necessary to permit a clear view through the chamber and barrel,

iii present their firearm to the designated person on the firing point and have them inspect and confirm that the firearm is clear,

iv for a Service Weapon complete the unload in accordance with the current Service procedure,

v either keep the bolt removed or insert a breech flag (or both) for any bolt-action rifle, or carry out the equivalent procedure for other firearms (which may include casing in accordance with GR&P procedure)

before leaving the firing point and before anyone goes forward of the firing point.

**d Comment**

The practical results of the above rule are that any firearm other than a bolt-action or break-action firearm should for simplicity be inspected by the CRO or an official on his behalf, and that if a firer requires a bolt-action firearm to be inspected by anyone other than the CRO or an official on his behalf, the firer must remove the bolt.

123 A firer using a bolt-action rifle must carry it either with the breech open and a breech flag, which must protrude into the chamber, clearly inserted, or with the bolt removed from the rifle, except when on the firing point. Para 114 applies.

As an exception to the above civilian service rifles or practical rifles which are able to utilise a magazine fitted loading block which locks the working parts to the rear may do so.

Unless GR&P rules apply, a firer using a self-loading rifle must carry it unloaded, ie no magazine on it, no round in the chamber, working parts forward, not cocked and safety catch at ‘safe’.

Firearms specified in the NRA GR&P, TS and CSR/PR Handbooks (published separately) must be carried in accordance with relevant rules.

All other firearms must be carried in a manner such that they are as clearly unloaded as is possible for that type of firearm.

124 If a firearm cannot be unloaded in the normal manner, the firer is to leave it on the firing point pointing towards the target. The firer is to inform the RO immediately. The firearm is to remain pointing towards the target until the detail has finished and all firers have cleared the firing point. The RO is to arrange for a competent person to make the firearm safe on the firing point.
At no time may a loaded firearm be taken from the firing point behind shooters or spectators. Should the armourer have to fire or expend a competitor’s live round in the interests of safety, that round will be replaced on the authority of the RO.

125 A firer acting in a dangerous manner will forthwith be forbidden to fire again until the circumstances have been investigated and decided on, or referred to higher authority, by the CRO.

126 Powers and Duties of the Range Officer

a Powers
During the period that a range is open for use, and at any time that the firing point is occupied by people or equipment prior or subsequent to the range being open for use, and subject to any restriction imposed by or on behalf of the Chief Range Officer or Range Template Controller, the appointed Range Officer (RO) is in sole charge of that element of the range he has accepted responsibility for. The RO may issue such instructions as he deems necessary for the operation of the range element under his charge both in safety and within the published rules and range regulations.

b Duties
The RO is only to permit live firing when he has satisfied himself and remains satisfied that it is safe and within applicable regulations to do so.

The RO is to remain sufficiently close to the firing point to enable him to observe, give instructions to and respond to requests from all firers under his control.

If the RO finds it necessary to leave his post, he is either to stop all firing and clear the firing point of firers and firearms, or appoint another person, qualified competent and experienced to the standard required by the Range Operating Authority, to act as RO in his place, handing over the duty in accordance with the procedure required by the Range Operating Authority.

The RO is to deal with range occurrences, accidents and incidents in accordance with the procedure set out by the Range Operating Authority.

Section 53 Reserved
Para 127-130 Reserved
G – FIREARMS, AMMUNITION, EQUIPMENT, TARGETS AND TECHNIQUES

SECTION 54 – GENERAL

131 Outside competition, NRA members may use any combination of firearm, ammunition, target, equipment and technique that falls within the safety regulations of the range in use. For reference, the Bisley Ranges Regulations are reproduced at Appendix II to Volume 1. These regulations are liable to change and users of Bisley Ranges must check the latest version, available in the Range Office, before firing.

132 It is forbidden to use any artifice that may facilitate shooting and which is not expressly permitted by the Rules, if in the opinion of the Disciplinary Committee such artifice is contrary to the spirit of the Rules (Para 546). A competitor may, before using an artifice in competition, submit such artifice for consideration by the Shooting Committee, and the decision of the Shooting Committee as to its acceptability under the Rules shall then be binding.

133 Drug misuse is forbidden (see Para 544 and Paras 36, 37 and 112).

134 The Shooting Committee may on application permit such modification to the firearm, clothing, equipment or technique of a physically disabled competitor as may assist him to compete on equal terms with other competitors.

135-146 Reserved

SECTION 55 – SPECIFICATION OF CATEGORIES OF FIREARMS AND THEIR AMMUNITION

147 Firearms are divided into categories. A firearm and its associated ammunition may be used in competition only if it complies in all respects with the appropriate Rules for a category that is permitted in the Conditions of the competition (see Para 544). A change of ammunition may change the category into which a firearm falls. One year’s notice is normally given of any change in any Rule specifying a category.

148 The word “Pistol” embraces all types of handgun whether self-loading (eg Service Pistol and Long Barreled Pistol), single shot muzzle loading or multiple shot chamber loading.

SR – Service Rifle

149 a The 5.56mm Self Loading Rifle as issued by the British or a Commonwealth Government and used without any unauthorised alterations or additions.

b An officially accredited team from the Armed Forces of any Government other than in a above, may use the Self Loading Rifle in current use in such Armed Forces. An official technical
specification must be provided, and rifles must be used “as issued” in normal combat configuration (eg sights and magazines) without any alterations or additions which are not permitted generally or on general issue. The use of ‘National Match’ or sniper grade rifles or sights is not permitted. A team using rifles in a calibre other than 7.62mm NATO or 5.56mm may have to arrange supply of appropriate ammunition. Team captains must sign a declaration that this Rule has been fully complied with.

c Units armed with the 5.56mm C7 Rifle may use these in SR events.

**Gas Plug:** Where fitted this must be set to fire in self-loading mode.

**Sling:** The sling as issued with the rifle may be used as an aid to steady the rifle, either attached to the front sling swivel and used as a single point sling, or attached to both sling swivels as a two-point sling.

With the 5.56mm L85A1 or L85A2 rifle it must also be attached to the body as described in Inf Trg Vol IV Pamphlet No 6.

**Bipod:** If fitted, may not be used as a support for the rifle when firing.

**Sights:** Optic – Standard optical sights as issued with the rifle. Iron – Standard iron sights as issued with the rifle. The backsight may not be adjusted laterally nor may the height of the foresight be adjusted once a practice has begun. Iron sights may be blackened. No unauthorised device may be affixed for shielding sights.

Wind must be allowed for by aiming off. If a wind gauge is fitted, it must be set centrally. It is a contravention of Para 132 to move the backsight for this purpose.

**Pull of trigger:** Minimum 2.267kg (5lbs) in the case of the rifles L85A1, L85A2 and (Canadian) C7. In other cases, the pull of the trigger must be not less than that laid down in the official technical specification for the rifle concerned.

**Ammunition:** Unless specifically sanctioned, only service ammunition issued on the range may be used (see Para 544).

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**TR – Target Rifle**

Any bolt-action rifle which, in the opinion of the Shooting Committee, is of conventional design and safe. All rifles must also conform to the following:

**General:** The rifle or all its component parts must be readily available in quantity.

**Weight:** Maximum 6.5kg (14.32lbs) as used including all attachments except the sling.

**Barrel and Chamber:** Suitable for firing any of:

- the standard 7.62 x 51mm NATO military cartridge
- the .308” Winchester commercial cartridge
c the .303” British Mk VII military cartridge
d the standard 5.56 x 45mm NATO military cartridge
e the .223” Remington commercial cartridge

Note: (a) and (b) are not necessarily the same, and (d) and (e) are not the same. Attention is drawn to Appendix VI.

Bore and Chamber Dimensions: The dimensions must not be less than either CIP or SAAMI minimum chamber drawings (whichever is the smaller) other than in (a) and (b) above where the following concessions are permitted:

- the bore diameter must not be less than 0.298”.
- the groove diameter must not be less than 0.3065”.
- the throat diameter must not be less than either the bullet diameter or 0.3085”, whichever is the greater.
- the minimum throat length may also be reduced but only to such an extent that the bullet of the cartridge in use is not in contact with the rifling. See Appendix VI Para 6f.

If reduced bore or groove diameters as above are used, only ammunition developing an average max pressure less than 3650 Bar under CIP test conditions may be used. NRA ammunition “as issued” will satisfy this limit.

Pull of trigger: Minimum 1.5kg (3.307lbs). Set triggers and ‘release’ triggers are not allowed.

Stock and Butt: May be shaped so as to be comfortable to the firer. A thumb hole for the trigger hand is permitted. Adjustable butt plates without hooks are permitted. The depth of the butt plate curvature shall not exceed 20mm (0.79”) at its deepest point. A hand stop is permitted.

Magazine: If fitted shall not be used except as a loading platform for single rounds.

Muzzle brakes: Not allowed.

Sling: Must conform to Para 209.

Backsight: A variable dioptr e eye piece or single correcting lens may be used (but see Paras 206 and 207). One or more optically flat filters may also be used in front of or in rear of the aperture. A flexible disc or eyecup may be used. In addition a piece of flat material or a blinder may be fitted to the backsight to restrict the vision of the disengaged eye.

Foresight: Any type which may contain a single clear or coloured magnifying lens which has a minimum focal length of 2 metres (0.5 dioptr e) but see Paras 206 and 207. It may also contain optically flat clear or coloured element(s).

Spirit levels: It is permitted to attach spirit levels or other level indicators to the rifle.
Overseas competitors. Where reciprocal agreement has been reached, overseas competitors may use, in competition, target rifles which conform to their home country’s Governing Body’s rules, during their first three months in the United Kingdom, provided that they conform to the maximum weight, chamber dimensions, minimum trigger pull and sight specifications given above. Out of competition only the minimum trigger weight condition must be complied with. Telescopic sights are not permitted. The rifles must be suitable for use with any ammunition supplied by the NRA (see Appendix VI).

151 In NRA TR competitions where ammunition “as issued” is specified:
   a only 7.62 x 51 mm or .308” Win target rifles may be used.
   b only ammunition issued by the NRA, without any modification, may be used (see Para 544).
   c NRA issued ammunition will conform to CIP dimensions for Win .308” and will develop a maximum average pressure under CIP test procedures of 3650 Bar. Competitors are responsible for ensuring that their rifles are safe to fire such ammunition.

Ammunition “as issued” is specified for all TR competitions in the Imperial Meeting, and at some other NRA events. At other times any ammunition may be used, all users of which are responsible for ensuring that it is in every respect safe and within range safety parameters (see Appendix VI and Paras 116, 288 and 544).

Snip – Sniper Rifle
152 Subject to compliance with range safety limits, a rifle and sight that matches the specification of one that is or was the Sniper Rifle on general issue to snipers by any government, without any alterations or additions from the issue specification.

153 Where Conditions specify “NRA sniper rifles” competitors must use the firearms allocated by the RO. The firearm will be a bolt action magazine-fed rifle suitable for NRA issued ammunition (see Para 151) with a telescopic sight.

CSR/PR – Civilian Service Rifle/Practical Rifle
154 As specified in the NRA Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle Handbook (published separately).

155 Reserved

MR – Match Rifle
156 Match Rifle is a long range discipline, normally fired with optically sighted rifles (but note that a Target Rifle as defined complies in all respects with Match Rifle requirements provided barrel weight does not exceed 2.5kg). Whilst rules are drafted around .308W/7.62 NATO calibres, Match Rifles and
ammunition in 5.56 x 45mm and .223 Remington calibres are permitted on an identical basis to that specified for .308/7.62mm below.

**Rifles:** Any rifle suitable for firing the 7.62 x 51mm NATO or .308" Win cartridge of standard dimensions, the barrel of which shall not exceed 2.5kg (5.5lbs) in weight excluding any devices weighing less than 200 grammes and not permanently attached.

**Muzzle brakes:** Prohibited.

**Pull of trigger:** Minimum 1.5kg (3.307lbs).

**Sights:** Any, including magnifying or telescope.

**Positions:** Rifles may be fired in any position, subject to the constraints of Range Regulations, provided that the weight of the rifle is entirely supported by the firer’s person. Flexible padding may be placed between rifle and firer. An adjustable rest to support the forward hand/wrist in the prone position, or the foot/ankle in the supine position, is permitted. The dimensions of the area of contact must not exceed 145mm x 102mm (the area of this book laid flat). There must be no contact whatsoever between rifle and any such rest or the ground. The butt may be supported in the shoulder but must not rest on the ground or any artificial support. In the supine position, whilst the firer is in the aim, the breech-end of the barrel must remain behind the line of pegs; the firer’s legs may, however, be in front of the line of the pegs.

Competitors with disabilities which prevent them from shooting prone or supine, may, on application to the Shooting Committee, with suitable evidence, be permitted to shoot seated at a table. The weight of the rifle must be borne fully by the body, but a rest, which must not touch the rifle, may be used to support the forward hand as above. The butt may be supported in the shoulder but must not rest on the table or on an artificial support of any kind. The proposed design of the table must be submitted to the Shooting Committee for approval prior to being used. The competitor, table and other equipment together, must not take up more than their allotted space on the firing point. The table must be of conventional design and be capable of being moved and erected by a single person.

**Ammunition:** Any type of ammunition including handloads is permitted. Only ammunition which is commercially manufactured and has CIP approval may incorporate non-brass cases. These cartridges must be clearly marked and packaged. The external dimensions of the case, as loaded and after firing, must not exceed the maximum dimensions shown on the current UK Government 7.62 x 51mm NATO or SAAMI .308” Win chamber drawings (see Paras 116, 288 and 544).

Cartridge cases may be subject to checking for compliance with the above dimensions immediately following the conclusion of a competitor’s shoot.
In the case of HME rifles and ammunition (exceeding 4500 Joules) see Para 168 and Appendix VII.

**Any Rifle (Match Rifle)**

157 A Match Rifle, complying with Range Safety Regulations, of any calibre up to .577”; generally as specified in Para 156 above with the following exceptions:

*Barrel Weight:* Unlimited

*Pull of trigger:* Minimum 0.5kg

*Ammunition:* Any suitable for use in that particular rifle (see Paras 116, 288 and 544 and Appendices VI and VII).

**Spor – Sporting Rifle**

158 Any rifle which in the opinion of the Shooting Committee or their appointee is in the style of a sporting rifle and without the features and attachments (other than a raised cheek piece) that would make it more in the style of a target, match or sniping rifle, and which complies with the following conditions:

*Weight:* Maximum 5.5kg (12lbs) unloaded and including any telescopic sight or other attachments used.

*Pull of trigger:* Minimum 0.5kg (1.1lbs).

*Sights:* Any, including magnifying or telescope.

*Ammunition:* Any suitable for the rifle used (Para 116).

159 Where Conditions specify “NRA Sporting Rifles” competitors must use the firearm allocated by the RO and the corresponding ammunition supplied on the firing point. The firearm will be a bolt action magazine-fed rifle in a sporting calibre, fitted with a telescopic sight and meeting the requirements of Para 158.

**TS – Target Shotgun**

160 Any cartridge loading smoothbore gun as permitted by Section 1 or 2 of the Firearms Act 1968 as amended.

*Calibre:* .410” to 10 bore inclusive.

*Weight:* No restriction.

*Pull of trigger:* No restriction, but the trigger must be safe in the judgment of the RO.

*Sights:* As permitted in the specific event conditions.

*Sling:* Permitted.

*Suppressors and compensators:* Only if permitted by event conditions.
**Ammunition:** In accordance with the Target Shotgun Handbook and as required/permitted by event conditions.

**CTR – Cadet Target Rifle**

161 Only Government issue L81 A2 7.62mm Cadet Target Rifles on charge to the contingent are allowed. Any adjustments made must be strictly in accordance with MoD instructions.

*Pull of trigger:* Minimum 1.5kg (3.307lbs).

*Sights:* TR backsights and foresights as allowed by MoD may be used but no other additions or modifications to the rifle are permitted.

*Slings:* Slings, including the MoD issue sling, are permitted (Para 209).

**GP – L98 A2 Cadet General Purpose Rifle.**

162 The 5.56mm L98 A2 Cadet General Purpose Rifle as issued to the British Cadet Forces with a minimum trigger pull of 3kg (6.61lbs) and used with no unauthorised alterations or additions. Slings must be fitted/used in accordance with Cadet Trg Manual Vol 1, Chapter 4, Section 5. The rifle must be fired from the right shoulder. The magazine may be rested on the ground.

**CHA – Classic and Historic Arms**

163 As defined in the Classic and Historic Arms section in the Conditions.

**F Class**

164 F Class has two subdivisions under international rules. Rules common to both subdivisions are:

*Ammunition:* Supplied by the competitor. Ammunition may be obtained commercially or from the NRA or handloaded by the competitor.

*Gauging of shot holes:* Irrespective of which calibre is used, all shot holes will be gauged with a 7.62mm gauge.

*Muzzle brakes:* Prohibited.

*Sound moderators:* Permitted, but must be included in the rifle maximum weight limit.

*Pull of trigger:* Any safe trigger weight, (ie the rifle must not fire when the bolt is cycled rapidly).

*Sights:* Any, including magnifying or telescopic.

*Position:* The prone position must be used.

*Magazine:* If fitted shall not be used in competition except as a loading platform for single rounds.

Competitors using High Muzzle Energy (HME) firearms must comply with Rule 168.
Rules specific to each subdivision are:

a  **Open Class**

*Rifle*: Any rifle suitable for firing any cartridge with a calibre of up to 8mm.

*Supports*: A bipod or front rest is permitted to support the rifle or hand. A sling may be used.

*Rear rests*: One or two sandbags may be used to support the butt. No mechanical rear rests are allowed.

*Rifle weight*: Maximum weight 10kg.

b  **FTR Class**

*Calibre*: .223” Remington or .308” Winchester, or their metric equivalents, only.

*Chamber*: Must conform to SAAMI or CIP dimensions or to the dimensional requirements of Para 150.

*Attachments*: An attached bipod is permitted.

*Supports*: A sling is permitted as a support in addition to a bipod, optionally together with a rear bag which provides no positive mechanical means of returning the rifle to its precise point of aim for the next shot.

*Rifle weight*: Maximum weight 8.25kg including all attachments (such as, but not limited to, sights, sound moderator and bipod, if any).

*Ammunition*: There is no restriction on bullet weight.

**GRCF – Gallery Rifle Centre Fire**

165  As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

**GRSB – Gallery Rifle Small-bore**

166  As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

167  *Reserved*

**HME – High Muzzle Energy Firearms**

168  High Muzzle Energy (HME) firearms are those which, when firing specific ammunition, develop a muzzle energy (ME) in excess of 4500 Joules (3319 ft lb). When used on any MoD range (or Bisley ranges) all such firearms must first be zeroed using a special zeroing procedure, agreed with the MoD, at 200 yards/metres (or on the Bisley Zero Range), prior to being fired at any further distance. During the Meeting, zeroing must be completed before tickets will be issued.

For further details see Appendix VII.

169-171  *Reserved*
SP – Service Pistol
172 A 9mm self-loading pistol on general issue to a British or a Commonwealth Service (ie not pistols on limited issue to specialist units or for specialist purposes). Service competitors must use the pistol on general issue to their Service.
Pull of trigger: Minimum 5lbs (2.27kg).
Butt: Padding and/or whipping of butt is not allowed.
Sights: Strictly open metal sights of standard (fixed) type. Sights may be blackened or whitened, but not coloured.
Note: Pistols as defined above may only be used in competitions open to Service Pistols.

MLP – Muzzle Loading Pistol
173 As permitted under the 1997 Firearms (Amendment) Acts.
174 In an original pistol, black powder only may be used. Pyrodex or similar smokeless powder may only be used in modern reproduction pistols.

AP – Air Pistol
175 Any air pistol as permitted under current legislation and developing a maximum muzzle energy of 6 ft lb.

LBP – Long Barrelled Pistol
176 As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

LBR – Long Barrelled Revolver
177 As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

LRP – Long Range Pistol
178 Any pistol in a centre-fire calibre may be used in this category. Most LRP may be described as ‘pistol-gripped, short-barrelled rifles’. All LRP must comply with the following:
Dimensions: As required by current legislation.
Calibre: Any rifle or pistol calibre within range regulations, suitable for firing ammunition as defined below.
Trigger weight: No minimum permitted trigger weight but the trigger must be safe in the judgement of the CRO.
Sights: Two types of sights are permitted:
   a  Iron.  Iron sights, which may include sights of any colour;
   b  Optical.  Optical sights may include telescopes.
Distances: Short range up to 300 yards, with open or iron sights. Long range over 300 yards, with optic sights.

Ammunition: Straight wall (short range) or bottle-neck (long range).

Firing positions: Usually from a rested position but may be prone.

Heritage Pistol

179 Pistols of a Historic or special nature as defined in the 1997 Amendment to the Firearms Act, specifically, Section 7 (3) of the Firearms (Amendment) Act 1997 and also in Chapter 9 of the Guide on Firearms Licensing Law. The National Shooting Centre at Bisley is a Designated Site. Pistols of this nature cannot be shot competitively under existing Firearms Law.

180-200 Reserved

Section 56 Reserved

SECTION 57 – DRESS, EQUIPMENT AND POSITIONS

201 Dress for civilian target shooting should be appropriate to the Discipline and weather prevailing or expected. Military uniform should only be worn by military personnel on duty (Para 202). A competitor whose dress, equipment or position is thought inappropriate or likely to bring the Association into disrepute may be challenged by the RO or other member of staff, and may be required to withdraw.

202 Uniform

a Present members of HM Forces are to wear uniform in all individual squadded shoots and team shoots with the Service Rifle, Service Pistol and LMG.

b When uniform is required, competitors must wear the correct uniform authorised by their own Service Rifle Association. Helmets and Combat Body Armour (CBA) must be worn in accordance with the appropriate Service Regulations. No additions of any sort are allowed other than the issued Combat Smock. Gloves may be worn.

c Greatcoats or wet weather clothing of Service type may be worn only if sanctioned by the CRO.

d In Service Rifle and LMG events, Skill at Arms Order (ie belt, yoke/straps, ammunition pouches and a water bottle) with a minimum total weight of 7.5kg is to be worn. Pouches may be packed. Elbow pads are not permitted.
e  No combination of uniform and plain clothes may be worn unless specifically authorised in these Rules or the match conditions.

f  Cadet dress: The correct uniform for cadets is:

i  Boots or shoes (black).

ii  Trousers as issued.

iii  Shirt as issued, or plain army, school or regimental T-shirt or sweatshirt

iv  Jersey (seamans/heavy wool) optional.

v  Windproof jacket DPM or as issued. It is permitted to wear a DPM jacket over MTP.

vi  Plain or regimental or school combat cap, or appropriate headdress as issued for other affiliations, so long as this does not interfere with the hearing protection being worn. In cases of doubt, headdress is to be removed whilst on the firing point. The protection of cadets’ hearing must take precedence. Cadets are not to wear berets while on the firing point, whether firing or not.

vii  Badges of rank and flashes must be displayed.

viii  Non-service waterproof trousers may be worn.

ix  A shooting glove and strap-on elbow pads may be worn (Para 204).

x  A regulation button may be sewn on the upper arm of the cadet DPM jacket and the epaulette may be fastened to it to prevent the sling slipping down the arm. Where MTP is worn, a button or hook may be sewn onto a velcro patch and affixed to the sleeve to prevent the sling slipping down the arm.

xi  Uniform is not to be unduly adjusted so as to give unfair support to a firer.

Except for (i), (iii), (viii), (ix) and (x) above, these items of uniform must be Service issue or of identical pattern.

203  In TR, MR including Any Rifle and F Class, any suitable jacket/coat may be worn, provided it gives no support to the forearm. Flexible padding may be attached to protect the shoulder, upper sling arm and elbows. A device may be fitted to the upper sleeve to prevent the sling slipping down the arm or rotating about the upper arm. The pen pocket flap on the combat jacket may be used for this purpose. Internal or external elbow pads may be worn. Adjustable straps or similar for making a coat so tight as to give undue support to the body are not permitted.
A flexible padded glove or mitt may be worn on the supporting hand, provided it gives no artificial support. In addition, a lightweight glove, with (or without) one or more fingers cut off, may be worn on the trigger operating hand to protect against cold or sun/windburn.

The competitor may wear wet weather clothing. It is permitted to place the rifle butt under a lightweight cape or poncho whilst shooting.

Spectacles, eyeglasses or contact lenses may be used, and/or a prescription lens may be fitted in the backsight, provided that the correction is of a similar prescription to that which the competitor would use in everyday use. Permission to use such a lens, supported by a current optometrist’s prescription, must be obtained in advance from the NRA.

In TR (Para 150), a magnifying lens is permitted in the foresight. If a magnifying lens is fitted in the foresight then only optically flat filters and/or a single prescription lens may be fitted in the backsight (see Para 150 and 206).

Generally, binoculars and telescopes are allowed, together with stands or rests, provided they do not inconvenience other competitors.

In Service Weapon and CSR events, only hand-held binoculars may be used.

When using TR, MR including Any Rifle, CTR, F Class, SR or GP rifles a sling may be attached to assist in steadying the rifle. The sling must be attached to the rifle at one or two points, and it must not exceed 2” in width. The sling may not be used or configured in such a manner that it (or its buckles or sling swivels) becomes a prop between the inside of the support elbow and the rifle stock. The sling may be placed round one arm and/or wrist but not round any other part of the competitor’s body, except when using SR or Cadet GP rifle when it must be worn in accordance with military regulations.

A competitor may not screen himself or his firearm from the sun or weather, nor allow anyone else to do so (see Para 547). However a piece of soft material or an action cover may be used to cover the action, and adhesive tape may be stuck to the barrel or action. A mirage band may be used. Devices covering the action or acting to reduce the effect of mirage may be draped as the competitor wishes, but may only be attached to themselves and/or the firearm.

The height of rifle shooting boxes when in use on the firing point is not to exceed 12”.

A competitor may use a groundsheet, shooting mat or similar article, provided it is laid flat on the ground. Soft material may be placed under or on top of the mat as long as it does not provide artificial rest or support.
Holes may not be made in the ground for the elbows. In Service Weapon and Cadet GP rifle matches a shooting mat may not be used.

Any position is allowed, subject to the Conditions, provided that such position is not either unsuited to the firing point and target arrangements or dangerous. In all Service Weapon events the handling of weapons will be in accordance with Army Operational Shooting Policy (AOSP) Volume 1 Chapter 12, a copy of which will be made available from the NRA to team captains on request. In Target Rifle and F Class competitions the prone position must be used. At no time may any part of the body be placed in front of the muzzle of the firearm in use when it is loaded. The following positions are defined:

a  *Prone*. The butt plate of the firearm must be placed against the shoulder or armpit. Elbows must be behind the line defining the forward edge of the firing point, which may be a notional line defined by the number pegs or other means as ordered by the RO. The muzzle of the firearm must protrude over the forward edge as defined, and must be well forward of the ears of neighbouring competitors. No competitor may adopt a position that causes inconvenience to the other competitors on his target.

i  TR. All parts of the rifle and sling and of the arms below the elbow, including clothing, must be visibly clear of the ground and of all other objects. The back of the forward wrist must be at least 4” (approximately the width of this book) clear of the ground, as measured from the outside surface of a glove if worn.

ii  MR including Any Rifle. A rest may be used as defined in Para 156.

iii  F Class. Rests and bipods as defined in Para 164 may be used.

iv  SR, CSR/PR, GP. The magazine may touch or rest on the forearm or on the ground. No part of the wrist of the supporting arm may touch the ground. If firing from cover, the structure of the cover may be used for support.

b  *Supine (Back) Position*. MR (including Any Rifle) only. In accordance with Para 156.

c  *Disabled Seated*. In accordance with Para 156.

d  *Standing*. Erect on both feet, no other part of the body to touch the ground or any other object. The firearm may be supported by the forward hand under the magazine (where appropriate). The elbow of the forward arm may be rested on the hip or the ammunition pouch but any form of artificial support is prohibited.
e  *Standing Alert/Patrol Position.* As for Standing position but with the firearm held pointing downwards at an angle of 45°.

f  *Kneeling.* No part of the body to touch the ground or any other object except one foot and the other leg from the knee downwards. The forward elbow may rest on the knee.

g  *Sitting.* Weight of the body supported on buttocks. No part of the body above the buttocks to touch the ground, or any other object. Legs may be apart or crossed and may be in front of the front edge of the firing point. The firearm may be held in any convenient way, provided the butt is in the shoulder or armpit.

h  *Squatting.* Buttocks must be clear of the ground; the arms may be rested on the knees. The firearm may be held as for the sitting position.

214-220  *Reserved*

**SECTION 58 – TARGETS**

221  Particulars of the various targets are given in Appendix V. Any changes in NRA target dimensions will be ratified by the Shooting Committee and Council. At least one year’s notice of revised target dimensions will be given and revised targets must be readily available at least three months before being used in national or international competition.

222  Unless otherwise stated in the Conditions, targets as appropriate to the discipline and distance as indicated in Appendix V will be used. MR including Any Rifle will use TR targets.

Section 59-61  *Reserved*

Paras 223-265  *Reserved*
SECTION 62 – CONDUCT OF SHOOTING IN COMPETITION

General

266 In squadded competitions, competitors are expected to be present immediately behind their allotted firing point no later than 15 minutes before the start time of the detail.

267 Competitors will place themselves to the left of the peg denoting their target. Where multiple competitors are allocated to the same firing point for the same detail, the competitor on the right will fire first, and other competitors will fire in turn from right to left. In the Meeting, the computer label issued to competitors for individual squadded competitions will be marked with the range and target letter, and in TR events the letters R, C or L in brackets indicating whether the competitor is to place himself right, centre or left on the firing point, firing in the order R, C, L.

When competitors are required to fire singly and no order is otherwise specified, they will fire in order of index numbers, lowest number first.

In squadded competitions the RO may, if desirable, transfer a competitor to another target in the same detail, either before he begins to shoot or if the target breaks down. In particular the RO:

- must not allow a competitor to fire by himself if there is a vacancy to which he can be transferred (see Para 341),
- must not allow a competitor who has missed an earlier detail to shoot, unless expressly authorised by the CRO,
- may, if authorised by the CRO, fill up vacancies with competitors belonging to the next detail.

268 In unsquadded competitions the RO will squad competitors, in order of application, to targets, one or more to a target as convenient. A competitor must complete one shoot before handing in a ticket for another one.

269 In individual competitions, competitors whilst on the firing point:

- may spot for each other.
- should attempt to observe fall of shot for a competitor whose first sighter has missed the target, until a scoring shot is achieved, and should provide such information on fall of shot as can be determined.
- may advise on appropriate wind allowance within the circumstances at Para 120.
- subject to (b) and (c) above, must not give or willingly receive any information or advice in the nature of coaching (see Para 547).
TR, MR and F Class competitions

Anyone who is not ready at his proper place and time forfeits his right to shoot. However, the RO may allow a competitor who is late for his detail (ie arrives within the 5-minute period) to shoot, so long as it does not inconvenience other firers. The RO will report a competitor who is late (as previously defined) for his detail to the CRO. If a competitor misses his detail the CRO only may, if satisfied, allow him to shoot in a later detail. In either circumstance, the CRO may, at his discretion, impose a penalty of up to 5 points to be deducted from the competitor’s score.

Access to an area comprising the firing point and a distance to the rear is restricted during a competition and for such period before and after as the CRO may specify. The CRO will define the area as he requires by the firing point ditch, a rope, a painted line, an imaginary line through a series of objects or other means as convenient. Within the restricted area only the following are permitted:

a. Staff on range duty;

b. Competitors required for firing or otherwise taking part in the competition;

c. Persons authorised to assist in the conduct of the competition.

No person is allowed to make any noise or disturbance likely to affect a competitor. The RO may have any person infringing this regulation removed from the vicinity of the firing point.

No competitor may get up from his firing point until all competitors on that target have finished firing unless permission has been given by the RO.

Firing may be suspended temporarily by order of the CRO if, in his opinion, the weather makes such suspension desirable. Firing will be resumed as soon as possible (see Para 298).

A competitor “retires” when he voluntarily ceases to fire before being required to do so by the Rules or Conditions. Having retired a competitor may not resume firing in that element of the competition.

When a competitor retires he will be allowed to count the score that he has actually made. Retirement from one element of a competition does not debar a competitor from firing in subsequent elements.

Reserved

In an individual deliberate competition, a competitor who misses the target with two consecutive shots (including sighting shots) must stop firing until the others on the target have finished. He must then inform the RO and may, only if the RO is satisfied that it may be done safely and without causing undue delay to subsequent users of the range, then complete his shoot but will not be allowed an extra sighting shot.
In TR events sighting targets will be exposed in the middle of each butt or at other suitable spacing as the CRO may direct, to allow for adjustments to foresight or backsight. These will be exposed from the beginning of the five minute preparation period (Message 0) to the two minute warning by the CRO, after which they will be lowered.

Reserved

Firearms and Ammunition – irregularities and malfunctions

No two competitors detailed to fire at the same time may shoot with the same firearm.

No competitor may change his firearm during his firing at any single distance or practice of an individual competition, unless his first firearm shall become unserviceable, which must be verified by the RO. For teams see Para 369.

Other than in service weapon competitions, where certain allowable breakages (firing pin, extractor and gas plug) will not be penalised, no allowance will be made for a defective firearm or cartridge but if a misfire occurs where a shot is separately signalled, the competitor will be given another cartridge. This will only be allowed if the striker has functioned but the bullet has not left the barrel. No attempt may be made to re-fire a misfired round. A damaged or oversized round may be replaced only on the express instructions of the RO.

The RO, if satisfied that it can be done with safety, may permit a competitor to quit the firing point to rectify a mishap to his firearm or ammunition, and complete his shoot within the period of his detail or, with the permission of the CRO, on a later detail if available but without any extra sighting shots.

A firer who, whilst on the firing point, accidentally discharges his firearm will not be allowed another cartridge and the shot will be recorded as a miss. He may also be dealt with under Para 125.

Triggers and trigger testing

a Triggers must not be adjusted on the range without the express approval of the RO.

b In team and individual competitions triggers will be tested at the discretion of the RO and in particular when a score likely to be in the prize list has been made.

c In tie shoots and team matches, at the discretion of the CRO, all or a selection of competitors’ triggers may be tested before commencing to fire. Team captains should ensure that all members of their team, including reserves, are present and ready for trigger
testing no later than 30 minutes before the appointed time of commence- ment of firing in a team match.

d Triggers will be tested, in all cases, with the barrel vertical. All tests are to be made by the RO or under his supervision by the competitor, if he so requests, or by some other person detailed by the RO. To pass the test, the trigger must lift the weight visibly clear of all other support.

e If a trigger fails to lift the weight the RO will, if the competitor so desires, retain the firearm in his possession and re-test it on the firing point after not less than five nor more than ten minutes have elapsed, and if it then passes the test, the score will be allowed.

f Should a trigger fail the test the RO will disallow the competitor’s last highest scoring shot from any score made at the distance or practice at which the failure was discovered.

g During the Meeting, in the event of an immediate appeal against the decision of the RO, he will retain the firearm which will be subjected to a further test by the NRA Armourer in the presence of the firer as soon as practicable and if it passes that test the score will be allowed.

287 ROs are authorised to check the type of ammunition any competitor is firing. The appointed Ammunition Officer may take for subsequent critical examination up to three rounds from those which the competitor is about to fire (see Para 544). The Ammunition Officer may also take three fired cartridge cases.

288 **Issued Ammunition.** All ammunition issued by the NRA is strictly for use on the firing point and in the competition for which it is issued, and competitors may not under any circumstances take away any unexpended rounds or empty cases. Unused rounds from any converted sighting shots must be handed in to the RO with the register ticket, or the score may be disallowed and the competitor reported to the Disciplinary Committee (see Para 546).

ROs must check the headstamps of all returned converted sighters and empty cases to confirm that they are correct, and must then ensure that competitors put their empties in the place provided.

Competitors are not permitted to bring any live ammunition to the firing point, except as provided for in the rules of a competition. In such case a competitor using his own ammunition may not draw ammunition.

A competitor is responsible for ensuring, before leaving the vicinity of the ammunition point, that he has been given the correct number of rounds.
Ammunition as issued may be weighed, or otherwise measured, but must not be tampered with in any way including the application of substances such as moly grease.

289-295  Reserved

Sighting Shots
296  Sighting shots will be fired in accordance with the Conditions of the event. In team matches they are included in the time limit. Sighting shots may be fired in any authorised position (see Para 213) even when the counting shots have to be fired in some particular position.

297  A competitor who cannot tell the position of a sighting shot or the first shot in a match where sighters are not allowed, owing to the display of two (or more) spotting discs, may elect to accept the one of higher value or, alternatively, may request permission from the RO to repeat the shot. If he does so, the RO will declare the previous shots on the target void and will issue another round.

298  If during the course of a shoot a competitor has been obliged to move to another target, or has been unable to fire through no fault of his own for 10 minutes, the RO may, after notifying the register keeper, allow the competitor to fire one extra non-convertible sighting shot before resuming. This extra sighting shot will not be recorded by the register keeper.

299  Convertible Sighting Shots. Where convertible sighting shots are permitted, the following rules shall apply:

a  After a competitor has fired his second sighting shot, he may elect to count the second sighting shot, or both, in his score. He, or in team matches his coach, plotter, captain or adjutant, must declare his intention to his register keeper before any further shot is fired by him. In the absence of such declaration, he shall be deemed not to have converted his sighting shots. It is acceptable for a captain only to make a declaration in advance on behalf of his team.

b  In deliberate rifle team matches where only one sighting shot is allowed, it may be converted as above.

c  Sighting shots in tie shoots may be converted.

d  If a competitor converts one or both sighters and then fires additional shots beyond the requirements of the competition, any such extra shots fired shall not be scored.

Practice Shots
300  In a competition, no practice shots are allowed unless the contrary is stated in the Conditions (eg the Whitehead MR).
Blow Off and Fouling Shots

301 During an NRA competition at Bisley, any firer may, on production of a squadding ticket valid for that or the following day, fire blow-off shots on the NRA Zero Range without charge.

MR, F Class and Any Rifle competitors will be allowed to fire blow-off shots into the stop butt prior to or at the commencement of each detail of the first distance only of the first match only on each day, under the strict control of their RO. In team events only, blow-off shots may also be permitted at subsequent distances. These shots must not be spotted by individuals or by coaches (see the respective Conditions for the procedure).

At any practice or competition firers using black powder firearms may, at the commencement of the detail and under the instructions of the RO, fire fouling shots into the stop butt of their designated target lane, prior to Message 1 and the commencement of sighting/scoring shots.

302-305 Reserved

Marking And Scoring – General

306 When a shot touches the line between two divisions of the target, the competitor will be credited with the higher value. In cases of doubt the appropriate gauge will be used to determine the true value of the shot.

307 An RO may not go to the Butts to inspect a target or allow an assistant or any competitor to do so.

308 No competitor may, under any circumstances, knowingly claim or accept points which he has not made, or connive at any such conduct by another competitor (see Para 544).

309 Cellular or mobile telephones, or similar devices, may not at any time be used on or in the vicinity of the firing point.

Marking And Scoring – Deliberate Rifle Competitions (TR, MR and F Class)

310  a  Option A. Each shot will be separately signalled. The value of the shot will be shown by a value panel on the target itself, and the actual shot hole by a spotting disc.

On all ranges, values will be signalled by the black or coloured value panel on the bottom edge of the target as follows:

- Black Outer = 2  Magpie = 3  Inner = 4  Bull = 5
- Fluorescent Hit = 1  V Bull = V
- No Panel Examine or Miss.

V bulls will score 5 points, but the register keeper must write “V” in the appropriate score box. For example a score of 50 with 8
V bulls must be shown as “50.8”. HPS crosses will be awarded according to ordinary bulls (see Para 886).

b. Option B. Outwith the Imperial Meeting, an alternative marking system (sometimes referred to as the Scottish system) may be requested at the discretion of event organisers.

This marking system will use a spotting disc which is red on one side and green on the other. The six scoring regions (V bull, bull, inner, magpie, outer and hit) will be indicated by a disc coloured red, green, red, green, red and green respectively placed in the shot hole.

This system will clearly differentiate between shots which are close to a scoring line and gauge in, and those which do not. No confusion should arise between shots which are marked by discs of the same colour (e.g., red for V bull, inner and outer, or green for bull, magpie and hit) since these scoring areas are so far apart.

This system is not recommended for F Class competitions.

Event organisers should consider the adverse consequences for competitors with poor colour vision and for spectators.

311 Reserved.

312 A shot on the non-scoring area will be signalled as for a miss and by a red spotting disc, if possible. To avoid confusion no spotting disc will be shown if Option B (Scottish system) marking is being used but the position of the shot hole will be reported by the marker to the firing point.

313 A shot that misses the target will be signalled by the removal of the value panel and the target sent up clear (i.e., with the previous spotting disc removed and the hole patched):
   a. if the marker is sure that a shot has been fired at his target,
   b. after a radio message.

314 A ricochet will be signalled as a miss. No spotting disc will be shown. A shot will not be marked as a ricochet unless it gives evidence, by throwing sand or dirt against the target or into the gallery, that it has previously struck the ground. An elongated hole is not, by itself, evidence of a ricochet.

315 If two or more shots strike the target during the same exposure, that having the highest value will be signalled but all shots will be shown by spotting discs. Butt Officers should notify ROs by radio of such an occurrence.

316 If the spotting disc disagrees unmistakably with the value signalled the firer or register keeper must at once inform the RO who will ascertain the true value of the shot (Appendix IV, Message 3).

317 If no signal is made after a shot has been fired, the firer or the next competitor to fire, or additionally in a team competition the coach, plotter,
captain or adjutant, may request the RO to have the target examined free of charge (Appendix IV, Message 4).

318 If a miss is signalled, the firer may challenge for a scoring shot by paying £1.00 under the conditions given in Para 319. In a team match the challenge may also be made by the coach, plotter, captain or adjutant. There is no fee for a challenge in a team match.

319 The signalled value of a shot, whether a score or a miss, may be challenged once only. Any such challenge must be made to the RO before any other shot has been fired at the same target. The firer must indicate to the next firer and his register keeper that he intends to challenge, and the register keeper must then annotate the firer’s card by, for example, drawing an arrow pointing at the challenged shot with the letters “CH”, which should be deleted and initialled if the challenge is upheld. The RO will then pass Message 5, 6, 7 or 8 as appropriate. In a team match the challenge may also be made by the coach, plotter, captain or adjutant. There is no fee for a challenge in a team match.

If the marking in question is confirmed, the firer will be required to pay a fine of £1.00 to the RO, on the conclusion of the shoot, before his card will be accepted. The RO will confirm on the card that the fine has been paid by inserting “£1” and his initials against the challenged score. If on the contrary the objection proves well founded, the RO will record the fact, and the score will be altered accordingly (Appendix IV, Message 5).

320 On a challenge (Messages 5, 6, 7 or 8) being received the Butt Officer is to go to the target concerned, raise the Butt Officer’s disc above the mantlet and then lower the target. He is to examine the target personally, gauging the shot hole(s) if necessary, after which:

   a If a challenge for a higher value (Messages 5 or 6), the correct value will be signalled whether it has been altered or not,

   b If a challenge for a scoring shot (Messages 7 or 8), the shot (if found) or a miss will be signalled as usual.

The result will also be confirmed by radio.

321 If there is any uncertainty as to the true value of the shot, the RO will communicate with the Butt Officer by radio to confirm the true value, and the competitor will be credited with such true value.

322 If the circumstances are such that the signalled value of a shot cannot be verified at once, or without considerable delay, the competitor will, unless the CRO or WO decides otherwise, be credited with the signalled value.

323 When using Army gallery targets, if it should be necessary to superimpose the scoring areas for Series A and B on the same target, the value of the hit will be determined by placing the marker panel in the appropriate
position as shown in Infantry Training Volume IV, Pamphlet 20, Competition Shooting.

324 A target not being fired at will be half-masted by order of the RO. In team competitions all targets will remain showing until the completion of all shooting on that butt in that detail (Appendix IV, Messages 10 and 12).

325-330 Reserved

**Marking And Scoring – Rapid, Fire with Movement and Snapshooting Competitions**

331 a Sighting shots will be spotted,

b The number of hits in each division of the target will be shown on a board and/or radioed to the RO. Shots will also be spotted when each firer has his own target.

332 Where applicable a competitor may ask for his score to be repeated by radio without charge, but must pay a challenge deposit of £1.00 before his target will be re-examined (Appendix IV, Message 14).

333 Targets will not be patched out until the RO so orders.

**Marking And Scoring – Pistol and Gallery Rifle Competitions**

334 As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).

**Marking And Scoring – Moving Target Competitions (ie targets moving across the line of fire)**

335 Moving target competitions (eg Running Deer) will generally be conducted on electronic targets where the position and value of the shots will be shown on a monitor visible to the firer and scorer.

336 Where this is not possible the value and position of scoring shots will be shown by the position of the hands on the clocks placed to the left and right of the range. The red hand will be used to show the value of the shot, and the white or black hand will be used to indicate the position of the shot (eg 4 o’clock) using the scoring rings as a clock face. A miss will be indicated by placing the red hand at 0 and the other hand in the direction of the miss, or spinning the hand if this is not known.

In the case of double shots, the one of lower value will be signalled first.

337-340 Reserved

**Register Keeping (both individual and team competitions)**

341 In individual deliberate rifle competitions, competitors squadded in pairs or threes will exchange score cards and each will act as register keeper for
the competitor firing immediately after him. In the case of a competitor firing by himself despite pairs or threes being in use, the RO must detail a register keeper (see Para 267).

342 For each shot, the register keeper must first confirm that the spotting disc agrees with the value signalled. (If the spotting disc disagrees unmistakably with the value signalled, the competitor or the register keeper must at once inform the RO who will ascertain the value of the shot). He must then call out the result clearly, giving the target number, (or the competitors name), followed by the shot number, the colloquial name (if any) for the scoring zone, and the points value eg “Mr Smith, third to count, bull five”. If the competitor decides to convert one or both sighting shots, the value/s must be struck through with a diagonal line and transferred to the boxes for the first, or first and second, counting shot(s) as the case may be. Any scoring spaces left blank, crossed through or written “C” will count zero: only the shots entered in the scoring boxes will be accepted in Stats.

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The competitor must pay attention to the scores called out by the register keeper and immediately bring any error to the attention of the register keeper. On completion of the shoot, the register keeper is to record in ink and call out the total score including V bulls. The register keeper must complete the safety check (Para 122) by observing that the firer’s bolt is removed and checking that the chamber, magazine (if fitted) and action of the firearm are clear and that, if the bolt is replaced after this inspection, a breech flag is inserted. If the design of the firearm makes the removal of the working parts impractical then the appropriate procedure must be followed (Para 122) to ensure that no live round is retained in the action or chamber.

Only then may the register keeper sign the ticket and place his index number in the space provided. He must allow the firer to check and initial the ticket before it is handed to the RO together with empty cases and any unfired rounds from converted sighting shots.
On conclusion it is the competitor’s responsibility to initial his ticket as having been correctly filled in and hand it to the RO immediately on completion of his shoot (see Para 823). The competitor’s acceptance does not absolve the register keeper from liability under Para 547a.

In team deliberate competitions, register keepers will normally be provided by an adjacent team or as arranged by the RO (see also Para 372). They will score as above (see Para 342) but when scoring for two or more firers the name must be called out before the result of each shot. Team captains are responsible for ensuring that the registers are correct in all respects and for signing them as such.

In the absence of a register keeper see Para 122b for procedures regarding clearing of firearms.

Other requirements for the proper filling in of register tickets and team registers are given in Paras 806 and 815.

Any objection to the scores entered on a register ticket or team register must be made on the firing point at the time (see Para 358), and no competitor or team has the right to object at any subsequent time.

Any alteration of a register ticket must be initialled by the register keeper. The RO or his deputy must verify all such alterations with the register keeper and sign the ticket to confirm that he has done so. No erasure is permitted on any score card. Errors must be corrected by striking them out and writing in the correct values, with the register keeper initialling the changes.

The register keeper is responsible for ensuring that all final scores, if the register ticket has been completed in pencil, are inked in before being handed back to the firer or team captain.

An incorrectly completed register ticket arriving in Stats shall be segregated by Stats staff and will constitute evidence of breach(es) of Para 342, 343, 346, 348 or 349 as appropriate by both the firer and the register keeper. Penalties under Para 547a may be applied to either or both the firer and register keeper.

**Time Allowance**

In individual deliberate rifle competitions and tie shoots, the time allowed to a competitor within which to fire a shot is 45 seconds. The time allowed counts from the order to commence in the case of the first shot, and from the time the target is cleared and available in the case of all subsequent shots. Neither adjustment or blackening of sights, nor faulty loading, will be allowed as a cause of delay.

A competitor timed by an RO or his appointee and found to have taken too long will be given one warning, which must be addressed directly to the
competitor but may take any form of words that includes the actual time taken or a statement that the time allowance has been exceeded. Thereafter a competitor will forfeit the value of any shot that a Wing Officer or RO in person has timed and found to have exceeded the time allowed. The WO or RO will, in these circumstances, amend the score(s) on the ticket(s), endorsing the reason on each ticket.

**Target Irregularities**

353 If the RO is satisfied that, at the moment at which a competitor fired, his target was moved in such manner as to falsify the result of his shot, the RO will cancel this shot and order the competitor to fire another in place of it. A high strike on the target will not, of itself, be evidence that the target moved. If the shot concerned is a convertible sighter, the replacement shot will also be convertible.

354 In all competitions, a competitor who fires at the wrong target will be credited with a miss for each shot so fired.

355 In a string shoot in deliberate competition, whether individual or team, a competitor who fires a shot on the correct target but before his previous shot has been marked shall be deemed to have fired out of turn and Para 356 shall apply with the shot of lower value being scored second. Para 353 shall not apply.

356 A competitor who fires out of his proper turn at his own target will have one point deducted from the value of the shot, so long as this does not create a negative score for that shot. A V bull or bull will be scored as an inner. If in the circumstances of his shot out of turn two (or more) shots strike the target the value credited will be one point deducted from the shot of highest value unless the competitor whose proper turn it was to shoot has also fired during the same exposure. The deduction will then be from the shot of second highest value.

357 A competitor who intentionally fires at a target other than his own or at a dummy or out of turn may incur expulsion (see Para 544).

**Protests**

358 Any claim or complaint arising at a firing point must be made at once by way of protest to the RO. If his decision is disputed, or if the protest is not resolved on the spot, it shall be reported immediately to the WO. If his decision is disputed the matter will be reported to the CRO. In the event that the complaint remains unresolved it must at once be put in writing by the competitor and handed by him to the CRO, or during the Meeting to his representative in the NRA Office, not later than two hours after the occurrence.

359 During the Meeting, protests on points clearly governed by the Rules will be dealt with by the Shooting Committee if referred to them by the CRO.
Meeting Director or any Trustee shall have power to convene the Disciplinary Committee should they decide this to be necessary in the resolution of a protest. A returnable £5.00 deposit from the complainant must be lodged.

360 In team matches no protest will be accepted unless made by the captain or adjutant of a team competing in the match.

361 Any matter giving rise to a claim or complaint, that could reasonably have been identified as such before the start of a competition, will not be entertained as the subject of a protest unless either

a the protest is properly made or

b notice of intention to submit a protest is made to the CRO before the first shot of the competition is fired.

362 Reserved

Bribes

363 The offer of any money or a bribe of any kind to a register keeper or any employee or official of the NRA is forbidden.

Any person knowing of any such offer, or of any attempt to defraud the NRA or any competitor, must report the same without delay in writing to the Secretary General (see Para 544).

Radio Communications

364 Except on or near the firing point or in the butts, radio communications as allowed by law are permitted on Bisley ranges providing they do not interfere with any of the NRA frequencies (see also Paras 309 and 368). A mobile telephone is a radio communication device.

SECTION 63 – TEAM COMPETITIONS

365 Unless the Conditions state otherwise, a team captain is not constrained as to his selection of qualified persons to be members of his team until the order to commence firing in the match has been given. Thereafter, only members of the team declared on the register card may participate. Once a team member has fired a shot in the match, their place as a firer may be taken by another only in compliance with Para 369.

366 Each captain is to squad the members of his team to the targets allotted to it. He may at any time order a member to suspend his firing; such member will not be entitled to a sighting shot before resuming. The captain must ensure that the register keepers are informed before any change of target or order of firing is made. A member will be credited with a miss if he fires at a wrong target, even if this target is one allotted to his team, unless he has specifically nominated the intended target before firing.
At each distance of a deliberate match:

a. The time limit is for the whole team. A team captain is responsible for ensuring that all the members of his team complete their firing at that distance within the time allowed.

b. The RO, who will report to the CRO, may extend the time allowed if there has been any exceptional delay not occasioned by any act or neglect of a member of a team.

c. The captain or adjutant is responsible for calling the attention of the RO to any such delay immediately it occurs.

d. At the expiration of the time allowed the RO will order all targets to be lowered and all firing at that distance is to cease, whether the team has completed its firing or not.

The firers of each team may spot for and coach each other provided they do not infringe the regulation against screening (see para 210).

b. The captain, adjutant and reserves of a team (if permitted), though not themselves shooting, may help their team in like manner and in deliberate matches may be assisted by a coach and by one sub-coach per target. All persons referred to in this sub-para are members of the team and must be qualified to shoot in it unless otherwise stated in the Conditions.

c. No other person is allowed to give advice or instructions to the competitors.

d. No radio or telephone devices of any sort may be used between coaches, but an intercom system using wires is permitted.

A member of a team may change his firearm at any time but as a consequence may not fire any extra sighting shots.

b. Should a member of a team be prevented from continuing to fire by any cause both imperative and unforeseen, other than one which can be circumvented by changing his firearm, his place may, with the approval of the CRO, be taken by a reserve to fire in the place of the retiring member and to take up the firing at the stage at which such member retired. He shall not be entitled to any extra sighting shots.

Reserved

The misconduct of or failure to comply with the Rules by a member of a team will involve the disallowance of the score of the firer concerned. An appropriate penalty may also be imposed by the Disciplinary Committee.

In team matches each team must be prepared to provide register keepers, to be exchanged in adjacent pairs or in threes, under the direction of the RO.
Teams are requested to record their scores on the large blackboards when these are provided.

SECTION 64 – RAPID, FIRE WITH MOVEMENT AND SNAPSHOT SHOOTING COMPETITIONS

Individual and Team Competitions

On completion of sighting shots the RO will give the necessary orders to bring the competitors and their firearms into the state required by the Conditions.

If the firearms are to be “loaded with x rounds”: sights may be adjusted, a magazine with the stated number of rounds must be on it, it is not cocked, the safety catch is at ‘safe’ and, if in the prone position, the stomach and elbows must be on the ground.

If the rifles are to be “ready with x rounds”: further to (a) it must be cocked with a round in the chamber and the safety catch at ‘safe’.

The safety catch must never be put to ‘fire’ without a further order such as in Para 376 and then only when in the actual firing position stated in the Conditions.

When ready, the RO will give the order “Watch Out” or “Watch and Shoot”, and will signal to the butts to start the practice.

The targets will be raised for the required time, or will make the required appearances, during which the shots allowed may be fired.

The raising and lowering of the targets will be carried out as quickly as possible, but will not be included in the time laid down.

The scores will be notified as in Para 331.

The RO must allow each competitor to check that his score has been correctly recorded on his ticket.

It is the competitor’s responsibility that his ticket is correctly completed in all respects.

Team captains are likewise entitled to and responsible for a similar check (see Para 347).

Challenges are allowed as in Para 332.

The RO will not give the order to “patch out” until he has ascertained if any competitor wishes to challenge.

No allowance will be made for a misfire or for any shots not fired owing to any defect in or failure of a competitor’s firearm or ammunition (but see Para 283 for allowable breakages in service weapons only).
381 A competitor who fires or endeavours to fire more than the number of shots allowed during a single appearance of the target or at a single distance or during the whole of a competition, will have his score disallowed and may incur expulsion (see Para 544).

382 A competitor who:
   a advances or retires with the safety catch not fully applied (except where this is not possible for the type of firearm concerned),
   b loads whilst on the move or not at his firing point,
will have his score disallowed and may be excluded from further competition during the Meeting (see Para 546).

Target Irregularities

383 If, in the opinion of the RO, any individual or team was at undue advantage or undue disadvantage owing to any target failing to act properly during a competition, the score of the individual or team affected will be cancelled, and the individual or team must fire afresh with as little delay as possible through the whole competition, or through such part of it as the RO considers to have been unduly affected.

Any claim for a reshoot must be made immediately to the RO and before the score is received. Pending the CRO’s decision, the RO will not divulge the score and will ensure that the target is not shown with the shots spotted. Sighting shots will not be allowed before a reshoot awarded under this paragraph, ie Para 298 does not apply.

Excess Hits

384 When, in any practice, the total number of hits on a competitor’s target or targets exceeds the number of shots he fired, and when there are no means of identifying these shots, all the hits will be signalled in the usual way, and the procedure will then be as follows:

   a If it is proved that the excess hits were made by the competitor or team firing more than the number of shots allowed, the score will be disallowed and the penalty may be expulsion (see Para 381).
   b When the number of excess hits does not exceed one half of the number of shots allowed, and in any case if the error is not discovered immediately, the score will be adjusted by cancelling first a hit of the lowest value, then a hit of the highest value, and so on alternately, until the hits left are equal to the shots actually fired. For ETR or CGR shoots any excess number of hits will attract a mandatory reshoot.
   c When the number of excess hits exceeds one half of the number of shots allowed and in any case in matches fired on electric target
or converted gallery ranges, the score will be cancelled and the competitor will reshoot. A reshoot will be as for the original shoot including:

i Sighting shots, if any.

ii Previous movements, if any.

iii The number of counting shots actually fired.

When different targets are used at different times during a practice, the score made on a target without excess hits will stand and the above rules will be applied only to a target with excess hits.

385 When a competitor has more than one target at the same time and there is no excess in the total number of hits as in Para 384, but there are more hits on one particular target than are allowed by the Conditions, the extra hits on this target will be cancelled in the order given in Para 384b.

386 **Team Competitions only**

a Each team must be commanded by a captain, who may either shoot in the team or not as the Conditions require and who will give all necessary orders.

b Members of a team may spot for and coach each other, but no other person is allowed to accompany it on the course, or to give advice or instructions on the firing point.

c The members of a team may assist each other over obstacles, but each competitor must carry his firearm and equipment over the whole course, and his ammunition until he has fired it.

d Each competitor must complete the competition in possession of all articles of dress and equipment with which he started; he must only receive assistance in recovering such articles from a member of his team.

e Any infringement of (b) to (d) above will involve the disallowance of the score of the competitor concerned or of the whole team.

**SECTION 65 – CIVILIAN SERVICE RIFLE/PRACTICAL RIFLE**

387 Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle competitions will be conducted in accordance with the NRA Civilian Service Rifle and Practical Rifle Handbook (published online and available on request).

388-450 *Reserved*
SECTION 66 – GALLERY RIFLE AND PISTOL COMPETITIONS
451 Gallery Rifle and Pistol competitions (including the Imperial Gallery Rifle and Pistol competitions) will be conducted in accordance with the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published separately).
452 Meeting specific Rules, Regulations and Conditions (additional to those in Part N - Competitions with Conditions and Prizes) for the Imperial Meeting Gallery Rifle and Pistol events will be published as an annex to the Gallery Rifle and Pistol entry form.

SECTION 67 – TARGET SHOTGUN COMPETITIONS
453 Target Shotgun competitions will be conducted in accordance with the NRA Target Shotgun Handbook (published separately as an online document only available in the Downloads section of the NRA website).

454-500 Reserved
Section 68-70 Reserved

SECTION 71 – TIES
General
501 A tie occurs when two or more individuals or teams make the same total score in a competition including extra tie shots where applicable, and counting V bulls. Extra tie shots fired under Para 508 shall not form part of the score in an aggregate.
502 In individual competitions, unless otherwise stated in the Conditions, a tie for first place or for a trophy will be shot off and all other ties will be decided by counting out (see Para 511). In team competitions, unless otherwise stated in the Conditions, all ties will be decided by counting out.
503 A tie may be shot off on the spot, ie decided by a tie shoot at the end of a competition. If the Conditions require that a tie be shot off on the spot, any competitor who does not answer when the CRO or his authorised representative calls forward those who are eligible to tie-shoot forfeits his right to tie-shoot and may be placed below all those who answer the call-forward.
504 A tie may be shot off subsequently. During the Meeting a pink notice will be posted on the side of the results boards nearest to the rear of the NRA Offices giving the time and place of the tie shoot and stating the prize or prizes which will be decided by shooting off (see also page 359).
505 If the arrangements for a competition are such that it is impractical that a tie be shot off and likely that counting out will not resolve a tie, scores made
in other events may be used to break a tie. In that case the events to be used and the order in which they will be considered will be given in the Conditions. Scores made in other events will only be considered if counting out within the tied competition fails to resolve the tie. If more than one event is listed as a tiebreaker in the Conditions of the tied competition, the entire score made in each listed event will be considered in the order listed before applying all the counting-out rules to the first listed event and then to each of the other listed events in order.

506 When a tie remains undecided:
   a Any challenge trophy will be held for equal periods of the year.
   b Any prizes in kind will be decided by lot.
   c Any money prizes will be equally divided but no prize will be awarded of less than the lowest value stated in the Conditions.
   d Prizes of the lowest value will be given when the share amounts to a half or more of this value, but not otherwise.

Counting Out

507 In all TR, MR and F Class deliberate shoots, the total score includes the number of V bulls. Thus for example 50.8 is higher than 50.7 is higher than 49.9. Ties will be counted out as follows:

a Deliberate individual competitions where each shot is signalled separately
   i By the aggregate of the scores in each successive stage, commencing with the last.
   ii If still a tie, by the totals in order of distance commencing with the longest. In aggregates, the scores of all shoots at each distance will be added together.
   iii If still a tie, on the scores in each shoot, commencing with the longest distance and taking shoots at each distance in reverse order of firing
   iv If still a tie, by the value of each shot commencing with the last, at the longest distance, V bulls being of higher value than bulls.

b Deliberate team competitions where each shot is signalled separately
   i By the range totals in order of distance commencing with the longest.
   ii If still a tie, by the shoot totals in order of distance commencing with the longest and then in order of time commencing with the last
If still a tie, by the aggregate of the last shots of all the firers in the team, at the longest distance, followed by the aggregate of the penultimate shots, and so on in order of distance only.

c Individual and team rifle competitions not wholly deliberate
i  By the scores in each type of practice considered in the following order: fire with movement, snap-shooting, rapid, deliberate.
ii  If still a tie, by the greatest number of hits.
iii  If still a tie, by the fewest outers.
iv  If still a tie, by the fewest magpies.

d Pistol competitions at distances not exceeding 100 metres, if the procedure is not stated in the Conditions
i  By the scores at each range in order of distance commencing with the longest (but see sub-para f below).
ii  If still a tie, by the greatest number of hits.
iii  If still a tie, by the fewest number of hits which score the lowest value, in ascending order.

e  Gallery rifle competitions at distances not exceeding 100 metres
The tie-breaking procedures for GR events will be individually specified in the match conditions.

f  Service rifle and service pistol competitions (including those fired concurrently with events in the Services Skill at Arms Meetings).
The rules for counting out given in Infantry Training Volume IV, Pamphlet 20, will apply (but see sub-para c above).

g  Clay target competitions
By the value of each shot in order, commencing with the last.

h  Target shotgun events
As detailed in the NRA Target Shotgun Handbook (published separately online)

Extra Tie Shoots and Extra Tie Shots
508 When the Conditions state that competitors who make certain scores must fire an extra tie shoot or extra tie shots, a competitor making such a score must at once inform the RO. In competitions other than deliberate, he will fire again, including sighting shots (if any) as stated in the Conditions, in the presence of the RO or someone nominated by him. Extra tie shoots or extra tie shots shall not be fired by those making a lower score than one already known to have been made. Extra tie shoots and extra tie shots must be recorded on the original ticket, with the signature of the RO or other witness.
The order of merit of competitors with the same original score will be decided as in Para 507 (including extra tie shots) and Para 510 if necessary.

Tie Shoots

510 A tie shoot will be conducted as follows:

a **In deliberate rifle competitions**
   i When the number of competitors is more than twelve, by firing one convertible sighting shot and five shots to count at the longest or only distance of the competition, repeating if necessary until the number of competitors is reduced to twelve or fewer, then as in (ii) below.
   
   ii When the number of competitors is twelve or fewer by firing one convertible sighting shot and five shots to count at the longest or only distance of the competition. Competitors who still tie will then fire single shots until the tie is decided.

   In (i) competitors may be squadded two or three to a target, and must be resquadded as the tie progresses so that either all competitors shoot in pairs/threes or all competitors shoot singly. In (ii) each competitor must have a separate target.

b **In rifle competitions, not wholly deliberate**
   i By firing again through the longest distance rapid practice of the competition, including sighting shots (if any).
   
   ii Ties in single practice timed shots will be resolved by reshooting the whole practice, including sighting shots (if any).
   
   iii By repeating this as may be necessary until the tie is decided.

c **In pistol competitions**
   i By firing one string at the longest distance of the competition and in the shortest time limit for this distance, under the same conditions as the competition.
   
   ii By repeating this as may be necessary until the tie is decided.

d **In gallery rifle competitions**

The tie-shoot procedures for GR events will be individually specified in the match conditions.

e **Nominees**

The Shooting Committee will make special rules should a person have to shoot off a tie in more than one capacity.

511 a The procedure in Para 510 will be carried out only as far as is necessary to determine the winner and those lower places that the Conditions specify must be shot off.
b All participants in a tie-shoot will be placed in accordance with the score they actually make in the tie-shoot.
c The order of merit for places not decided in the course of a tie-shoot will be decided in accordance with the count-back rules at Para 507 above, but including shots fired in the tie-shoot as if they were part of the last shoot at the longest distance (thus anyone actually firing in the tie-shoot will place above anyone not doing so by virtue of the extra points made).

512-540 Reserved
Section 72-75 Reserved
SECTION 76

541 In a case of expulsion under Paras 544, particulars of the offence and the name of the offender will be posted on the NRA notice board, on the NRA website and in the NRA Journal unless the Disciplinary Committee direct otherwise.

542 In other cases where an alleged offender appears before the Disciplinary Committee, particulars of the alleged offence and the outcome of the hearing will be posted on the NRA notice board, on the NRA website, and in the Journal as a warning to others or, to dispel rumour in the case of a “not guilty” verdict, without the name of the offender, in all circumstances unless the Disciplinary Committee direct otherwise.

In addition the Council shall have the discretion in any event to cause to be published in the NRA Journal or otherwise the identity of any person who has breached any Rules and Regulations of the NRA, the Bisley Range Regulations or those relating to safety and security, as well as particulars of the offence and of the outcome.

543 Liability of Clubs and Associations and their Officers

Any Club, Association, or other body affiliated to or otherwise under the control or direction of the NRA (“Group”) shall be subject to all of the administrative powers of the CE or Secretary General and the disciplinary processes detailed in Section 11 of the NRA Handbook which would be applicable in the case of an individual Member.

i Penalties shall be such of those penalties set out in this Section as are capable of being applied to a Group, and shall include revocation or suspension of affiliation and revocation or suspension of all or any of the privileges of affiliation.

ii In circumstances where an offence has been committed under paragraphs 544 – 547, 549 or 553 if the offence has been committed with the consent, connivance or reckless disregard of a director, manager, chairman, secretary, committee member or other officer of the Group, or a person purporting to act in any such capacity, he (as well as the Group) is guilty of the offence and liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.
Expulsion

Any member of the NRA, or of any Club or Association affiliated to the NRA:

- shoots under a false name or uses a single entry ticket other than the one issued to him;
- knowingly enters for or shoots in a competition for which he is not qualified or in a class for which he is not eligible;
- shoots more often than is permitted by the Conditions;
- uses any firearm or ammunition other than as prescribed in the Rules (Paras 148-150, 153, 154, 156-164, 172-175 and others);
- knowingly claims or accepts points which he has not made, or connives at any such conduct by another competitor (Para 308);
- knowing that the spotting disc disagrees with the value signalled, fails to inform the Range Officer (Para 316);
- intentionally fires at the wrong target or at a dummy or out of turn (Para 357);
- offers money or a bribe to a register keeper or any employee or official of the NRA (Para 363);
- knowing of any offers as in (viii) or of any attempt to defraud the NRA or any competitor, fails to report it without delay to the Secretary General (Para 363);
- fires or attempts to fire more than the number of shots allowed (Para 381 only);
- except on valid medical grounds is found to have taken any drug as described in Para 37 for which the NRA has not received a valid doctor’s certificate (Para 133);

or who at any time or place:

- forges a certificate of competence;
- is guilty of any conduct which the Council or the Disciplinary Committee may consider to be so discreditable as to justify expulsion;
- acts, whether in the course of shooting or at any other time, in such a manner as to bring the Association into disrepute;

may, on the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee, forfeit all his entrance fees, forfeit every prize won since the occurrence, be struck off the register of NRA members and
be expelled forever from the Camp and ranges or any such lesser punishment that the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee may decide is appropriate.

If struck off the register of NRA members the findings of the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee shall be communicated to the other National Governing Bodies of shooting and, to the extent required by law, the appropriate police force.

Breaches of Range Operating Procedures

545 Administrative actions and penalties for breaches of Safety procedures.

For the purposes of this paragraph “Safety procedures” includes, inter alia, the safety regulations of any range in use, the safety rules at Section 52 of this Handbook, equivalent rules promulgated to ensure the safe conduct of an event and the agreements between NRA and MoD under which civilians gain access to military ranges.

a A person who, being in a supervisory position whether on or off a range and whether before during or after shooting; is reported as having committed, authorised, permitted, condoned or failed to act to prevent a breach of safety procedures may

i On the order of the Secretary General be suspended to such extent as the Secretary General deems appropriate from exercising the powers of any supervisory position held (whether or not such position relates directly to the matter reported) or the privileges of membership of the NRA or affiliated Clubs until the matter has been considered by the Disciplinary Committee

ii On the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee, be excluded from NRA facilities, have supervisory qualifications suspended or revoked, have competency qualifications suspended or revoked, and be required to undergo retraining or requalification, in each case to such extent and for such duration as the Committee may decide.

b A person who, while engaged as a member of the NRA or of one of its affiliated clubs in shooting or in activities directly connected with shooting, is reported as having committed a breach of safety procedures may

i On the order of the Secretary General NRA be suspended to such extent as the Secretary General deems appropriate from exercising the privileges of membership of the NRA or
affiliated Clubs until the matter has been considered by the Disciplinary Committee

ii On the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee, be excluded from NRA facilities, have supervisory qualifications suspended or revoked, have competency qualifications suspended or revoked, and be required to undergo retraining or requalification, in each case to such extent and for such duration as the Committee may decide.

It shall be open to the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee to consider whether conduct falling within a or b above also falls within the scope of rule 544 xiii, 544 xiv, or 546 and to impose penalties accordingly.

546 Any person who:

a discharges a firearm, or is found with a loaded firearm, other than on the firing point and within the hours of shooting (or in special circumstances with the permission of the Secretary General) (Appendix II, Para 4);

b discharges a firearm accidentally, either by carelessness or owing to some defect in the firearm;

c loads or fires before the order to do so has been given (Para 115);

d acts in any way that might prove dangerous (Paras 112-119, 121, 122 and others);

e refuses to comply with any order given by a Range Officer or Butt Officer, for the due carrying out of the NRA Rules (Para 113);

f fires a practice shot before handing in the appropriate ticket (Para 813);

g is guilty of any breach of discipline, including firing on an MoD range, or Bisley ranges, without a valid Shooters’ Certification Card;

h uses any artifice to facilitate shooting contrary to the spirit of the Rules (Paras 131 and 132);

i fails to return any unused rounds from converted sighting shots or empty cases to the Range Officer immediately on conclusion of his shoot (Para 288)

may, on the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee, forfeit all his entrance fees, forfeit every prize won since the occurrence and be excluded from all further competition during the Meeting or other competition in which he is then engaged. The Disciplinary Committee may also at its discretion impose any other penalty it may see fit either in lieu of or in addition to the penalty described above. If it
shall prove impracticable to convene a meeting of the Disciplinary Committee during the continuance of the relevant competition or competitions forming a constituent part of an aggregate prize, the Meeting Director or Chairman of the Shooting Committee shall have the power to exclude such person from further competition during the relevant competition or competitions comprised in such aggregate, or for such longer period as may seem to them appropriate.

**Disallowance of Score**

547 A competitor who:

a infringes or fails to comply with any of the Rules, Regulations or Conditions applicable to a competition;

b screens himself or his firearm or allows any one else to do so (Para 210);

c when coaching is not allowed, gives or willingly receives any advice in the nature of coaching (Para 269);

d uses an incorrect firing position (Para 213)

shall, on the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee, have the last shot of the highest value deducted from his score in the competition concerned.

If, having been warned once in connection with any of the above the competitor continues to offend, his entire score in the competition concerned shall be disallowed.

548 A competitor whose score has been disallowed because he has:

a failed properly to use, complete (whether as competitor or register keeper) or hand in a ticket and has not obtained relief by paying a fine (Para 823);

b infringed certain specific Regulations (Paras 381, 382 etc)

shall have the right of appeal to the Disciplinary Committee who shall have power to revoke the penalty if there are circumstances which they consider justify such revocation or confirm the disallowance of score.

549 A competitor who is absent when required to do special duties shall, on the occurrence being proved to the satisfaction of the Disciplinary Committee, have five points deducted from his score in the competition concerned (see Paras 868 and 869) and, where necessary, his V bull count adjusted.

**Fines**

550 The Disciplinary Committee may impose a fine of up to £500.00 in lieu of or in addition to any of the penalties given in Paras 544 to 549.
PENALTIES

FEES

A competitor or team who:

- has a prize list rectified, the error being due to some ticket irregularity (Para 823c);
- notifies a ticket irregularity before the prize list is published (Para 823b);
- is allowed another ticket or computer label in lieu of one lost (Para 809);
- has the Statistical Office correct a ticket irregularity (Para 815 and 823a);

shall be required to pay a fee of £5.00.

DEPOTS

A competitor shall pay a fee of:

- £5.00 if he unsuccessfully appeals to the Disciplinary Committee (Para 359);
- £1.00 if he unsuccessfully challenges the marking (Paras 318, 319 and 332);
- £1.00 if he makes an unsuccessful claim for the rectification of a prize list (Para 893);
- £1.00 if he requires a search for a score he has made (Para 822).

Where an offence has been committed by a person who is not a member of the NRA and is not otherwise subject to the code of operation of disciplinary matters the Secretary General shall have the power to deal with the matter in accordance with paragraph f of Rule 34. If the offender does not accept liability for the alleged offence and/or does not accept the imposition of a penalty then the Secretary General shall refer the matter to the Disciplinary Committee who shall have the power to exclude the offender from entering on the Bisley camp and ranges for such period and on such terms as they see fit. The Chairman of the Disciplinary Committee shall cause to be published particulars of the offence and of the penalties imposed in the NRA Journal, on the NRA website and on the NRA notice board together with the name of the offender unless he shall see good reason not to publish such name.

Parts K-L  Reserved
Sections 77-100  Reserved
Paras 554-700  Reserved
## APPENDICES TO THE NRA RULES OF SHOOTING

### APPENDIX IV – RADIO CODE MESSAGES

The following code messages should be used for communication between Range Officers and the butts. The target number(s) will be given, followed by the message number, viz:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Message</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Raise sighting targets (Para 279).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Firing about to commence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>No spotting disc visible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Spotting disc unmistakably disagrees with signalled value. Check that the spotting disc shows the last shot and that the panel signals its correct value* (Para 316). The Range Officer is to view the target before passing the message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>A shot has been fired but no signal has been made. Examine target carefully and signal the shot, if found, or a miss* (Para 317).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Firer has challenged for a higher value for his shot. Examine the whole target and signal the correct value* (Para 319).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>It is suspected that there is a second shot on the target. Inspect the target for a second shot. If found mark and signal both shots. If not leave the spotting disc in the original hole.*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>A miss has been signalled but firer has challenged for a scoring shot. Re-examine the target carefully and signal the shot, if found, or a miss* (Para 318).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>The spotting disc appears not to have moved. Butt Officer is to consult marker and confirm that the spotting disc is in the latest shot hole. If successive shots have been very close to each other the RO to be advised accordingly*.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Marking/shooting appears to be unduly slow. Butt Officer/Range Officer to check and correct where necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Stand easy. Half-mast target.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Blow off shots are about to be fired. Ensure that all, or the specified, targets are fully lowered until Message 1 is given.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Stand easy. Lower target, patch out and put target back up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Radio the number of hits as score board figures are not clear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Firer has challenged his score. Re-examine the target and show the correct number and value of the shots* (Para 332).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The result must also be confirmed by radio.
APPENDIX V – TARGETS (See Paras 221-222)

It is intended that TR / MR target sizes will change on 1 January 2019. It is intended that new dimensions will be published by 1 January 2018.

**Bisley Target Rifle (TR) Targets**

White with circular black aiming mark.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Divisions</th>
<th>Diameter in inches</th>
<th>Long Range</th>
<th>600 yards</th>
<th>500 yards</th>
<th>400 yards</th>
<th>300 yards</th>
<th>200 yards</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aiming Mark</td>
<td></td>
<td>48</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V Bull</td>
<td></td>
<td>14.4</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>4.8</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>2.1 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bull</td>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>3.5 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inner</td>
<td></td>
<td>48</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magpie</td>
<td></td>
<td>72</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>16.5</td>
<td>10.5 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outer</td>
<td></td>
<td>96</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>16 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rectangle measuring

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Divisions</th>
<th>Diameter in inches</th>
<th>Long Range</th>
<th>600 yards</th>
<th>500 yards</th>
<th>400 yards</th>
<th>300 yards</th>
<th>200 yards</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hit</td>
<td></td>
<td>118w</td>
<td>70w</td>
<td>46w</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70h</td>
<td>60h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bisley F Class Rifle (F Class) Targets**

White with circular black aiming mark and a central white V bull.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Divisions</th>
<th>Diameter in inches</th>
<th>Long Range</th>
<th>600 yards</th>
<th>500 yards</th>
<th>400 yards</th>
<th>300 yards</th>
<th>200 yards</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aiming Mark</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V Bull</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>1 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bull</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inner</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magpie</td>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>6 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outer</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hit</td>
<td></td>
<td>72</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Notes:

a. The TR/MR V bull line will be continuous, and will be half the thickness of the other scoring rings.

b. At all ranges shots clear outside the dimensions of the ‘Hit’ region of the targets, as shown above, will count as misses.

c. At long range the F Class target will be a modified ICFRA target, with a white circle, 5” in diameter, placed in the centre of the X-ring as the F Class V bull.

Any changes in target dimensions will be determined by the Shooting Committee and ratified by Council during September, and will be applicable from 1 April following.

ISSF 300 Metre
White with circular black aiming mark.
10 ring diameter 10 cms, 9 ring 20 cms and so on to 1 ring 100 cms.
Black all inside the 5 ring (60 cms).

Gallery Targets (Services)

Type A – 500 yards
Sand coloured with a Fig 12/59 (95) in the centre as an aiming mark and circles of 300, 375, 600, 750 and 1200 mm.

Type B – 300 yards
Sand coloured with a Fig 12/59 (95) in the centre as an aiming mark and circles of 180, 225, 360, 450 and 750 mm.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scoring</th>
<th>Series A (Optic)</th>
<th>Series B (Iron)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(both types)</td>
<td>5, 4, 4, 3, and 3</td>
<td>5, 5, 4, 4, and 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Large Snapshooting (Services)
The Figure 12/59 (95) viz the top half of the Figure 11/59 (95).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bull</th>
<th>240mm diameter</th>
<th>scoring 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rest of target*</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The circle to be centred 300mm below top of target.

*Hits clear outside the lines drawn inside the edges of the target do not count.

Note: In events in which the targets are lowered when hit, a hit on any part of the target will count.
Small Snapshooting (Services)
The Figure No 12c/59 (95), 400mm high x 330mm wide, viz the top half of the
Figure No 11c/59 (95).

- Bull, 150mm diameter scoring 5
- Rest of target * scoring 4

The circle to be centred 200mm below top of target.

* Hits clear outside the lines drawn inside the edges of the target do not count.

In events in which the targets are lowered when hit, a hit on any part of the
target will count.

Sniping (Services) and McQueen (CSR and PR)

a. **Long range target.** White or sand coloured 10’ x 6’ screen with a
   Triple Figure 11/59 (95) in the centre. Hits in the 300mm circle on
   the centre target will score 5, on the remainder of the centre target
   will score 4 and anywhere on the two flank targets will score 3.

b. **Short range target.** Figure 14, about 11” high x 8” wide:
   - Bull, 4” diameter – scoring 5; Inner, rest of target – scoring 4.

c. **NRA DP 14(07) Target.**
   - At 200 yards: V bull, 1” diameter – scoring V; Bull, 4” diameter
     – scoring 5; Inner, 8” diameter – scoring 4: Magpie, rest of target –
     scoring 3.
   - At 300 yards: V bull, 4” diameter – scoring V; Bull, 6” diameter –
     scoring 5; Inner, rest of target – scoring 4.

Gallery Rifle and Pistol Targets
As specified in the NRA Gallery Rifle and Pistol Handbook (published
separately).

Cadet Rapid and Snapshooting Targets
Cadet rapid and snapshooting targets, designated Cadet 11 and Cadet 12 have
a disruptive pattern of black and sand colour, not based on the current Service
Fig 11 or Fig 12 targets. They will be pasted onto plywood veneers with
appropriate scoring circles inscribed as below:

- Cadet 11 or Cadet 12
  - Bull, 300mm scoring 5
  - Rest of target * scoring 4

*Hits clear outside the lines drawn inside the edges of the target do not count.
Close Quarter Battle (Services)

The Figure 14 Window Target. This target consists of a Figure 14 pasted on top of an inverted Figure 12 cut off at the shoulders. It may be mounted on the centre of a Fig 11 or Fig 12 veneer.

- Within the 100mm (4”) circle scoring 5
- Anywhere else on the Figure 14 scoring 5 or 4 **
- Elsewhere on the target scoring 4 or 3 **

(** the scoring rings depending on the match conditions.)

Figure No 11/59 (95) (Services)

Facing: A “Charging Man” coloured black on sand with blue ring (non-scoring)

For Rifle

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Bull, 240mm</th>
<th>inner, 300mm</th>
<th>Rest of target*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For Rifle</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For Pistol</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Hits clear outside the lines drawn inside the edges of the target do not count.

NRA DP1 Targets

Facing: A disruptive pattern of black and sand colour pasted onto a plywood veneer with appropriate scoring circles inscribed as below:

For Rifle

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Rifle</th>
<th>Series</th>
<th>Bull, 240mm</th>
<th>inner, 300mm</th>
<th>Rest of target*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For Pistol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Rifle</th>
<th>Bull, 80mm</th>
<th>inner, 160mm</th>
<th>Magpie, 300mm</th>
<th>Outer, rest of target *</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For Pistol</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>scoring 3</td>
<td>scoring 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NRA Snapshooting Targets

Facing: either the top half of a DP1 facing or (preferably) a Cadet 12 facing, pasted on to a Fig 12 veneer with a DP1 repair centre pasted on top, with the centre of the scoring rings 300mm below the top of the target.

Series

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Rifle</th>
<th>Bull, 240mm</th>
<th>inner, 300mm</th>
<th>Rest of target*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>scoring 5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>scoring 4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

} unless otherwise prescribed in the match conditions

Hits clear outside the lines drawn inside the edges of the target do not count.
APPENDIX VI – DANGEROUS AMMUNITION

Prohibitions
1. Unless the Chief Executive has given prior permission in writing, use of the following on Bisley ranges is prohibited:
   i. Tracer; incendiary; armour piercing; armour piercing incendiary (API); depleted uranium; ammunition containing any igniferous or explosive substance.
   ii. Projectiles of any construction other than lead core with gilding metal or soft iron jacket, including specifically mono-metallic bullets (ie made from a single metal) except solid lead bullets.

2. High Muzzle Energy (HME) ammunition and firearms which develop a muzzle energy exceeding 4500 Joules (3319 ft lb) are subject to special procedures (see Section 15 and Appendix VII). No ammunition which exceeds either of the following maximum allowable figures: muzzle velocity – 3281 ft/sec (1000 m/s); muzzle energy – 5160 ft lb (7000 Joules) may be used on any range. Any cases of doubt must first be cleared through the Chief Executive.

3. Downloading ammunition will not be accepted as a means to bring rounds that would otherwise exceed potential ME/MV values within limits.

Handloaded Ammunition
4. The chief danger with handloaded ammunition is that ignorant, inexperienced and irresponsible handloaders can assemble and fire ammunition that may inconvenience or endanger others as well as themselves.

5. The most usual manifestation of unsafe, as opposed to unsatisfactory, handloads is that they produce excessive pressures for the firearm in which they are used. The most common causes of high pressure are set out in Para 6 below; a list of the visible signs of high pressure appears in Para 7 below. In every case the fault is due to lack of care and commonsense on the part of the handloader.

All Ammunition
6. The most usual causes of excessive pressure are:
   a. Use of too fast-burning a powder for the application;
   b. An excessive charge of powder, often in combination with 6a above. This is by far the most common cause of dangerous pressures in handloads;
   c. Over-long cases which have not been trimmed to the recommended maximum length;
   d. Use of old or damaged cases;
Rules of Shooting - Appendices

Erroneous loading practices;

Differences in the dimensions of the chamber and throat area of a firearm may create excessively high pressures if not compatible with the cartridge in use. Such things as a bullet set further forward to engage the lead or a bullet of larger diameter than that of the chamber throat may cause this. One indication, but by no means the only one, of this particular problem is the pulling of the bullet from the cartridge case when attempting to extract an unfired cartridge. Some, but not all, of the combinations that are likely to cause this sort of problem are:

i. incorrectly assembled ammunition for the chamber dimensions in use, or

ii. incorrectly dimensioned chamber for the ammunition in use, or

iii. .308” Win commercial ammunition used in a rifle normally used only with 7.62 x 51mm NATO cartridges, or

iv. 5.56 x 45mm NATO cartridges used in a rifle chambered for .223” Remington cartridges.

7 Signs that pressures of any ammunition in any firearm exceed the sensible limit for the combination of components in use include:

a. Hard extraction; difficulty in opening the bolt. This may be due to soft or oversize cases, or to rifle factors such as a rough chamber. If it does not occur with factory ammunition, the handloads are at fault.

b. The presence, after firing, of bright marks on the case head matching extractor and ejector slots in the bolt face. These are caused by extruded material being sheared off, and often cause the difficult bolt operation noted in 7a above.

c. Heavily flattened, extruded, cratered or pierced primers. Although some rifles show these signs with factory ammunition, the indication is that pressures are grossly excessive for the combination of components used in that firearm.

d. Gas leaks around the primer. Pressures are at danger level and firing must cease immediately.

e. Complete case head failure, accompanied by loss of primer, severe gas escape and possibly firearm damage or firer injury.

8 Most of the signs set out in Para 7 apply to rifles. Service competitors using service pistols should use only the service ammunition issued, but should be aware of the signs of excessive pressure. Self loading pistols often react by
excessively violent operation and ejection, and by producing cases that are bulged near the base.

9 The responsible user of any ammunition should stop firing if he suspects that the ammunition he is using is producing dangerous pressures in his firearm.

It is in competitors’ own interests to draw the attention of the Range Officer to the continued use of apparently dangerous ammunition; the cumulative effect of cartridges producing excessive pressures can lead to firearm failure even in cases where one, or a few, have been discharged without apparent damage or danger.

**Dangerous Ammunition – Instructions for Range Officers**

10 If a firer is seen to be using one of the natures of ammunition mentioned in Paras 1 and 2 above, he is to be prevented from further firing, and the matter should at once be brought to the notice of the CRO or Range Office if no CRO is appointed.

11 Range Officers on Running Deer must ensure that all firearms in use are of an approved calibre, muzzle velocity and muzzle energy.

12 At all times, the Range Officer should, if he sees a competitor having difficulty because his ammunition is producing signs of excessive pressure (as set out in Para 7 above), or for any other reason, take the following action:

   a Stop the competitor firing any further shots;

   b Ensure, by making him wait until others on the target have completed their shoots, that the competitor does not inconvenience others;

   c Examine the competitor’s cases for signs of high pressure: if the cases show the signs of excessive pressure detailed in 7c, 7d or 7e above, the Range Officer must not allow the competitor to fire again unless he changes his ammunition;

   d Report the matter to the CRO or Range Office if no CRO is appointed.
APPENDIX VII – PROCEDURES FOR HIGH MUZZLE ENERGY (HME) FIREARMS and AMMUNITION

1. A HME firearm is one which, when firing specific ammunition, develops a muzzle energy (ME) in excess of 4500 Joules (3319 ft lb). When HME firearms are used on any constructed MoD range, or at Bisley, a special zeroing procedure agreed with MoD must be followed to ensure that:
   a. the sights are correctly set and
   b. the firer can group such that all shots will be captured by the stop butt.

2. The full zeroing procedure must be undertaken on every occasion the HME firearm is to be used at distances in excess of 200 metres except when it is to be used for an extended period of consecutive days, in which case it need only be zeroed at the beginning of the period of consecutive days.

3. Special targets must be used for this zeroing procedure, and the zeroing target of each firer must be signed by both the firer and the RCO (or Bisley Ranges Supervisor, if the Bisley Zero range is used) to confirm that the correct procedures were followed. This target must be retained for a year by the Club operating the range.

4. If HME fire will take place only at distances of 200 metres or less, the check group and certification of the target is not required, but elements of the zeroing procedure do apply. The first shot, under direction of the RCO (HME), must be observed to impact the stop butt; fall of shot must be observed until impact on the target is achieved.

5. At Bisley, the check group may be fired on the Zero Range, in which case supervision by an RCO (HME) is not required (because HME procedures do not apply on No Danger Area ranges).

6. The HME zeroing procedure is published by MoD in JSP403 Vol 1 Part 2 Chapter 2 Annex B, available online, and is reproduced below. Copies of the procedure and the special zero targets are held by the Range Office at Bisley. The procedure was extensively revised in February 2015; the procedure at Annex N of edition 5 of the NRA RCO Training Manual is no longer valid, although the principles behind it and the targets used have not changed. A separate briefing has been issued to all RCOs (HME) and their qualification remains valid notwithstanding the change.
EXTRACT FROM JSP403 - HIGH MUZZLE ENERGY PROCEDURES

1. The National Rifle Association (NRA) and MoD approved procedures below must be used on MoD ranges when civilians are shooting on constructed ranges with firearm/ammunition combinations where muzzle energy (ME) exceeds 4500 Joules. Note that:
   a. No firearm with a muzzle energy exceeding 7000J may be used on a constructed MoD range.
   b. HME procedures do not apply on No Danger Area (NDA) ranges, but the range limitations must be checked to ensure that the developed MV and ME lie within permitted values.
   c. The zeroing procedures below must be carried out: on an NDA range or a range with a stop butt that is immediately behind the target and that meets Gallery Range criteria; exceptionally, for large calibre historic or hunting rifles being used at distances of 200 metres or less only, into the zeroing butt at 100 yards on the British Sporting Rifle Club layout at Bisley.

2. The Chairman of the appropriate Club must give authorisation in writing before a shooter may use a firearm/ammunition combination generating over 4500J muzzle energy. Such authorisation will normally be given through the certification process.

3. The shooter is to check zero using the procedure described below under the supervision of an RCO who holds the NRA RCO (HME) qualification (except when checking zero on the Zero Range at Bisley, which is a NDA Range and on which supervision by an RCO (HME) is not required), as the first activity of any range session. If HME fire will be carried out from distances in excess of 200 metres, then the full procedure below is to be carried out. If HME fire will take place only from 200 metres or less, then only paras a, c, d, e and f apply:
   a. The RCO (HME) is to record in the MoD Form 906, Land Range Log, when a firearm/ammunition combination is being used which generates muzzle energy greater than 4500J.
   b. Before shooting at any distance greater than 200 metres, the shooter is to demonstrate that the firearm is correctly zeroed by firing a three shot group which must fall within the box of the issued NRA/MoD approved target at 200 metres or, at Bisley only, within the box of the appropriate HME zero card used on the Zero Range. The RCO is to confirm that the zeroing target being used is correct for the firearm/ammunition combination and for the planned subsequent activity.
c  The target is to be attached such that the target centre line is set on the target screen centre line both vertically and horizontally.

d  The shooter is to clarify to the RCO (HME) the rifle type and technique to be used to ensure a hit with the first shot.

e  Because of the increased risk of splashback with high energy bullets the butt marker is to wear safety glasses in addition to hearing protection.

f  The RCO will appoint a person to observe the initial fall of shot until the initial strike on the target screen is identified:

i  If a strike off the target screen is clearly identified the shooter may adjust and fire again.

ii  If no strike is identified the shooter is to cease fire until the weapon has been re-collimated or bore-sighted to the RCO (HME)’s satisfaction.

g  Rounds on target may be adjusted but only the three final rounds are to be counted for the group, one of which may include the final adjusting round.

h  All three rounds of the final group must be within the box before the shooter may move to a different distance.

i  The butt marker is to identify clearly and mark those shots which were used as sighting shots and which are not to be included in the qualifying group.

j  After qualification the target is to be completed and signed by the shooter and the RCO (HME) and retained by the Club for 12 months.

4  Direction is provided on the NRA/MoD approved target for sight adjustment for different distances subject to achieving a successful group.

5  The zeroing procedure is to be carried out on each day the shooter wishes to shoot unless the zeroing is for an official competition or training course where firing is carried out on consecutive days, when the procedure may be considered valid for the duration of the competition or course.

6  Once zeroed using the procedure in paragraph 3 above, the shooter may shoot under the direction of a qualified NRA RCO who need not have the HME qualification. If, in any practice, the first shot from an HME firearm misses the intended target, the firer may only continue if one of the following applies (derived from a reduced version of the exemptions in NRA rules for such an occurrence – as at 31 March 15, NRA Para 120):

a  The shot was seen to strike the stop butt, or was registered by an electronic scoring system.
b The firer identifies and rectifies a fault or error (eg left instead of right wind allowance) that would reasonably account for the miss.

c There is reasonable evidence (eg an unexplained shot on the next target) that the firer has crossfired.

d There is reasonable evidence (eg based on the advice of other firers) that the wind allowance applied was such as to account for the miss.

Appendices VIII-X  Reserved
THE IMPERIAL MEETING

M – REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE IMPERIAL MEETING

SECTION 101 – GENERAL INFORMATION INCLUDING DEFINITIONS

701 The Meeting is governed by the Council, advised by the Shooting Committee of the General Council. The management of the Meeting is delegated to the NRA professional staff. The Chief Executive shall appoint one member of staff to be the Meeting Director. Para 103 applies.

702 Suggestions may be entered in the Suggestions Book in the NRA Office.

703-710 Reserved

Units

711 The word “Unit” means one of the sub-divisions of
   a Her Majesty’s Naval, Military, or Air Forces
   b Certain cadet organisations
   c Constabulary and Police Forces

The Units recognised by the NRA for the purpose of the Meeting are given in Appendix XI.

The Shooting Committee is empowered to recognise any other Unit either for the purpose of the Meeting or for the purpose of any particular competition.

712 Any parts of a Unit may compete separately under their own names.

Counties

713 The old London County Council area (those districts having London post codes) is recognised as a geographical county.

Types of Competitors

714 a An “All Comer” includes any person capable of using the firearm allowed.
   b A “present member of HM Forces” must be a member of any rank of a Unit of HM Naval, Military, or Air Forces and must be actually serving and entitled to pay if belonging to a Regular Unit, or must be on the unit strength if belonging to a Reserve Unit. Foreign and Commonwealth Service personnel attached to Units of HM Forces for periods in excess of six months may shoot in Inter-Service matches and competitions open to Unit teams. Personnel attached for less than 6 months may shoot only in competitions open to Unit teams.
c A “Volunteer” must be at least one of:
   (i) A serving member of the RNR or RMR, (which includes RNR list 6, 7 and 8 and RMR list 2)
   (ii) A serving member of the Army Reserve (which includes Type B and C commissions and UOTC).
   (iii) A serving member of the RAuxAF or the various branches of the RAFVR.
   (iv) An adult serving member of any cadet organisation.
   NB: A Regular may not compete as a Volunteer even if he is posted to a Volunteer Unit.

d A “Member of a Rifle Club” must be a life or subscribing member of not less than three months standing of a rifle club or rifle association which has paid its affiliation fee to the NRA for the current year.

Classification of Competitors

715 Appearance on some prize lists, eligibility for certain prizes, entry to certain competitions and composition of some teams is affected by a competitor’s classification. Overseas competitors who do not have an NRA classification may apply through the Squadding Department to be classified in accordance with their home national rankings (see Appendix XVI). F Class is a discipline name, not a classification.

716 Class X
   a SR – One who has during the last three years been in the top 25 of the NRA Service Rifle Championship.
   b TR – One who has during the last three years been:
      (i) in the top 50 of HM The Queen’s Prize; or
      (ii) in the top 50 of the St George’s Prize; or
      (iii) in the top 50 of the Grand Aggregate.

717 Class A
   a SR – Not applicable.
   b TR – One who has during the last three years been:
      (i) in places 51st to 100th in HM The Queen’s Prize; or
      (ii) in places 51st to 100th in the St George’s Prize; or
      (iii) in places 51st to 200th in the Grand Aggregate.

718 Class T (Tyro)
   a SR – A present member of HM Forces who, before the present Meeting, has never been in the open prize list in any NRA competition included on the current individual’s entry form in which the firearm is given as SR.
b TR – One who, before the present Meeting, has never been in the open prize list in any competition included on the current individual’s entry form in which the firearm is given as TR, above the “Last O in”.

A person who was previously qualified as Class O, but who has not competed in the Imperial Meeting during any of the previous ten years may apply to the Shooting Committee to revert to Class T. Each case will be treated on its merits. This dispensation will never apply to anyone who was previously Class X or Class A.

A person under the age of 19 who is shooting the TR events of the Imperial Meeting with an issued L81A2 Cadet Target Rifle, and has so declared on his entry form, shall retain Class T status regardless of his placings on the prize lists.

c A prize list Reserved for Tyros does not count for the purpose of this rule.

719 Class O. One who is not Class X, Class A or Class T.

720 A Match Rifle Tyro is one who:
   a has never been Class X (TR); and
   b has never shot as a member of a GB representative F Class team; and
   c has never, before the present Meeting, appeared in the top 20 places of the Hopton, or been in the top 10 in any other MR competition included in the Hopton.

721 A Pistol Tyro is one who, before the present Meeting, has never been in the prize list in any competition included in the current entry forms in which the firearm is given as a pistol.

722 Any change in classification shall take effect from 1 August following the Meeting (subject to Appendix XVI Para 6).

723-740 Reserved
Range Staff
741 The permanent range staff are the Chief Range Officer (CRO) for each range, Deputy Chief Range Officers (DCRO) where applicable and one NRA Range Officer (RO) per range (or bay, in the case of pistol or gallery rifle ranges). The principal function of the CRO/DCRO and NRA ROs is the safe running of the range(s).

742 The competitor range staff shall consist of one (on Stickledown) or two (on Century) competitor Wing Officers (WO), and two competitor Range Officers (RO) to assist each NRA RO. The principal function of the competitor ROs is the interpretation and application of the rules on the firing point. The WO, appointed in view of his experience, will advise on the resolution of protests (Para 358).

743-750 Reserved

SECTION 102 – ENTRIES

General

751 Membership of the NRA (Life, Annual or Meeting) is a prerequisite to enter any of the competitions. Special arrangements are made for the Schools’ Veterans and Vizianagram matches.

752 A competitor must enter and shoot under his own name (see Para 544) and should use exactly the same designation as to name, full initials, rank and Unit or club on all entry forms, tickets etc, in connection with the Meeting.

753 No one may enter for or shoot in any competition in which he is ineligible to take a prize or not qualified to compete, unless specifically permitted in the conditions of that match (see Para 544).

754 Civilian competitors are not permitted to enter Service Weapon competitions. They may fire in similar matches for separate prizes (see Civilian SR).

755 No entry will be deemed to have been made until full payment of the entrance fee has been received and the appropriate membership fee, or affiliation fee in the case of a club or association, has been received for the current year. See also Para 71.

756 An entry form is only valid if it is complete, correct, signed and received in the NRA Office by the closing date on the entry form.

Refusal of Entries

757 The Council reserves the right to refuse to accept any entry, and to cancel upon repayment of entrance fees any entry which may have been accepted.
Individual Competitions

Entries for most individual competitions must be made on the relevant entry forms obtainable from the NRA Offices or from the NRA website www.nra.org.uk. The principal individual competitions in TR, MR and F Class can all be entered electronically using the online entry form on the NRA website, and competitors are encouraged to use electronic entry to the greatest possible extent. Some minor, restricted and concurrent competitions may be entered only at the NRA Offices or on the range.

A competitor is responsible for the correct and legible entry on any entry form of his name, postal address, post code, e-mail address (if available) and all details required, including his class, rank and Unit or club. The various Certificates of Qualification must be completed and signed. Where exemption from Special Duties is claimed on medical grounds a valid doctor’s certificate must be attached to the entry form by claimants under 70 years of age, unless a permanent certificate has been submitted previously.

Each competitor must enter on a separate entry form. If a competitor sends in more than one entry form he is responsible for notifying this fact on every subsequent entry form.

Age-related discounts are available for some competitions and will be indicated on the relevant entry form.

Late entries after the closing date(s) may be accepted on payment of an extra fee. The extra fee payable will depend on the date of receipt of the entry form and will be indicated on the relevant entry form.

Late entries for squadded competitions will not normally be accepted after 12:00 on the day preceding the match or matches concerned, or the first match of a staged shoot. Late entries may be accepted at the discretion of the squadding staff and only as target availability will permit.

Tickets for GR&P Unlimited events and McQueen events must be purchased on the range.

Tickets for the following ranges may be purchased in the Range Office:

a. Zero Range
b. Stickledown – practice tickets will be available where indicated in the Daily Programmes
c. Century – practice tickets will be available where indicated in the Daily Programmes

Targets are also available for hire at times indicated in the Daily Programmes on pages 357 to 374. Please book through the Range Office.

Reserved
Team Competitions

Every team shall have a captain appointed from the members of the team and who shall be identified by name on the team register, nomination card or claim ticket. Every captain of a team must, if called on so to do, produce evidence to the satisfaction of the Shooting Committee that he has been appointed by competent authority.

No one may be a member of more than one team in the same competition.

An entry for a team competition must be made by or on behalf of the captain of the team on the team entry form.

Entries for squadded team competitions must be made, by post or in person at the NRA Office, no later than 12:00 two days before events are due to be shot, except for the FW Jones and the Parting Shot, which may be entered up to 12:00 on the day before the competition. Concurrent team matches may be entered at any time up to the commencement of the first event forming part of the match. Entries for concurrent team competitions will only be accepted if the index number of each competitor concerned is entered on the team nomination or team claim card, as appropriate.

Late entries in team competitions will only be accepted on payment of 25% extra, and only if range space and range staff permit. In this case paid markers may not be available. No refund will be allowable in this event.

Schools Competitions

Entries for the Schools’ Meeting must be made on the appropriate entry form. The lastest date for submission of entries will be promulgated with the entry forms and on the NRA website. All queries should be addressed to schools@nra.org.uk.

Other Competitions

Entries for unlimited entry competitions are made on the respective range. Entries for other competitions not on an individual or team entry form must be made at the Front Counter in the NRA Office before the time stated in the Conditions.

Refund of Entrance Fees

Entrance fees for individual and team competitions will be refunded after the Meeting, subject to the cancellation fee detailed on the competition entry form for:

- a single entry competition if a claim in writing is received in advance of having been squadded. In the case of SR competitions claims must be received before the day of the match.
b competitions other than single entry if a claim is received before the register ticket has been squadded. Marker fees will not be refundable once the match has been squadded and markers booked.

In exceptional cases fees may be reduced or fully refunded.

All claims for refund of entrance fees must be accompanied by the tickets concerned together with any ammunition that was drawn.

Entry fees for Practice and Unlimiteds will not be refunded.

Reserved

SECTION 103 – AMMUNITION

All TR competitions must be shot using ammunition supplied by the NRA.

NRA ammunition will also be available for purchase on the firing point for the McQueen.

Ammunition for all other events, including practice and zero, must be supplied by the competitor and, unless limited by the conditions, may be of any type permitted by the relevant range regulations.

Reserved

SECTION 104 – TICKETS

General

The tickets issued to competitors are:

- Register tickets
- Zero and practice shot tickets
- Individual claim tickets
- Team registers
- Team nomination cards
- Team claim tickets

Register tickets for squadded competitions entered on the individual entry form are provided in the form of a book of blank tickets and a sheet of computer labels. Tickets and labels will be available for collection in the NRA Office from 14:00 on the Thursday before First Saturday, on production by the competitor of his entry receipt and his valid Shooter’s Certification Card (see Para 43). Tickets and labels for MR competitors that have not been collected by 07:30 on First Saturday will be moved to Stickledown range, where they may be obtained from the CRO again on production of a receipt and a valid
Shooter’s Certification Card. Additionally, competitors using High Muzzle Energy (HME) firearms will have to complete the HME Zeroing procedure, obtain a receipt to that effect from the Range Office, and produce that receipt to collect their tickets (see Para 168 and Appendix VII).

803 A competitor who fails to draw his tickets and/or computer labels in time to shoot at the time for which he is squadded shall forfeit his right to shoot.

804 Tickets/computer labels are endorsed “X”, “A”, “O”, “T”, “FO” or “FTR”, according to the class/discipline in which the competitor has entered. It is his responsibility to ensure the accuracy of such endorsements.

805 When there are special prizes for particular kinds of competitors, no one will be regarded as competing for these prizes unless he signs the necessary certificate or completes the appropriate claim ticket.

806 A competitor is responsible for the application of the correct computer label to his tickets.

In competitions where computer labels are not used, the competitor is responsible for the correct and legible entry in ink of:

a his name and full initials (in block letters),
b his computer index number,
c his rank and Unit or club (see Para 752),
d his squadding details,
e his signature on any certificate which will entitle him to compete for any special prizes.

807 Any alteration of the squadding or index number invalidates a ticket, unless the alteration is initialled by or on behalf of the Squadding Department.

808 Tickets or labels for single entry competitions are not transferable. A competitor who uses any such ticket or label other than the one issued to him will be liable to expulsion (Para 544).

809 Should a competitor lose a single entry ticket or label he should report the loss to the NRA Office where another may be issued, on payment of a fee of £5.00 per application, provided that the competition has not yet started.

810 After a final prize list has been published, a competitor may buy his ticket for 50p, once a photocopy has been made and retained.

Register Tickets

811 Register tickets are required in order to shoot in any individual competition or stage of such competition, or in a tie shoot. Register tickets have three functions:

a In competitions where ammunition is issued, they give authority to the competitor to draw ammunition, and to the ammunition point staff to issue it.
They give authority to an RO to permit a competitor to fire. Subject to Para 267 that authority is strictly limited to the time and target indicated (see Paras 341-343).

They are the means by which a register keeper records a competitor’s score for processing by Stats.

Once a competitor has drawn ammunition or commenced firing his register ticket is NRA property and, immediately on completion of his shoot (even if the competitor retires (Paras 821 and 275)), must be handed to the RO who should then clip the ticket in front of the competitor.

Zero and practice shot tickets and ammunition vouchers are register tickets in that they are an authority to draw ammunition and/or fire, but nothing need be written on them.

**Individual Claim Tickets**

These are used by a competitor to claim a score or scores already recorded on register tickets. They are used for some aggregates and concurrent competitions. They may not be handed to a register keeper. In TR, MR and F Class, most aggregate and concurrent scores are processed electronically and do not require action from the competitor after the entry is made. An individual claim ticket will be issued at time of entry for those competitions in which it is required.

**Team Registers**

These are used in all team competitions shot separately. They will be issued in the NRA Office together with any special duty or marking cards (see Appendix XII) on production of the receipted copy of the team entry form. Team captains are responsible for filling in all the required details, signing any required certificate (see Paras 344 and 378) and for handing them in to the RO immediately on completion of the shoot. An incorrectly completed team register will only be accepted by Stats on payment of a fee of £5.00.

**Team Nomination Cards (TR and MR)**

Team nomination cards identify the team members for all concurrent TR and MR team competitions. The team captain is responsible for ensuring that full details of his team members, including full initials and competitor index numbers, are completed correctly and handed in before the start of the first match which comprises the competition or aggregate.

**Team Claim Tickets (not TR or MR)**

These are used in all team competitions in which the scores made in other competitions by the members of a team count also for the team. They will
be issued in the NRA Office, on production of the receipted copy of the team entry form, or when purchased at the Front Counter.

818 A team captain must fill in the names, index numbers etc of his nominated team, in ink, and get the ticket stamped at the Front Counter before the first shoot starts. A photocopy of the card will be retained. He must later fill in the scores etc and hand in the ticket as in Paras 820 and 821.

819 Reserved

Filling in and Handing in Claim Tickets

820 A competitor or team captain is responsible for his claim ticket or team claim ticket being correctly filled in with all required details, including the scores and their aggregates, and for signing the certificate.

A competitor claiming a score less than his true score may be credited with such lower score as was claimed, and a competitor claiming a score higher than his true score may be dealt with under Rule 544.

821 Claim tickets and team claim tickets may be handed in on the firing point on completion of the last shoot concerned. Alternatively, they must be placed in the claim ticket box mounted beside the Stats Portacabin at the rear of the NRA Offices by 08:30 on the next day after finishing the last competition concerned, unless otherwise stated in the Conditions. Team claim tickets may be compared with the photocopy made and retained by the NRA.

Competitors should always hand in claim tickets, even if marked “retired”, as failure to do so may result in fewer prizes being awarded.

822 A competitor desiring official information of a score he has made must apply at the NRA Office and pay a search fee of £1.00 in respect of each such score. The NRA does not undertake to give this information earlier than eight hours after the request, not including closed office hours.

Irregularities

823 The score will be disallowed on any type of ticket which is improperly used or is not properly completed, unless:

a the error or omission is corrected in the Stats Office, subject to a fee of £5.00 if the competitor appears in the prize list; or

b the competitor notifies the Stats staff in writing of the error or omission and pays a fee of £5.00 before the prize list is final (see Para 890); or

c the competitor claims to have the prize list rectified (Para 893) and pays a fee of £5.00 (in addition to forfeiting the deposit).

This rule does not apply when the score is liable to be disallowed under some other rule, or if the ticket has not been properly handed to the RO immediately on completion of the shoot (see Paras 812 and 343).
824 The score will be disallowed on any type of ticket not handed in within the applicable time limit unless it is handed in by 13:00 the day following, in which case a fine of £5.00 will be payable.

825-850 Reserved

SECTION 105 – SQUADDING

Individual Squadded Competitions
851 A competitor’s squadding is normally indicated on a computer label. In competitions not squadded by computer, the actual squadding is ascertained from the squadding table provided in each competitor’s envelope and should be inserted in the spaces provided on the ticket, e.g.

Squadding No 23D on Century would be

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>09:15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

852 The target number corresponding to each letter will be shown on a blackboard at the RO’s table on each range.

853 Competitors will normally be squadded in threes (see Para 267).

854 All squadded competitions are single entry.

Individual Unsquadded Competitions
855 The squadding is not given on the register ticket and a competitor may shoot at any time when targets are available.

856 The competitor must write his computer index number, name etc on his ticket (see Para 806) and hand it to the RO who will squad him to a target in his turn. Once a competitor has submitted his card for squadding, he must shoot in accordance with the ROs allocation. Failure to do so will lead to the card being passed to Stats with a zero score.

Individual Competitions Shot Concurrently
857 When competitions are required or permitted to be shot concurrently:

a Any register tickets not already squadded must be handed to the RO for squadding before commencing to fire,

b All register tickets must be given to and be filled in by the register keeper (see Paras 341-343),

c Claim tickets must be filled in by the competitor and be handed in by him in accordance with Para 821,

d Register tickets must be signed and handed to the RO immediately on completion of the shoot (see Para 812).
Not more than three register tickets may be shot concurrently. If one is a squadded competition, no other may have more shots.

If the number of shots in the competitions shot concurrently is not the same, the first sequence fired will count for the competition having the fewer shots. Further shots fired to complete the longer competition will also count as extra tie shots for the shorter one, if and as required by Para 508.

Subsequent Stages

A competition is shot for in stages when a limited number only of the competitors in one stage are entitled to shoot in a subsequent stage.

When the conditions state that a percentage of competitors will be entitled to shoot in a subsequent stage, the actual number of competitors will be rounded up to the next even number.

A competitor entitled to shoot in a subsequent stage must obtain a squadded register ticket from the NRA Office or, in the case of Queen’s III qualifiers, on range at the conclusion of Queen’s II.

Tie Shoots

When a tie has to be shot off after the close of a competition, a pink notice will be posted on the notice boards on the sides of the results boards nearest to the rear of the NRA Offices. This notice will state the time and place at which the tie shoot will be held, and giving, where possible, at least half a day’s warning (see Para 504 and page 375).

It is the responsibility of all competitors involved in a tie shoot, or likely to be involved in one, to ascertain if and/or when the tie shoot will take place and to be present for the tie shoot (see Para 504).

Tickets and ammunition will normally be issued on the firing point.

Alteration of Squadding

Any alterations found necessary will be published on the NRA notice board, and such notice will be a sufficient authority for the change.

A competitor whose squadding clashes must at once report, with all relevant tickets, to the NRA Office where he will be re-squadded if possible.

Team Competitions Shot Separately

Teams are squadded to ranges (captains then drawing for targets) or to ranges and target letters. The squadding will be published on the notice boards on the sides of the results boards nearest to the front of the NRA Offices (see Para 815).
Self Squadding
867 If any rifle competition is listed as “self squadded” competitors should go to the NRA Office and enter their names on the appropriate boards provided for this purpose. Self squadding lists for gallery rifle or pistol competitions will be available on the appropriate range. Late entrants will be able to book residual spaces on the range after the event has started.

Special Duties
868 Experienced competitors may be required to perform special duties such as competitor Range Officer or Wing Officer (see Para 742).
869 Special duties are not transferable (see Para 549).
870-880 Reserved

SECTION 106 – PRIZES
881 Prize lists
a When the Conditions state that this paragraph applies, a list will be published of the 100 top scores comprising classes X, A, O and T in proportion to the number of entries made in each class (but see sub-para b below).
b All Prize lists will be limited to 20% of the entries if less than 500. Nevertheless, all those in Class T scoring the highest possible score will be included in the list. The final list will thus be extended by the numbers so concerned. Anyone appearing in such a list will be sent, after the Meeting, a souvenir medal and any bars to which he is entitled, in addition to any other prize he may have won and irrespective of whether or not he has made an entry for the cash sweep.
c Souvenir medal prizes consist of a gold bar for first place, a silver bar for second place and bronze bars for subsequent places in addition to a silver medal for a first place or a winner of three bars, and a bronze medal for the remainder. NRA ribbon will be issued with the medal.
882 Reserved
883 In the case of gallery rifle and pistol events the appropriate medals for achieving qualifying scores may be purchased from the NRA.
884 Cash sweepstakes are shot concurrently with certain TR squadded competitions and aggregates.
75% of the entrance fees will be distributed in prizes, all of the same value, to those who have entered for this sweepstake.
The prizes will be divided between Classes X, A, O and T in proportion to the number of entries made in each of these classes.

885 **Reserved**

886 **Highest Possible Score Crosses**

Competitors who make the highest possible score in an individual squadded Historic, F Class, TR, MR, SR or CSR/PR competition or stage or in any practice or distance comprising ten or more shots of such a competition or stage are entitled to receive a souvenir HPS cross as indicated by the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of HPS made during Imperial Meeting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 or 2</td>
<td>A Bronze HPS Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 or 4</td>
<td>A Silver HPS Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 or 6</td>
<td>A Gold HPS Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 or more</td>
<td>An Enamelled HPS Cross</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In McQueen and GR&P, HPS Crosses will be awarded as specified in the Conditions.

887 Unless otherwise specified, no one will be allowed to take a prize for more than one score in any competition.

888 The Shooting Committee may (except in the Queen’s) reduce the number of prizes and/or the value of any prize except the first, should the number of entries be less than three times the number of prizes offered. Any such reduction will be notified before the competition starts.

889 Should there be only one entry in any competition no prize will be given and, if it has been shot concurrently, the entrance fee will be refunded. Should there be fewer than five entries in a team competition no second prize will be given unless otherwise stated in the match conditions.

890 A prize list or list of qualifiers for a further stage of a competition is published in the first instance on white paper, errors and omissions excepted. It is open to amendment during office hours on the day of posting and up to 13:00 on the day following posting, and then becomes final. The finalisation of a prize list is indicated by its being published on yellow paper. No further protest will be accepted after this final prize list has been published.

891 A competitor is solely responsible for calling attention to any error or omission affecting his place in a prize list, and if he fails to do so within the time allowed (Para 890) will forfeit all claim to a prize, or to a higher prize, even though an error or omission is solely on the part of the NRA.
892 No objection to a prize list may be made on the ground of inaccuracy caused by any act, neglect, error, omission or claim arising at a firing point, which should have formed the subject of a protest under Paras 347 or 358.

893 A claim for the rectification of a prize list must be made in writing within the time allowed (Para 890) and must be accompanied by a deposit of £1.00. The competitor must be prepared to attend at the NRA Office during the Meeting and/or give any particulars in writing after the Meeting to substantiate his claim as the Shooting Committee may direct.

The deposit will be forfeited if the claim is decided against the competitor, and also if the error or omission was due to any ticket irregularity (Para 823). In this case the prize list will only be rectified if he also pays a fine of £5.00.

894 Any person who notices any inaccuracy in a prize list is requested to report it in writing as soon as possible to the Stats Office.

895 All competitors winning cash prizes totalling over £20 will be paid after the Meeting by cheque. All prize totals of £20 or under will be paid by way of an NRA voucher which may be used as cash payment to the NRA for goods, membership, entry fees or other services. Vouchers are valid up to 31 July in the year following.

896 No winner may receive a prize until he has paid any fines or other monies due from him.

897 Badges and medals which will not be received at the Presentation of Prizes will be forwarded (only if requested on the individual TR and MR entry form) to the competitors concerned (along with the Prize List CD where appropriate) after the Meeting. Other prizes in kind not received at the presentation must be collected from the NRA offices.

898 Prizes won by a team will be paid or delivered to the captain of the team whose name appears on the team register or team claim ticket, or to his order. If no captain is listed then any prizes will be paid or delivered to the first named member of the team.

899 Overseas winners of prizes in kind may collect these before they leave Camp only if the relevant prize list has gone final. Note that badges and medals may not be collected (see Para 897).

900 If a competitor is awarded a prize to which he may subsequently be found not to have been entitled, he will be required to return it. If such return occurs before 30 September, the Shooting Committee may (but only if it sees fit so to do) revise the prize list even though the prizes have been distributed.

901 Any unique prizes donated by sponsors to the NRA for specific nominated competitions will only be awarded where the number of entries in the competition concerned is considered appropriate and as agreed with the sponsor. Where the unique prize is a firearm (or a component thereof) a valid
firearm certificate must be produced before the prize may be collected. If, for any reason, a prize promised by a sponsor is not subsequently received for presentation the NRA shall not be liable for providing the prize promised by the sponsor nor any other prize in lieu.

902 Any queries in connection with prizes must be made by 31 March in the year following the publication of the prize list. No queries will be entertained after this date nor may any prizes be claimed after this date.

903 The description of medals etc, as gold and silver refers to the colour rather than to the actual metal, unless shown as (HM) ie hallmarked.

**Presentation of Prizes**

904 Only the following are entitled to receive their prizes at the Presentation during which the Gold Medal for Her Majesty The Queen’s Prize is presented:

- a The winner of any challenge trophy;
- b The winner of the first prize, if in kind or of £40 or more in cash, in any competition other than an unlimited or concurrent one;
- c The winner of the Silver Cross in the Grand Aggregate;
- d The second and third in HM The Queen’s Prize;
- e The winners of the First and Second Stages in HM The Queen’s Prize;
- f The winners of the First and Second Stages in the St George’s.

Subsidiary presentations may be held as authorised by Council and as notified in the Daily Programme at Part P. During such presentations, prizes additional to those at a and b above may be presented at the discretion of the Meeting Director.

905 All who intend to receive their prizes at the Presentation must report in person to the officer in charge in the prizewinners’ enclosure a quarter of an hour before the time fixed for the Presentation.

906 Present members of HM Forces are required to wear uniform to receive a prize open only to present members. All others receiving a prize are requested to wear a blazer or jacket and tie.

**Challenge Trophies**

907 A challenge trophy may not be removed from the Exhibition of Trophies before the Presentation of Prizes without the written authority of the Head of Shooting and Training.

908 A challenge trophy may be held for a year by the individual winner or by the captain of the winning team, subject to the conditions below, in which the word “winner” includes both the above.
Before taking away a challenge trophy the winner will be required to give a receipt for it and an undertaking, together with such guarantee as the Council may require, to provide for its safe custody and to return it in as good condition as that in which he received it or to be answerable for any cost to which the NRA may be put for its complete restoration.

Challenge trophies may not be taken out of the United Kingdom without the knowledge and approval of the Council. Such approval will not normally be given to present members of HM Forces.

The winner may transfer the custody of his trophy to some appropriate person, such as the CO of his Unit or Depot, but if he does so, he must inform the Head of Shooting and Training and provide him with a receipt from the person who has assumed responsibility for the trophy.

A winner who is unable to attend the Presentation of Prizes but wishes to take away his trophy must notify the Head of Shooting and Competitions and sign the certificate required by Para 909. He may then be given written authority to remove the trophy from the Exhibition.

A winner who wishes to receive his trophy at the Presentation of Prizes but not to take it away must notify the Head of Shooting and Training and leave the trophy in NRA custody in the place provided.

A winner who wishes his trophy forwarded must inform the Head of Shooting and Training in writing, when it may be sent at the winner’s expense.

The NRA undertakes the insurance (to a maximum £5,000 limit per trophy) and engraving of all challenge trophies free of any charge to the winner.

An immediate report must be made to the NRA should a trophy be lost or damaged. In the event of loss by a competitor any replacement value exceeding the £5,000 limit must be met by the competitor.

All challenge trophies must be returned (carriage paid) to reach the NRA Office by 1 May in the year following that in which they were won, or at such earlier time as may be requested by the Trophies Officer.

Trophies will not be available for collection after 31 December in the year in which they were won.

All engraving of all trophies will be arranged by the NRA and must not be arranged by competitors themselves.
APPENDICES TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE IMPERIAL MEETING

APPENDIX XI – SERVICES AND UNITS

For the purposes of competition under NRA Rules:

The Services making up Her Majesty’s Forces in the United Kingdom are:

- The Royal Navy and the Royal Marines including Regular and Reserve Forces
- The Army, including Regular and Reserve Forces
- The Royal Air Force, including Regular, Auxiliary and Reserve Forces

Equivalent Services of Commonwealth and Foreign Armed Forces are recognised.

Integrated Armed Forces (such as the Japanese Self-Defence Force) may be recognised as a “Service” on application to the Shooting Committee.

The Units recognised by the NRA (see Paras 711 and 712) are:

A – British Units

Royal Navy
- The Commands and Areas of the Royal Navy
- The Royal Naval Reserve

Royal Marines
- Royal Marines
- Royal Marines Reserve

Regular Army
- Broadly speaking the Divisions of the Regular Army as presently constituted, viz:
  - 1 (UK) Div
  - 3 (UK) Div
  - 16 Air Asslt Bde
  - 77 Bde
  - HQ Regional Command
  - HQ British Forces Germany
  - HQ Force Troops Command
  - HQ London District
  - ROW (Overseas Commands other than BFG)

Army Reserve
- The Army Reserve, including OTCs, divided as for the Regular Army

Royal Air Force
- 1 Gp
- 2 Gp
- 22 (Trg) Gp
- 38 Gp
RAF Regt
RAF Reserves

**B – Overseas Units**
Any Unit of the Armed Forces comparable to a British Unit as in A, of any Commonwealth or Foreign Country or group sanctioned by the Shooting Committee.

**C – Cadet Forces.**
Any home or overseas cadet organisation sanctioned by the Shooting Committee.

**D – Constabulary and Police Units.**
Any separate Force of home or overseas Police, or a combined team from the Police of an area as sanctioned by the Shooting Committee.

**Notes**
1. In all cases any parts of a Service or Unit may compete as such separately under their own names (e.g., ‘Regular Army’, ‘HMS Dragon’, ‘2 SCOTS’, ‘617 Sqn’) and unit-level teams may also be formed by Branch or cap badge (e.g., ‘Flying’ or ‘REME’).
2. All ranks posted or attached within the establishment, including trainees and holdees, are eligible to shoot for the Units concerned.
3. In accordance with JSP 660 Part 1 Ch2 Annex A Column (a) block 3 the following Reserves are excluded from representing a Service or service Unit: RNR list 6, 7A and 8; RMR list 2; Army Reserve Gp B and C; RAF (Civilian Component) and RAFVR(T). Such Reserves may compete individually as Volunteers.

**APPENDIX XII – MARKERS AT THE IMPERIAL MEETING**
1. It is expected that markers will be provided for all competitions, both individual and team. In the event that not enough markers are available, however, competitors will be required to mark or do other duties as a condition of entry.
2. An individual entrant must undertake to mark (unless he is exempt by reason of age or disability) or do similar duty, if and when required, on any day on which he enters for a squadded competition. (Paras 549 and 550).
In this case he will receive marking tickets telling him when and where he is required to mark.
A marking ticket (other than one for special duties) may be transferred to a competent substitute not under the age of 15 but the competitor remains responsible.

3 A team captain must undertake to provide, if required, a nominated quota of markers, etc. In this case he will receive with the team register a marking card for each target to be marked.

4 In the event that marking by competitors is required appropriate refunds will be made.

**APPENDIX XIII – STANDARD NRA PRIZE LISTS**

**Prize List A**
First Prize £40.00; Second Prize £20.00; Third Prize £10.00.
Para 881 applies.

**Prize List B**
First Prize £20.00; Second Prize £15.00; Third Prize £10.00.
Para 881 applies.

**Prize List C**
First Prize £10.00 and a Gold Medal; Second Prize Silver Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 8; Third Prize Bronze Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 20.
Para 881b applies.

**Prize List D**
First Prize Gold Medal; Second Prize Silver Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 8; Third Prize Bronze Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 20.

**Prize List E**
First Prize £10.00; Second Prize £6.00; Third Prize £4.00.
Additionally the top 25% of competitors will receive a NRA Skilled Shot Certificate.

**Prize List F**
First Prize Gold Medal; Second Prize Silver Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 8; Third Prize Bronze Medal, but only if the number of competitors exceeds 20.
Para 881b applies.
APPENDIX XIV – RULES OF THE ELCHO CHALLENGE SHIELD

(Amended in 2016)

1  An annual International Rifle Match shall take place between England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales.

2  The competitors shall be eight in number on behalf of each nationality, together with two reserve men to each team.

3  a  The test of nationality shall be either:
    i  Country of birth, or
    ii Descent from parents or grandparents who were qualified by country of birth, or
    iii Country of residence for a continuous period of not less than five years immediately preceding the date of the match.

     b  A person who has been a member of a team of one of the nationalities specified in Rule 1 in the National Match or in any match under the direction or control of the NRA shall not thereafter be eligible to shoot for another nationality in the Elcho Match.

     c  A person who has been a team member for a particular country under the rules in force at that time shall remain qualified to shoot for that country in perpetuity.

4  The match shall be shot every year at the annual meeting of the National Rifle Association.

5  The English Eight Club, the Irish Rifle Club (Bisley), the National Rifle Club of Scotland and the Welsh Rifle Association shall each elect a captain who shall be responsible on behalf of his nationality for the conduct of all arrangements and correspondence relating to the conduct of the match, and for the selection of the team to represent his nationality in the match each year. Each nationality shall be responsible for advising the other nationalities and the National Rifle Association of their current captain. Each captain may nominate a substitute to replace him in case of his temporary inability to act and shall appoint an adjutant to assist him in the performance of his duties.

6  The Elcho Challenge Shield shall be the prize annually shot for in the International Match. It shall be kept in some conspicuous place in the country represented by the winning team. Each member of the winning team, runner-up and third-placed teams shall be presented with a miniature of the Elcho Shield.

7  An umpire for the match shall be previously agreed upon by the four captains.

8  New regulations for the match may be made, and existing regulations may be amended or cancelled with the unanimous consent of the four captains, subject to the approval of the Council of the National Rifle Association.
9 The ranges shall be 1,000, 1,100 and 1,200 yards, each competitor to fire 15 shots at each of the above distances. The targets used shall be those prescribed by the Regulations of the National Rifle Association at the date of the match. The rifles used shall conform to the Regulations laid down by the National Rifle Association for Match Rifle competitions. No practice or sighting shots will be allowed.

10 On the day of the match and during its progress no competitor in the match shall fire with the MR at any distance whatever except in the match, nor before its commencement shall he fire with any rifle at any distance longer than 600 yards, nor shall he use any rifle which has been fired on that day by any person at any distance longer than 600 yards.

a In the case of a competitor’s rifle becoming unserviceable from an accident (which must be verified by the umpire) he shall be permitted to change his rifle for another conforming to the above conditions, and

b triggers may be weighed at the discretion of the CRO.

11 Should a competitor, after having commenced firing in the match, be prevented from continuing to fire by any cause (other than as above provided) acknowledged by the four captains to be both imperative and unforeseen, the captain of his team may appoint one of the reserve men as a substitute (who must in all respects conform to the regulations for the match) to fire in the place of the retiring competitor and to take up the firing at the stage at which such competitor desisted. The substitute may use the rifle of the retiring competitor or any other rifle permitted by the regulations. He shall be held to be a member of the team in place of the retiring member.

12 Where not otherwise stated the match shall be governed by the rules of the National Rifle Association.
APPENDIX XV – RULES OF THE NATIONAL CHALLENGE TROPHY

Ordered by the Council of the National Match

(Revised in 2015)

1 There shall be an annual match known as the National Match between English, Irish, Scottish and Welsh teams.

2 There shall be one team for each of the nationalities. Each team may include a captain, adjutant, main coach, up to five coaches and up to five reserves and shall include twenty shooting members up to a maximum of 33 members.

3 a The test of nationality shall be either:
   i Country of birth, or
   ii Descent from parents or grandparents who were qualified by country of birth, or
   iii Country of residence for a continuous period of not less than five years immediately preceding the date of the match.

b A person who has been a member of a team of one of the nationalities specified in Rule 1 in the National Match or in any match under the direction or control of the NRA shall not thereafter be eligible to shoot for another nationality in the National Match.

c A person who has been a member of a team which has shot against any nationality for which he is qualified to shoot under paragraph a of this rule or against Great Britain, in any match under the direction or control of the NRA, may not be a member of a team in the National Match during the following two and a half years.

d A person may not be a member of a team in the National Match in any year in which he is a member of an officially accredited overseas team.

e A person who has been a team member for a particular country under the rules in force at that time shall remain qualified to shoot for that country in perpetuity.

f Participation in the NRA Cadet International Match or any cadet competition does not count for the purposes of Rules 3(b) or 3(c).

4 The National Match shall normally take place at the Annual Meeting of the National Rifle Association at Bisley, but every fourth year it may be held at another venue within the United Kingdom determined by each nationality in alphabetical order, ie England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales starting with Scotland in the year 2008. If that nationality cannot hold the match, the next nationality in the rota will organise the match away from Bisley. The Council of the XX Club of the nationality whose turn it is to organise the match away from Bisley shall notify in writing the other XX Clubs and the NRA not later than 15
October following the last match of the date and place in the United Kingdom of the match for the ensuing year.

5  a  All matters concerning the National Match, not by these Rules placed within the province of the team captains, shall be in the charge and control of the Council of the National Match. The Council shall consist of a President and the captain and two other representatives of each nationality. The President of the Council shall be appointed for one year by each country in turn in the alphabetical order – England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales.

b  The Council shall elect an Honorary Secretary, who need not be a member of the Council, to serve for such a period as the Council shall determine.

c  A Meeting of the Council may be convened at any time by the Honorary Secretary at the request of the President or of any of the captains. Any such Meeting shall be summoned by at least 14 days’ notice in writing to every member of the Council. Such notice shall specify the place, day and hour of the Meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted.

Length of such notice may be reduced at the discretion of the President if the urgency of the business to be discussed in his opinion so requires.

d  At all Meetings of the Council every member shall be entitled to one vote upon every question raised. In the case of equality of votes the President shall have a second or casting vote. In the absence of the President the members present shall elect one of their members to act as Chairman. A Chairman so elected shall in the event of equality of votes have a second or casting vote.

e  The quorum at all meetings of the Council shall be seven.

6  The XX Club Council of each nationality shall in such manner and for such term of office as it may think fit elect or cause to be elected the captain of the team of its own nationality and its other representatives on the Council of the National Match.

7  a  In the event of the match being held elsewhere than at Bisley the captain of the team in whose country the match is to be held shall be responsible in consultation with the other captains, for all arrangements in connection with the match.

b  Each captain shall be responsible for all matters in connection with his team including the selection and conduct of its members and he
shall have the absolute control of his team in all matters relating to the Match.

c Each captain shall nominate an Adjutant who shall deputise for him in the event of circumstances preventing him from fulfilling any of the duties of his office.

d Each captain shall appoint an umpire unless the captains of all competing teams agree to appoint one umpire only.

8 The following conditions shall apply to the National Match:

a The rules of the NRA current for the year of the match as to ranges, targets, firearms, scoring and position for the first stage of the Queen’s Prize shall normally apply.

b At each range the number of shots shall be seven with one convertible sighter.

c Unless the captains of all competing teams otherwise agree only such ammunition as issued at the Meeting where the match is held shall be used.

d There may be check-register keepers at each firing point.

e In all matters not provided for by these Rules the current Rules of the NRA shall apply.

9 These Rules may be revoked, added to or altered by a majority of at least two-thirds of the members of the Council present at any Meeting of the Council held at Bisley during the NRA Meeting and summoned by at least 28 days’ notice in writing to all members of the Council specifying the intention to propose the revocation, addition or alteration together with full particulars thereof, Rule 5e shall apply to any such Meeting.

By order of the Council of the National Match.

For clarification the XX Club Councils referred to in Para 6 above refer to the Councils of the English Twenty Club, the Irish Rifle Club (Bisley), the Scottish Rifle Association and the Welsh Rifle Association.
APPENDIX XVI – CLASSIFICATION OF OVERSEAS COMPETITORS AND OVERSEAS BADGES

1 Unless excepted under 2-5 below, overseas competitors will be entered in the highest class applicable to the relevant discipline.

2 Overseas competitors who have an NRA Classification (ie have shot at least one of the relevant classification events in the past three years) must compete in accordance with that Classification, subject to 3 and 5 below.

3 Overseas competitors may only shoot in class T if they are under 25 on the last day of the Meeting, are not a member of an adult national squad, would be entitled to class T under NRA rules for home competitors and can demonstrate entitlement to the equivalent of class T in their own national classification system or by reference to verifiable performance in formal competition if their country does not have an equivalent of class T.

4 Overseas competitors who are not members of an adult senior national squad and who do not have an NRA classification may request to be classed in accordance with their own national classification of which proof will be required and must be forwarded along with the individual entry form or by 1 July if entering online. They will be allocated the NRA classification which best represents the equivalent skill level of their national classification. Such competitors from a country which does not have a classification system may submit any verifiable scores shot in a formal competition for consideration. The Squadding Department will award an NRA classification valid for the Meeting being entered only, using its best judgement as to the appropriate class. When allocating a class in accordance with this paragraph, paragraph 3 above will apply.

5 Overseas team captains must declare, at the time of entry, all members of the squad from which any adult senior national representative team will be drawn. Captains may request at the time of entry that such squad members be classed in accordance with their own national classification, or by reference to verifiable performance in formal competition if no national classification scheme exists. If such a request is made, it must be on behalf of the entire squad. Proof of such national classification or verifiable performance will be required and must be forwarded along with the squad’s entry forms or by 1 July if entering online. A squad member will be placed in the higher of his earned NRA classification (if any) and the NRA classification equivalent to his national classification or verifiable performance. For squad members, any uncertainty as to classification will be resolved by placing the competitor in the higher class. If no request as to national classification is made, Paras 1 and 2 will apply. Para 3 applies regardless.
6 A change of class may not be requested after the first squadded competition has been shot. However, the Shooting Committee reserves the right to reclassify at any time a competitor originally classified on the basis of a national classification or verified scores.

**Overseas Badges**

7 A special badge will be given to every overseas competitor and the nominated officials of any overseas team such as the Commandant or Adjutant. An overseas competitor for this purpose is one whose permanent home is outside the UK and who has come temporarily to the UK mainly for the purpose of shooting. Badges will be issued with squadding cards. These badges are not intended for UK servicemen on overseas postings except where they are members of official overseas teams.

**APPENDIX XVII – INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFICIALS**

When on duty on the ranges:

The NRA officers and staff will wear the blue NRA staff badge.

The Chief Range Officers and their deputies, if any, will wear an inscribed arm band.

Competitor Wing Officers supervising more than one range will wear blue high visibility jackets labelled “WING OFFICER”.

NRA Range Officers and Butt Officers (ie those in charge of one range or butt) will wear orange high visibility jackets labelled “NRA RCO”.

Competitor Range Officers will wear yellow high visibility jackets.